AD-A239 998

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL

Monterey, California





THESIS

PART II

A DESIGN OF COMPUTER AIDED INSTRUCTIONS (CAI) FOR UNDIRECTED GRAPHS IN THE DISCRETE MATH TUTORIAL (DMT)

by

Atilla Bakan & Yavuz Bas

June 1990

Thesis Advisors:

Hefner & Shing

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

91-09647

```
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," A (currently largest labeled) in L");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," and label them with k + 1 = 1");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,4*y,"B");
outtextxy(52*x,5*y,"E");
outtextxy(58*x,4*y,"B <- 1");
outtextxy(58*x,5*y,"E <- 1");
outtextxy(22*x,4*y,"(1)");
outtextxy(8*x,15*y/2,"(1)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put the edges connecting these ");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y," vertices to A in the tree T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,4*y,"(A,B)");
outtextxy(72*x,5*y,"(A,E)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,4*y); /* add (A,B) to T */
lineto(10*x,7*y);
                           /* add (A,D) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,22*y,". Increment k and go to Step 2.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,4*y,"1");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                                                                                         outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Since L does not contain all the vertices");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," of the graph G, find all the unlabeled");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," vertices adjacent to those currently");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," having largest labeles and label them");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y," with k + 1 = 2");
                                                                            Availability Codes
                                                                              Avail and/or
                                                                       Dist
                                                                                 Special
                                      767
```

```
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,6*y,"F");
outtextxy(58*x,6*y,"F <- 2");
outtextxy(21*x,27*y/4,"(2)");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". As you see there are more than one edge");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," conneting F to those labeled with 1, so ");
outtextxy(2*x,22*y," choose one of them arbitrarily.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,6*y,"(B,F)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20^{12}x,4^{2}y), lineto(20^{12}x,7^{2}y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(20*x,7*y); /* add (B,F) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,23*y,". Increment k and go to Step 2.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,6*v,"2");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Since L does not contain all the vertices");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," of The graph G, find all the unlabeled");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," vertices adjacent to those currently");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," having largest labeles and label them");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y," with k + 1 = 3");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,7*y,"G');
outtextxy(52*x,8*y,"I");
/**************
outtextxy(58*x,7*y,"G <- 3");
outtextxy(58*x,8*y,"I <- 3");
```

```
outtextxy(16*x,10*y,"(3)");
outtextxy(26*x,27*y/4,"(3)");
   **********************
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Put the edges connecting these ");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," vertices to the vertices labeled");
outtextxy(2*x,22*y," with 2, in the tree T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,7*y,"(F,G)");
outtextxy(72*x,8*y,"(F,I)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(20*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(20*x,7*y); /* add (F,I) to T */
lineto(30*x,7*y);
                      /* add (F,G) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,23*y,". Increment k and go to Step 2.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,7*y,"3");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Since L does not contain all the vertices");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," of The graph G, find all the unlabeled");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," vertices adjacent to those currently");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," having largest labeles and label them");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y," with k + 1 = 4");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,9*y,"C");
outtextxy(52*x,10*y,"H");
outtextxy(52*x,11*y,"J");
outtextxy(58*x,9*y,"C <- 4");
outtextxy(58*x_10*y_1"i! < 4");
```

```
outtextxy(58*x,11*y,"J <- 4");
outtextxy(38*x,15*y/2,"(4)");
outtextxy(26*x,4*y,"(4)");
outtextxy(32*x,10*y,"(4)");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Put the edges connecting these ");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," vertices to the vertices labeled");
outtextxy(2*x,22*y," with 3, in the tree T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,9*y,"(G,J) (Why not");
outtextxy(72*x,19*y/2,"
                         (I,J) ?)");
outtextxy(72*x,10*y,"(G,C)");
outtextxy(72*x,11*y,"(G,H)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,4*y);
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,10*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(40*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,7*y); /* add (G,H) to T */
lineto(30*x,4*y);
                            /* add (G,C) to T */
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,10*y); /* add (G,J) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
                          ****************
outtextxy(2*x,23*y,". Increment k and go to Step 2.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,9*y,"4");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Since L does not contain all the vertices");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," of The graph G, find all the unlabeled");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," vertices adjacent to those currently");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," having largest labeles and label them");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y," with k + 1 = 5");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
```

```
outtextxy(52*x,12*y,"D");
 /******************
 outtextxy(58*x,12*y,"D <- 5");
 outtextxy(41*x,4*y,"(5)");
 /**********************
 outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Put the edges connecting this ");
 outtextxy(2*x,21*y," vertice to one of those labeled");
 outtextxy(2*x,22*y," with 4, in the tree T.");
 Pause(7*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(72*x,12*y,"(H,D)");
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(40*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,4*y);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 moveto(40*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,4*y); /* add (H,D) to T */
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 outtextxy(2*x,23*y,". Increment k and go to Step 2.");
 Pause(7*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(45*x,12*y,"5");
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /**********************************
 outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". As you see L contains all the vertices");
 outtextxy(2*x,16*y," of the graph G. This means we are done.");
 /****************
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 closegraph();
 videoinit();
}
```

/* PROGRAM : exspan6.c

AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN

DATE : Apr. 18, 1990

REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for a graph which cannot

have spanning tree.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                      /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnex(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find_t
  #define ff_name
                        name
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define GRAPH T DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
*/
/* graphic initialization variables
/********************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/*********************************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /**********************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /**********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 /**********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = Max X/80;
 y = MaxY/25:
 settext();
 /*********************************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK:
 else (
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
/*****
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
     ***********************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>> PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) {
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
  exit(0);
/* main routine that calls exer routine
/***********************
void main()
exer();
```

```
/* This routine illustrates a graph which cannot have spanning tree.
/*******************
void exer()
1
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-A,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE SPAN_6");
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"The graph in this figure does not have a spanning tree because
                   it is not");
  outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"possible to choose edges that connect all the vertices of G. In
                   particular,");
  outtextxy(2*x.4*y,"we cannot find edges of G that can be used to make a path from
                   A to D.");
  pieslice(35*x,13*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(55*x.13*y.0.359.2);
  pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(45*x,17*y,0,359,2);
  moveto(35*x,13*y); lineto(55*x,13*y);
  lineto(45*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,13*y);
  outtextxy(45*x,17*y/2,"A");
  outtextxy(33*x,13*y,"B");
  outtextxy(56*x,13*y,"C");
  outtextxy(46*x,17*y,"D");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
```

```
/* PROCRAM : qs421.c
  AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
  DATE
               : Mar. 22, 1990
  REVISED
               : Apr. 17, 1990
  DESCRIPTION: This program contains the first exercise about the
                   spanning trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with JBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC _)
                                       /* Zortech C/C+¬ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
```

#endif

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                           */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                      (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                       (void);
/* tutorial functions
                       */
static void exer
                        (void);
static void example
                          (void);
static void show_alg
                           (void);
static void step_solution
                           (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/***************************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
puts(grapherronnsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 /************************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else (
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
           *********************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) |
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break:
   default : break;
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
           **********************
/* This function sets the text default values
/*****************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
}
```

```
/*********************************
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
  char Ch;
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 1");
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Use the breadth first search algorithm to find a minimal
                      spanning tree.");
  outtextxy(2*x.3*y,"(Start at A. If there is a choice of edges select edges according
                      to");
  outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"alphabetical order.)");
  pieslice(20*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                               /* A */
  pieslice(30*x.5*y,0,359,2);
                               /* B */
  pieslice(20*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
  pieslice(30*x.13*y/2,0,359,2); /* D */
  pieslice(40*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* E */
  pieslice(30*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                               /* F */
  pieslice(40*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                               /* G */
  pieslice(50*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                               /* H */
  pieslice(40*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* I */
  pieslice(50*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* J */
  pieslice(60*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* K */
  pieslice(50*x, 11*y,0,359,2);
                                /* L */
  pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                                /* M */
  outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"A");
  outtextxy(30*x,9*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(18*x,13*y/2,"C");
  outtextxy(31*x,25*y/4,"D");
  outtextxy(41*x,13*y/2,"E");
```

```
outtextxy(28*x,8*y,"F");
outtextxy(41*x,31*y/4,"G");
outtextxy(51*x.8*y,"H");
outtextxy(38*x,19*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(51*x,37*y/4,"J");
outtextxy(60*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(48*x,11*y,"L");
outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"M");
moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(30*x,5*y); lineto(30*x,8*y);
lineto(50*x,8*y); lineto(50*x,11*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,13*y/2); lineto(40*x,13*y/2);
lineto(40*x,19*y/2); lineto(60*x,19*y/2); lineto(60*x,11*y);
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) 
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   1
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x.37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
    confirm_exit();
    break;
  default : break;
closegraph();
```

```
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
/****************************
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(64*x.5*y,"k");
 outtextxy(70*x,5*y,"L");
 outtextxy(75*x,5*y,"Label");
 outtextxy(86*x.5*y, "T");
 moveto(62*x.11*y/2); lineto(67*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(68*x,11*y/2); lineto(73*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(74*x.11*y/2); lineto(165*x/2.11*y/2);
 moveto(84*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
 /**********************
 outtextxy(70*x,6*y,"A");
 outtextxy(64*x,6*y,"0");
 outtextxy(75*x,6*y,"A <- 0");
 outtextxy(16*x,5*y,"(0)");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(70*x,7*y,"B");
 outtextxy(70*x,8*y,"C");
 outtextxy(75*x,7*y,"B <- 1");
 outtextxy(84*x,7*y,"(A,B)");
 outtextxy(31*x,5*y,"(1)");
 outtextxy(75*x,8*y,"C <- 1");
 outtextxy(84*x,8*y,"(A,C)");
 outtextxy(19*x,7*y,"(1)");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(30*x,5*y);
```

```
moveto(20*x.5*y); lineto(20*x.13*y/2);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(30*x,5*y); /* add (A, B) to T */
moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,13*y/2); /* add (A, C) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,7*y,"1");
outtextxy(70*x,9*y,"D");
outtextxy(75*x,9*y,"D <- 2");
outtextxy(84*x,9*y,"(B,D)");
outtextxy(67*x/2,25*y/4,"(2)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(30*x,13*y/2);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x.5*y); lineto(30*x,13*y/2); /* add (B, D) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,9*y,"2");
outtextxy(70*x,10*y,"E");
outtextxy(70*x,11*y,"F");
outtextxy(75*x,10*y,"E <- 3");
outtextxy(84*x,10*y,"(D,E)");
outtextxy(43*x,13*y/2,"(3)");
outtextxy(75*x,11*y,"F <- 3");
outtextxy(84*x,11*y,"(D,F)");
```

```
outtextxy(29*x,17*y/2,"(3)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x.13*y/2); lineto(30*x.8*y);
moveto(30*x,13*y/?); lineto(40*x,13*y/2);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,8*y); /* add (D, F) to T */
moveto(30*x,13*y/2); lineto(40*x,13*y/2); /* add (D, E) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y),
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,10*y,"3");
/*********************
outtextxy(70*x,12*y,"G");
outtextxy(75*x,12*y,"G <- 4");
outtextxy(84*x,12*y,"(E,G)");
outtextxy(43*x,31*y/4,"(4)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,13*y/2): lineto(40*x,8*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,13*y/2); lineto(40*x,8*y); /* add (E, G) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,12*y,"4");
/*************
outtextxy(70*x,13*y,"H");
outtextxy(70*x,14*y,"I");
outtextxy(75*x,13*y,"H < -5");
```

```
outtextxy(84*x,13*y,"(G,H)");
outtextxy(52*x,8*y,"(5)");
outtextxy(75*x,14*y,"I <- 5");
outtextxy(84*x,14*y,"(G,I)");
outtextxy(39*x,10*y,"(5)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,8*y); lineto(50*x,8*y);
moveto(40*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,19*y/2);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,8*y); lineto(50*x,8*y); /* add (G, H) to T */
moveto(40*x.8*y); lineto(40*x,19*y/2); /* add (G, I) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,13*y,"5");
outtextxy(70*x,15*y,"J");
outtextxy(75*x,15*y,"J <- 6");
outtextxy(84*x,15*y,"(H,J)");
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"(6)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,8*y); lineto(50*x,19*y/2);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,8*y); lineto(50*x,19*y/2); /* add (H, J) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,15*y,"6");
```

```
outtextxy(70*x,16*y,"K");
outtextxy(70*x,17*y,"L");
outtextxy(75*x,16*y,"K <- 7");
outtextxy(84*x,16*y,"(J,K)");
outtextxy(56*4,9*y,"(7)");
outtextxy(75*x,17*y,"L <- 7");
outtextxy(84*x,17*y,"(J,L)");
outtextxy(49*x,23*y/2,"(7)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x.19*y/2); lineto(60*x,19*y/2);
moveto(50*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
mov to(50*x.19*y/2); lineto(60*x,19*y/2); /* and (J, K) to T */
moveto(50*x.19*y/2); lineto(50*x.11*y); /* add (J, L) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,16*y,"7");
/***********
outtextxy(70*x,18*y,"M");
outtextxy(75*x.18*y."M < -8");
outtextx_y(84*x,18*y,"(K,M)");
outtextxy(56*x,23*y/2,"(8)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(60*x.19*y/2); lineto(60*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(60*x.19*y/2); lineto(50*x.11*y); /* add (K, M) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(64*x,18*y,"8");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(65*x,2()*y,"We are done.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,17*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2):
setcolor(forecolor);
/************************
pieslice(20*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* A */ /* re lraw the graph */
pieslice(30*x.5*y.0.359.2); /* B */
pieslice(20*x.13*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(30*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* D */
pieslice(4()*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(30*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                         /* F */
pieslice(40*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* G */
pieslice(50)*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                       /* H */
pieslice(40*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* I */
pieslice(50*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* J */
pieslice(60*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* K */
pieslice(50*x.11*y.0.359.2); /* L */
pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                         /* M */
  outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(30*x,9*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(18*x,13*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(31*x,25*y/4,"D");
outextxy(41*x,13*y/2,"E");
outtextxy(28*x,8*y,"F");
outtextxy(41*x,31*y/4,"G");
outtextxy(51*x,8*y,"H");
outtextxy(38*x.19*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(51*x,37*y/4,"J");
outtextxy(60*x,9*y,"K");
```

```
outtextxy(48*x,11*y,"L");
  outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"M");
  moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(30*x,5*y); lineto(30*x,8*y);
  lineto(50*x,8*y); lineto(50*x,11*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
  moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,13*y/2); lineto(40*x,13*y/2);
  lineto(40*x,19*y/2); lineto(60*x,19*y/2); lineto(60*x,11*y);
static void confirm_exit(void)
  char ch:
  outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit.");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
  outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break:
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break:
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
break;
default : break;
}
```

```
: Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
 DATE
                : Apr. 7, 1990
 REVISED
               : Apr. 7, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the second exercise about the
                  spanning trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                    /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined( ZTC )
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                       name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : qs422.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void);
static void example
                   (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                   (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm exit
                    (void);
/*****************
/* miscellaneous global variables
/*******************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
/*********************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor,
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/**********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/*********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /******************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 /*******************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
            *************************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break:
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
  default : break;
   }
 hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/******************
/* This function sets the text default values
/****************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/************************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
                                            */
/********************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine that calls exer routine
                                            */
/****************
void main()
{
exer();
```

```
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
                             *****************
static void exer(void)
  char Ch;
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 2");
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"IJse the breadth first search algorithm to find a spanning tree");
  outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"(Start at A. If there is a choice of edges select edges according
                      to");
  outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"alphabetical order.)");
  pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                                /* A */
  pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                               /* B */
  pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                                /* C */
  pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                               /* D */
  pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                                /* E */
                               /* F */
  pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                                /* G */
  pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                                /* H */
  outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
  outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"C");
  outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"D");
  outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"E");
  outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"F");
  outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"G");
  outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"H");
  moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
  lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
  lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
```

```
lineto(45*x,9*y);
moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch ();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y):
   setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
```

```
outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
    confirm_exit();
    break;
  default : break;
 }
closegraph();
```

```
/* This routine gives breadth first search spanning tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(15*x,12*y,"BREADTH FIRST SEARCH SPANNING TREE
                        ALGORITHM");
  outtextxy(2*x,13*y,"Step 1 (start with a vertex). Pick a vertex U and assign U the
                       label 0.");
  outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"Let L = { x }, T = 0, and k = 0.");
  outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Step 2 (L has n vertices). If L contains all the vertices of G,
                      then ston;");
  outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"the edges in T and the vertices in L form a spanning tree for
                      G.");
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"Step 3 (L has fewer than n vertices). If L does not contain all
                      the vertices");
  outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"of G, find the vertices not in L that are adjacent to the vertices
                      in L with");
  outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"largest label number k.If there are no such vertices,G has no
                      spanning tree.");
  outtextxy(2*x,20*y,"Otherwise, assign these newly found vertices the label k + 1
                       and put them in");
  outtextxy(2*x,21*y,"in L. For each new vertex with label k + 1, place in T one edge
                      connecting ");
  outtextxy(2*x,22*y,"this vertex to a vertex with label k. If there is more than one
                       such edge,");
  outtextxy(2*x,23*y,"choose one arbitrarily. Return to Step 2.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
}
```

```
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
static void compare_solutions(void)
{
  setcolor(backcolor);
                          /* Clean the game field */
  bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
  lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
  moveto(35*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
  moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  setlinestyle(3,0,3);
                               /* A */
  outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"(0)");
                               /* B */
  outtextxy(22*x,11*y,"(1)");
  outtextxy(56*x,5*y,"(1)");
                              /* C */
  outtextxy(36*x,13*y/2,"(1)");
                               /* E */
  outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"(2)");
                               /* D */
  outtextxy(43*x,13*y/2,"(2)");
                               /* F */
  outtextxy(36*x,19*y/2,"(2)");
                                 /* G */
  outtextxy(47*x,9*y,"(3,"):
                            /* H */
  moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
  lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
  moveto(35*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
  moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  setlinestyle(0,0,3);
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
  bar(2*x,17*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                             /* A */ /* redraw the figure */
  pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
  pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                             /* C */
  pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* D */
```

```
pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                              /* E */
pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                              /* F */
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                              /* G */
pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                              /* H */
outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"D");
outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"G");
ou"extxy(46*x,9*y,"H");
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,9*y);
moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
```

```
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(64*x,5*y,"k");
 outtextxy(70*x,5*y,"L");
 outtextxy(75*x,5*y,"Label");
 outtextxy(86*x,5*y,"T");
 moveto(62*x,11*y/2); lineto(67*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(68*x,11*y/2); lineto(73*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(74*x,11*y/2); lineto(165*x/2,11*y/2);
 moveto(84*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
 outtextxy(70*x,6*y,"A");
 outtextxy(64*x,6*y,"0");
 outtextxy(75*x,6*v,"A <- 0");
 outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"(0)");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(70*x,7*y,"B");
 outtextxy(70*x,8*y,"C");
 outtextxy(70*x,9*y,"E");
 outtextxy(75*x,7*y,"B <- 1");
 outtextxy(84*x,7*y,"(A,B)");
 outtextxy(22*x,11*y,"(1)");
 outtextxy(75*x,8*y,"C <- 1");
 outtextxy(84*x,8*y,"(A,C)");
 outtexrxy(56*x,5*y,"(1)");
 outtextxy(75*x,9*y,"E <- 1");
 outtextxy(84*x,9*y,"(A,E)");
```

```
outtextxy(36*x,13*y/2,"(1)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,11*y); /* add (A, B) to T */
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); /* add (A, C) to T */
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); /* add (A, E) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,7*y,"1");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(70*x,10*y,"D");
outtextxy(70*x,11*y,"F");
outtextxy(70*x,12*y,"G");
outtextxy(75*x,10*y,"D <- 2");
outtextxy(84*x,10*y,"(B,D)");
outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"(2)");
outtextxy(75*x,11*y,"F <- 2");
outtextxy(84*x,11*y,"(E,F)");
outtextxy(43*x,13*y/2,"(2)");
outtextxy(75*x,12*y,"G <- 2");
outtextxy(84*x,12*y,"(E,G)");
outtextxy(36*x,19*y/2,"(2)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); /* add (B, D) to T */
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,7*y); /* add (E, F) to T */
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y); /* add (E, G) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(64*x,10*y,"2");
/**********
outtextxy(70*x,13*y,"H");
outtextxy(75*x,13*y,"H <- 3");
outtextxy(84*x,13*y,"(D,H)");
outtextxy(47*x,9*y,"(3)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); /* add (D, H) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(64*x,13*y,"3");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(65*x,20*y,"We are done.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
                       /* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,17*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* A */
```

```
/* B */
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                               /* C */
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                             /* D */
pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                              /* E */
pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                              /* F */
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                               /* G */
pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                               /* H */
outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"D");
outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"G");
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"H");
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,9*y);
moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
{
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch ();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
                     {
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   default : break;
   }
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : depth.c
  AUTHOR
                : Atilla BAKAN
  DATE
                : Mar. 16, 1990
  REVISED
               : Mar. 16, 1990
  DESCRIPTION: This program contains the tutorial for depth first search
                    algoritm.
  MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                            C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include #include
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlstr.h"
#include "cxlvid.h"
#include "cxlwin.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
```

/* Zortech C/C++ */

#define ff_name

#define ff_name

#define ffblk

#elif defined(__ZTC__)

name

name

FIND

```
#define ff attrib
                        attribute
#endif
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                           */
static void add_shadow (void);
static void confirm_quit (void);
static void disp_sure_msg (void);
static void error_exit (int errnum);
static void initialize (void);
static void move_window (int nsrow, int scol);
static void normal_exit (void);
static void press_a_key (int wrow);
static void Pageup
                       (void);
static void Pagedown
                         (void);
static void pre_help
                       (void);
static void quit_window (void);
static void restore_cursor(void);
static void short_delay (void);
static void size_window (int nerow,int necol);
/* Tutorial procedures
static void complexity
                         (void);
static void depth_first (void);
static void ex_depth_1
                         (void);
static void theorem_4_8
                          (void);
static void proof_4_8
                         (void);
static void definition_4_3_1(void);
static void ex_depth_2
                         (void);
static void exercises
                        (void);
static void exerl
                      (void);
static void exer2
                      (void);
static void P1
                     (void);
```

```
static void P2
              (void);
static void P3
              (void);
static void P4
              (void);
static void P5
              (void);
static void P6
              (void);
static void P7
              (void):
static void P8
              (void);
static void P9
              (void);
/**********************
/* miscellaneous global variables
static int *savescm,crow,ccol;
static WINDOW w[10];
static char ssan[10];
/***********************
/* error message table
/****************
static char *error_text[]= {
 NULL, /* ermum = 0, no error */
 NULL, /* ermum == 1, windowing error */
  "Syntax: CXLDEMO [-switches]\n\n"
   "\t -c = CGA snow elimination\n"
   "\t -b = BIOS screen writing\n"
   "\t -m = force monochrome text attributes",
  "Memory allocation error"
};
/* miscellaneous defines
/**********************
#define SHORT_DELAY 18
#define H_WINTITLE 33
```

```
/**********************************
/* this function will add a shadow to the active window
static void add_shadow(void)
 wshadow(LGREYI_BLACK);
/* this function pops open a window and confirms that the user really
/* wants to quit the demo. If so, it terminates the demo program.
/***********************************
static void confirm_quit(void)
 struct _onkey_t *kblist;
 kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
 if(!wopen(9,26,13,55,0,WHITEL_BROWN,WHITEL_BROWN)) error_exit(1);
 add_shadow():
 wputs("\n Quit demo, are you sure? \033A\156Y\b");
 clearkeys();
 showcur();
 if(wgetchf("YN",'Y')=='Y') normal_exit();
 wclose();
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
          /* this function is called by the pull-down demo for a prompt
static void disp_sure_msg(void)
 wprints(0,2,WHITEl_BLUE,"Are you sure?");
```

```
/* this function handles abnormal termination. If it is passed an
                                                                      */
/* error code of 1, then it is a windowing system error. Otherwise
/* the error message is looked up in the error message table.
/******************************
static void error_exit(int errnum)
  if(errnum) {
    printf("\n%s\n",(errnum==1)?werrmsg():error_text[errnum]);
    exit(errnum);
1
/*********************************
/* this function initializes CXL's video, mouse, keyboard, and help systems
static void initialize(void)
  /* initialize the CXL video system and save current screen info */
  videoinit();
  readcur(&crow,&ccol);
  if((savescrn=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
  /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
  if(msinit()) {
    inssupport(MS_FULL);
    msgotoxy(12,49);
  /* attach [Alt-X] to the confirm_quit() function */
  setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
  /* attach [Ctrl Pageup] to the Pageup() function */
  setonkey(0x8400,Pageup,0);
  /* attach [Ctrl Pagedown] to the Pagedown() function */
  setonkey(0x7600,Pagedown,0);
```

```
/* initialize help system, help key = [F1] */
 whelpdef("CXLDEMO.HLP",0x3b00,YELLOWI_RED,LREDI_RED,
        WHITEI_RED,REDI_LGREY,pre_help);
}
*/
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to previous window.
static void Pageup(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle - 1);
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to next window.
/**********************************
static void Pagedown(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle + 1);
/*********************
static void pre_help(void)
 add_shadow();
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
```

```
/**********************
/* this function handles normal termination. The original screen and cursor
                                                              */
/* coordinates are restored before exiting to DOS with ERRORLEVEL 0.
/***********************
static void normal_exit(void)
 srestore(savescm);
 gotoxy_(crow,ccol);
 if(_mouse) mshidecur();
 showcui();
 exit(0);
          /* this function displays a pause message then pauses for a keypress
/*********************************
static void press_a_key(int wrow)
 register int attrl;
 register int attr2;
  attr1=(YELLOW)I((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 attr2=(LGREY)|((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
  wcenters(wrow,attr1,"Press a key");
  wprints(wrow,0,LGREYI_RED,"Pgup/Pgdn");
 hidecur();
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_quit();
  wcenters(wrow,attr1,"
 wprints(wrow.0,attr2,"
                      ");
/*********************************
/* This routine causes short dealys during execution
static void short_delay(void)
 delay_(SHORT_DELAY);
```

```
/* this function is called by the pull-down menu demo anytime
/* the selection bar moves on or off the [Q]uit menu items.
<u>/*********************************</u>
static void quit_window(void)
 static WINDOW handle=0;
 if(handle) {
   wactiv(handle);
   wclose();
   handle=0;
 1
 else {
   handle=wopen(14,41,17,70,0,YELLOWI_RED,WHITEI_RED);
   wputs(" Quit takes you back to the \n demo grogram's main menu.");
 1
}
/* shows the cursor again if it has been hidden
/**************************
static void restore_cursor(void)
 wtextattr(WHITEL MAGENTA);
 showcur();
/************************
/* enlarges or shrinks the win ws
static void size_window(int nerow,int necol)
  wsize(nerow,necol);
  short_delay();
```

```
/* moves the active window to a given screen coordinates
/**********************
static void move_window(int nsrow,int nscol)
 if(wmove(nsrow,nscol)) error_exit(1);
 short_delay();
/* this routine calls depth_first() routine whenever Pageup or Pagedovin
/* keys are pressed.
                                          */
void P1()
 wcloseall();
 depth_first();
  /* this routine calls ex_depth_1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                         */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/***********************
void P2()
1
 wcloseall();
 ex_depth_1();
/**********************
/* this routine calls ex_depth_2 routine whenever Pageup or
                                         */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P3()
 wcloseall();
 ex_depth_2();
```

```
/*********************
/* this routine calls theorem_4_8 routine whenever Pageup or
                                            */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                             */
/*****************************
void P4()
 wcloseall();
 theorem_4_8();
/* this routine calls definition_4_3_1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                            */
                                            */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P5()
1
 wcloseall();
 definition_4_3_1();
/************************
/* this routine calls complexity routine whenever Pageup or
                                             */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P6()
 wcloseall();
 complexity();
/* this routine calls exercises routine whenever Pageup or
                                            */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
<del>/***************************</del>
void P7()
 wcloseall();
 exercises();
```

```
/* this routine calls exert routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P8()
 wcloseall();
 exerl();
/* this routine calls exer2 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P9()
 wcloseall();
 exer2();
/* main routine which is calling minimal spanning tree tutorial
void main()
initialize();
depth_first();
```

```
/***********************
/* This routine calls definition, example and algorithm routines about
                                                                 */
/* depth_first_search.
/************************
static void depth_first(void)
 register int *scm;
 if((scrn=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
  cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
  /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_depth_1() function */
  setonkey(0x5100,P2,0);
    ****************************
  if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,13,54,3,LCYAN)|BLACK,BLACK|CYAN))==0)
         error exit(1);
  wtitle("[Depth First Search]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
  add_shadow();
  whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
  wputsw(" Depth First Search algorithm is one of the algorithms that"
        " are used for finding spanning trees. In this algorithm we"
        "label the vertices with consecutive integers. The underlying"
        " idea of the algorithm is:");
  press_a_key(6);
  wslide(0,0);
 if((w[2]=wopen(2,15,23,54,3,LCYAN|BLACK,BLACK|GREEN))==0)
         error_exit(1);
  wtitle("[Depth First Search]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
  add_shadow();
  whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
  wputsw(" Find the vertex that should be labeled immediately after"
         "labeling vertex V, the first vertices to consider are the"
        " ones adjacent to V. If there is an unlabeled vertex W adjacent"
        " to vertex V, W is assigned the next label number, and the"
        "process of searching for the next vertex to label is begun"
```

```
" with W. If V has no unlabeled adjacent vertices, we back up"
       " to the vertex that was labeled immediately before V and "
       " continue backing up, if necessary, until we reach a vertex"
       "having an unlabeled adjacent vertex U. Vertex U is then assigned"
       " the next label number, and the process of searching for the"
       " next vertex to label is begun with U.");
press a key(19);
wslide(0,40):
if((w[3]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI_BLACK,BLACKI_RED))==0)
        error exit(1);
wtitle("[Depth First Search]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
add shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" The formal specification of the depth_first search algorithm"
        " is as follows:"):
press_a_key(3);
short_delay();
wcloseall();
if((w[1]=wopen(0,15,24,65,3,BLACKI GREEN,BLACKI_CYAN))==0)
         error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Depth First Search Algorithm]", TCENTER, BLUEL_LGREY);
add_shadow();
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" It will label the vertices (1, ...,n)");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" Step 1 . Pick a vertex x.");
wputs("\n
             L = \{x \}  (list of vertices in the tree)");
           T = 0 (list of edges in the tree) ");
wputs("
             x < -1
wputs("\n
                                    ");
             k < -2 (counter)
                                    \n"):
wputs("\n
wputsw(" Step 2. Pick any vertex U not in L, such that U is adjacent"
       " to the vertex L with the highest label, say V. ");
             L = LU\{U\}
wputs("\n
                                       ");
```

```
");
 wputs("\n
           T = T \cup \{U,V\}
 wputs("\n
             U \leftarrow k
 wputs("\n
            k < -k + 1
                               \n");
 wputs(" Step 3. a) If all vertices are in L, stop\n");
 wputs("
           b) If not all vertices are in L \n");
 wputsw("
              1) If there exist a vertex adjacent not in L"
        " which is adjacent to a vertex in L, go to Step 2");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
              2) If no such vertex exists, stop and output"
        " that the graph is not connected.");
 press_a_key(22);
 ex_depth_1();
 srestore(scrn);
/* An example about a Depth First Search Algorithm implementation
static void ex_depth_1 (void)
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the depth_first(, lunction */
 setonkey(0x4900,P1,0);
 /**********************/
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_depth_2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P3,0);
     ************************
 if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI_BLACK,BLACK|RED))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Depth First Search - Example_4_3_1]",TCENTER,_LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs('\n
           We need to show an example !");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
```

```
spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp431.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 ex_depth_2();
/************************
/* Another example about a Depth First Search Algorithm implementation
static void ex_depth_2 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_depth_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P2,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the theorem_4_8() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P4,0);
 /**********************************
 if((w[3]=wopen(13,15,18,65,3,LCYANI_BLACK,BLACKI_RED))==0)
       error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Depth First Search - Example_4_3_2]",TCENTER,_LGREYIBROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs('\n
         Now we will show you one more example.");
 wputs("\n
          But a little bit complicated !");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp432.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 theorem_4_8();
```

wcloseall();

```
/* This routine gives the theorem_4_8 about the trees. Besides, if the user
/* wants, it gives the proof for this theorem.
                                                               */
/**********************
static void theorem 4 8(void)
 struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  /************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_depth_2() function */
  setonkey(0x4900,P3,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the definition_4_3_1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P5,0);
  /********************************
  if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,WHITEI_CYAN,REDI_BLACK))==0) error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Depth First Search]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
  whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
  wputs("\n
              We have a theorem for you! ");
 press_a_key(3);
  wclose();
  /***********************
  if((w[1]=wopen(3,4,10,71,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_LGREY))==0)
         error_exit(1);
  wtitle("[Depth First Search Algorithm - Theorem_4_8]",
        TCENTER, MAGENTAIWHITE):
  add_shadow();
  whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
  wputs("Theorem_4_8\n");
  wputsw(" Let the depth first search algorithm be applied to a graph G");
  wputsw(" (a) The edges in T and the vertices in L form a tree.");
  wputs("\n");
  wputsw(" (b) Furthermore, if G is connected, this tree is a spanning"
         " tree.");
  press_a_key(5);
```

```
/***********************
 kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
 if( mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
 if(!wopen(9,20,13,55,0,BROWNI_CYAN,REDI_BLACK)) error_exit(1);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n Do you want to see the proof? \033A\156Y\b");
 clearkeys();
 showcur();
 if(wgetchf("YN",'Y')=='Y') {
  wclose();
  proof_4_8();
 else wclose();
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
 wclose();
 definition_4_3_1();
/*********************************
/* This routine gives the proof to the theorem_4_8.
/**************************
static void proof_4_8(void)
 /***********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_depth_2() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P3,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the definition_4_3_1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P5,0);
 if((w[2]=wopen(11,4,23,71,3,LCYANI\_RED,WHITEI\_GREEN))==0)
       error_exit(1);
```

```
wtitle("|Theorem_4_8 - Proof|",TCENTER,_MAGENTAIWHITE);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" (a) By the construction process of depth first search, the"
        "edges of T and the vertices in L form a connected graph"
        "In step 3 each time an edge is selected to be placed in T,"
       " one vertex is in L and the other is not in L. Thus, this"
       " selection does not create any cycles using other edges in T."
       "Consequently, at the end of the depth_first_search algorithm"
       " the graph formed by the edges in T and the vertices in L "
       " contains no cycles and is, therefore, a tree.");
 wputs("\nThe proof of part (b) is left as an exercise.");
 press_a_key(10);
 wclose();
/*********************
/* This routine gives the definitions of the concepts related to the depth
/* first search algorithm.
static void definition_4_3_1(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the theorem_4_8() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P4,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the complexity() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P6,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,4,16,71,3,LCYANI_RED,BROWNI_CYAN))==0) error_exit(1);
  wtitle("[Definition4_3_1]",TCENTER,_MAGENTAIWHITE);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n");
  wputsw(" Let's call the tree formed by the edges in T and the vertices"
```

```
" in L (after depth first search algorithm applied) as simply T.");
 wputs("In The tree T is called a depth first search tree. In");
 wputsw(" The edges in T are called tree edges and the other edges are"
        " called back edges.");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" The labeling of the vertices is called a depth first search"
        " numbering.");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Consider the graph in the example we showed to you:");
 press_a_key(9);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp433.exe",NULL);
 cclrscrn(LGREYI_BLUE);
 complexity();
/*********************
/* This routine tells about the efficiency of the depth first search alg.
static void complexity(void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the definition_4_3_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P5,0);
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exercises() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P7,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(2,15,17,65,3,LCYANI_BLACK,WHITEI_MAGENTA))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Depth First Search - Efficiency]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" In order to analyze the complexity of the depth first search"
        " algorithm, we will regard labeling a vertex and using an edge"
```

```
" as the elementary operations. For a graph with n vertices and"
        " e edges, each vertex is labeled at most once and each edge is"
        " used at most twice, once in going from a labeled vertex to an"
        " unlabeled vertex and once in backing up to a previously labeled"
       " vertex. Hence, there will be at most");
wputs("\n
               n + 2*e \le n + 2*1/2*n*(n-1)");
wputsw(" operations, and thus this algorithm is of order at most n^2");
press_a_key(13);
wslide(0,0);
/***********************
if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,14,65,3,LCYANI_BLACK,BLACKI_CYAN))==0)
         error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Depth First Search]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" Depth first search can be used in many other ways to solve"
        " problems involving graphs and directed graphs. But at "
        " this stage we will cover only this much. Because our "
        " intention is only to give you an idea about depth first"
        " search.");
press_a_key(7);
short_delay();
wcloseall();
exercises();
```

```
/* This routine makes a small quiz about the depth first search.
/***********************
void exercises(void)
 register int *screen;
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the complexity() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P6,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P8,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Depth First Search]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" We have completed our presentation of this section. Are"
       " you ready for a pop quiz?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wclose();
 if((screen=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3); {
 exerl();
 /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
 if(msinit()) {
   mssupport(MS_FULL);
   msgotoxy(12,49);
 }
srestore(screen);
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.3.1
/***********************
static void exert(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the complexity() function
                                 */
 setonkey(0x4900,P6,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P9,0);
 /***********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Depth First Search]", TCENTER, LGREY BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
          Here is the first question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q431.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer2();
```

```
/**********************
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.3.2
/********************
static void exer2(void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P8,0);
 /********************
 if((w[1]-wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Depth First Search]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the second question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q432.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 normal_exit();
```

```
AUTHOR
              : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Apr. 18, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 18, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for depth first
                   search.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : examp431.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void ini _graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
/****************
/* graphic initialization variables
/*************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor,
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/****************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /***************
 if (graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else [
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') \parallel (ch == 'n') \parallel (ch == 'Y') \parallel (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break:
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
      bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
      setcolor(forecolor);
      break;
  default: break;
 hidecur():
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/****************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/*****************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
                                                     */
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
}
```

```
*/
/* main routine that calls exer routine
/*****************
void main()
 exer();
}
/* This routine illustrates an implementation of depth first search
/*********************************
void exer()
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-3-1");
  pieslice(5*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* A */
  pieslice(10*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* B */
  pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* G */
  pieslice(20*x,4*y,0,359,2); /* D */
  pieslice(20*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* E */
  pieslice(20*x,3*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
  pieslice(20*x,25*y/2,0,359,2); /* F */
  outtextxy(3*x,7*y,"A");
  outtextxy(36*x,7*y,"G");
  outtextxy(20*x/2,15*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"D");
  outtextxy(21*x,3*y/2,"C");
  outtextxy(20*x,19*y/2,"E");
  outtextxy(21*x,25*y/2,"F");
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(20*x,4*y);
```

```
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,10*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(20*x,10*y);
moveto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y);
outtextxy(45*x,2*y,"k");
outtextxy(48*x,2*y,"Vertex(V)");
outtextxy(62*x,3*y/2,"Adj");
outtextxy(59*x,2*y,"vertex(U)");
outtextxy(73*x,2*y,"Label");
outtextxy(82*x,2*y,"L");
outtextxy(87*x,2*y,"T");
moveto(44*x,5*y/2); lineto(47*x,5*y/2);
moveto(48*x,5*y/2); lineto(58*x,5*y/2);
moveto(59*x,5*y/2); lineto(69*x,5*y/2);
moveto(70*x,5*y/2); lineto(80*x,5*y/2);
moveto(81*x,5*y/2); lineto(84*x,5*y/2);
moveto(85*x,5*y/2); lineto(90*x,5*y/2);
outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"THE WAY WE APPLIED THE ALGORITHM");
moveto(3*x/2,29*y/2); lineto(43*x,29*y/2);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Initially pick (arbitrarily) A and");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," put it in vertex(V).");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,3*y,"A");
<del>/*********************</del>
outtextxy(2*x,17*y,". Label A with 1 (As you see, we will");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," show the label in paranthesis near");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y," the vertex.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,3*y,"A <- 1");
outtextxy(2*x,13*y/2,"(1)");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Put A in L.");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,3*y,"A");
/*********************************
outtextxy(2*x,21*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,4*y,"2");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,50*x,24*y);
bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*******************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Now pick F since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," adjacent to A (currently largest labeled).");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,4*y,"A");
outtextxy(63*x,4*y,"F");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y,". Label F with 2.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,4*y,"F <- 2");
outtextxy(19*x,13*y,"(2)");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Put F in L and put (A,F) in T.");
Pause(30*x.24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,4*y,"F");
outtextxy(85*x,4*y,"(A,F)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2); /* add (A,F) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
              outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Increment k.");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,5*y,"3");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,24*y);
bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
/******************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Now pick G since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex F.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,5*y,"F");
outtextxy(63*x,5*y,"G");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label G with 3.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,5*y,"G <- 3");
outtextxy(37*x,7*y,"(3)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put F in L and put (F,G) in T.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,5*y,"G");
outtextxy(85*x,5*y,"(F,G)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y); /* add (F,G) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,6*y,"4");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,24*y);
bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*********************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Pick C since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex G.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,6*y,"G");
outtextxy(63*x,6*y,"C");
/*******************
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label C with 4.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,6*y,"C <- 4");
outtextxy(22*x,3*y/2,"(4)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put C in L and put (G,C) in T.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,6*y,"C");
outtextxy(85*x,6*y,"(G,C)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y); /* add (G,C) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,7*y,"5");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,24*y);
```

```
bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Pick D since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex C.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,7*y,"C");
outtextxy(63*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label D with 5.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,7*y,"D <- 5");
outtextxy(19*x,5*y,"(5)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put D in L and put (C,D) in T.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(85*x,7*y,"(C,D)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(20*x,4*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(20*x,4*y); /* add (C,D) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,8*y,"6");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,24*y);
bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/*******************************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Pick B since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex D.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,8*y,"D");
outtextxy(63*x,8*y,"B");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label B with 6.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,8*y,"B <- 6");
outtextxy(8*x,27*y/4,"(6)");
/*****************
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put B in L and put (D,B) in T.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,8*y,"B");
outtextxy(85*x,8*y,"(D,B)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(10*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,4*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(10*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,4*y); /* add (D,B) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,9*y,"7");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,24*y);
bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Pick E since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex B.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxv(52*x.9*v,"B");
outtextxy(63*x,9*y,"E");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label E with 7.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,9*y,"E <- 7");
outtextxy(19*x,9*y,"(7)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put E in L and put (B,E) in T.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,9*y,"E");
outtextxy(85*x,9*y,"(B,E)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(10*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,10*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(10*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,10*y); /* add (B,E) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,24*y);
bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". At this stage as you see all vertices are");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," in L. This means we are done. The graph");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," with dashed lines is the spanning tree");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," of underlying graph G.");
              ************************
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for implementation of the depth first; earch.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmcu.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                            /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                      /* all others */
#endif
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _hios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find_t
  #define ff_name
                        name
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                         name
  #define ff_attrib
                        attribute
#endit
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                           */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                       (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                       (void);
/* tutorial functions
                       */
static void exer
                        (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
  if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
  if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
  if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherronnsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = Max X/80:
 y = Max Y/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else (
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N')))
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break:
   case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0):
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
      bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
      setcolor(forecolor);
      break:
  default : break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist);
              /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0.0.0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press a_key function for graphics screen
/*****************************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/*********************************
/* main routine that calls exer routine
/***************
void main()
 exer();
```

```
/* This routine illustrates an implementation of the depth first search.
/*****************************
void exer()
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-3-2");
                                /* A */
  pieslice(10*x,4*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(20*x,4*y,0,359,2);
                                /* B */
                               /* C */
  pieslice(30*x.4*y,0.359,2);
  pieslice(40*x.4*y,0,359,2);
                               /* D */
                               /* E */
  pieslice(10*x.7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(20*x.7*y.0.359.2);
                               /* F */
  pieslice(30*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                                /* G */
  pieslice(40*x.7*y,0,359,2);
                                /* H */
  pieslice(20*x.10*y,0,359,2);
                                /* I */
                                /* J */
  pieslice (30*x, 10*y, 0, 359, 2);
  outtextxy(10*x,7*y/2,"A");
  outtextxy(20*x,7*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(30*x,7*y/2,"C");
  outtextxy(40*x,7*y/2,"D");
  outtextxy(8*x.7*y,"E");
  outtextxy(18*x,15*y/2,"F");
  outtextxy(32*x,15*y/2,"G");
  outtextxy(42*x,7*y,"H");
  outtextxy(20*x,21*y/2,"I");
  outtextxy(30*x,21*y/2,"J");
  moveto(10*x.4*y); lineto(20*x.4*y); lineto(20*x.7*y);
  lineto(10*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,4*y);
  moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,10*y); lineto(20*x,10*y):
  lineto(20*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,7*y);
  moveto(20*x, 10*y); lineto(30*x, 7*y);
```

```
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,4*y); lineto(40*x,4*y);
 lineto(40*x,7*y);lineto(30*x,7*y);
 moveto(30*x,4*y); lineto(40*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(45*x,2*y,"k");
outtextxy(48*x,2*y,"Vertex(V)");
 outtextxy(62*x,3*y/2,"Adj");
 outtextxy(59*x,2*y,"vertex(U)");
outtextxy(73*x,2*y,"Label");
outtextxy(82*x,2*y,"L");
outtextxy(87*x,2*y,"T");
moveto(44*x,5*y/2); lineto(47*x,5*y/2);
moveto(48*x.5*y/2); lineto(58*x,5*y/2);
moveto(59*x.5*y/2); lineto(69*x.5*y/2);
moveto(70*x.5*y/2); lineto(80*x.5*y/2);
moveto(81*x.5*y/2); lineto(84*x.5*y/2);
moveto(85*x.5*y/2); lineto(90*x.5*y/2);
outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"THE WAY WE APPLIED THE ALGORITHM");
moveto(3*x/2,29*y/2); lineto(43*x,29*y/2);
outtextxy(2*x.15*y,". Initially pick (arbitrarily) A and");
outtextxy(2*x.16*y," put it in vertex(V).");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,3*y,"A");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y,". Label A with 1 (As you see,we will");
outtextxy(2*x.18*y," show the label in paranthesis near");
outtoatxy(2*x.19*y," the vertex.");
Pause(7*x.24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,3*y,"A <- 1");
outtextxy(6*x.4*y,"(1)");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Put A in L.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,3*y,"A");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,21*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,4*y,"2");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Now pick B since it is unlabeled");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," and adjacent to A (currently larg-");
outtextxy(2*x.17*y," est labeled).");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,4*y,"A");
outtextxy(63*x,4*y,"B");
/*********************************
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label B with 2.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,4*y,"B <- 2");
outtextxy(22*x,4*y,"(2)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put B in L and put (A,B) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,4*y,"B");
outtextxy(85*x,4*y,"(A,B)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(10*x,4*y); lineto(20*x,4*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
moveto(10*x,4*y); lineto(20*x,4*y); /* add (A,B) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x.20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,5*v,"3");
/************************
```

```
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Now pick F since it is unlabeled ");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," and adjacent to the (currently)");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," largest labeled vertex G.");
Pause(7*x,24*v);
outtextxy(52*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(63*x,5*y,"F");
outtextxy(2*x.18*y,". Label F with 3."),
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x.5*y, "F <- 3");
outtextxy(21*x,27*y/4,"(3)");
outtextxy(2*x.19*y,". Put F in L and put (B,F) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,5*y,"F");
outtextxy(85*x,5*y,"(B,F)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x.4*y); lineto(20*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x.4*y); lineto(20*x.7*y); /* add (B,F) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
/************************
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,6*y,"4");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,24*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
*********************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Pick G since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex F.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,6*y,"F");
outtextxy(63*x.6*v."G");
/********************************
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label G with 4.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,6*y,"G <- 4");
outtextxy(26*x,27*y/4,"(4)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put G in L and put (F,G) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,6*y,"G");
outtextxy(85*x,6*y,"(F,G)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x.7*y); lineto(30*x.7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
moveto(20*x.7*y); lineto(30*x.7*y); /* add (F.G) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0.3):
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,7*y,"5");
/************************
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*v/4,44*x,49*v/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x.15*y,". Pick C since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x.16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x.17*y," labeled vertex G.");
```

```
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,7*y,"G");
outtextxy(63*x,7*y,"C");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label C with 5.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,7*y,"C <- 5"):
outtextxy(26*x.4*y,"(5)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put C in L and put (G,C) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,7*y,"C");
outtextxy(85*x,7*y,"(G,C)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x.7*y); lineto(30*x.4*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3):
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,4*y); /* add (G,C) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3):
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x.8*y."6"):
/***********************
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Pick D since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x.16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex C.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,8*y,"C");
outtextxy(63*x,8*y,"D");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label D with 6.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,8*y,"D <- 6");
outtextxy(41*x,4*y,"(6)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put D in L and put (C,D) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,8*y,"D");
outtextxy(85*x,8*y,"(C,D)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,4*y); lineto(40*x,4*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
moveto(30*x,4*y); lineto(40*x,4*y); /* add (C,D) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
/***********************
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,9*y,"7");
Pause(7*x,24*y):
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,24*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
/****************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Pick H since it is unlabeled and");
outtextxy(2*x.16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex D.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,9*y,"D");
outtextxy(63*x,9*y,"H");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label H with 7.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,9*y,"H <- 7");
outtextxy(38*x,15*y/2,"(7)");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put H in L and put (D,H) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,9*y,"H");
outtextxy(85*x,9*y,"(D,H)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,4*y); lineto(40*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(40*x,4*y); lineto(40*x,7*y); /* add (D,H) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,10*y,"8");
/********************************
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2.59*y/4.44*x.49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". As you see there are still vertices");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," with labels that have adj. vertices");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," without labels. But, this time it's");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," not the vertex H with the largest ");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y," label which has such adj. vertices.");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y," Thus we back up until we find a la-");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," beled vertex which has an unlabeled");
outtextxy(2*x,22*y," adjacent vertex. (i.e. G)");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,24*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(52*x.10*y,"H");
outtextxy(63*x,10*v,"-");
outtextxy(52*x,11*y,"D");
```

```
outtextxy(63*x.11*y,"-");
outtextxy(52*x,12*y,"C");
outtextxy(63*x,12*y,"-");
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". At this stage we choose J, since it");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," is not labeled.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,13*y,"G");
outtextxy(63*x,13*y,"J");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label J with 6.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x,13*y,"J <- 8");
outtextxy(32*x.10*y,"(8)");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put J in L and put (G,J) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,13*y,"J");
outtextxy(85*x,13*y,"(G,J)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,10*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(30*x.7*y); lineto(30*x.10*y); /* add (G,J) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x.24*y):
outtextxy(45*x,14*y,"9");
Pause(7*x.24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". Pick I since it is unlabeled and");
```

```
outtex:xy(2*x,16*y," adjacent to the (currently) largest");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," labeled vertex J.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,14*y,"J");
outtextxy(63*x,14*y."I");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label I with 9.");
Pause(7*x, 24*y);
outtextxv(72*x.14*v,"I <- 9");
outtextxy(16*x,10*y,"(9)");
/***************************
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". Put I in L and put (J,I) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,14*y,"I");
outtextxy(85*x,14*y,"(J,I)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(30*x,10*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(30*x,10*y); /* add (J,I) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0.3);
/*****************************
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,". Increment k.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(45*x,15*y,"10");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2.59*v/4.44*x.49*v/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". As you see there are still vertices");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," with labels that have adj. vertices");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," without labels. But these are not ");
outtextxy(2*x.18*y," adj, to the vertex I with the larg-");
outtextxy(2*x.19*y," est label 9. Thus again, we back up");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,20*v," to the vertex with label 5, and ");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," find that it is adj. to a vertex ");
outtextxy(2*x,22*y," without label.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(52*x,16*y,"I");
outtextxy(63*x,16*y,"-");
outtextxy(52*x,17*y,"J");
outtextxy(63*x,17*y,"-");
outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"H");
outtextxy(63*x,18*y,"-");
outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"D");
outtextxy(63*x,19*y,"-");
outlextxy(52*x,20*y,"C");
outtextxy(63*x,20*y,"-");
outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"G");
outtextxy(63*x,21*y,"-");
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". At this stage we choose E, since");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," it is not labeled.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(52*x,22*y,"F");
outtextxy(63*x,22*y,"E");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,". Label E with 10.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(72*x.22*y,"E <- 10");
outtextxy(8*x.15*y/2,"(10)");
/**********************
outtextxy(2*x.19*y,". Put E in L and put (F,E) in T.");
Pause(7*x,24*y);
outtextxy(82*x,22*y,"E");
outtextxy(85*x,22*y,"(F,E)");
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
moveto(20*x.7*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
moveto(20*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,7*y); /* add (F,E) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,44*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x.15*y,". At this stage as you see all ver-");
outtextxy(2*x.16*y," tices are in L. This means we are");
outtextxy(2*x.17*y," done. The graph with dashed lines");
outtextxy(2*x.18*y," is the spanning tree of underlying");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y," graph G.");
Pause(30*x.24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : examp433.c

AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN

DATE : Apr. 18, 1990

REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990
```

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for a depth first search tree.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a) _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                        name
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
/**********************
/* graphic initialization variables
/***********************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/**********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/**********************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
                                           */
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 /*********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80:
 y = MaxY/25;
 /********************
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
  }
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
  }
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
/**********************************
                                              */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
}
/*****************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) {
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
  exit(0);
/*********************
/* main routine which calls exer routine
/***********************
void main()
 exer();
```

```
*******************
/* This routine illustrates a depth first search tree.
                                                               */
void exer()
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-3-3");
  pieslice(5*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* A */
 pieslice(10*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* B */
 pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(20*x,4*y,0,359,2); /* D */
  pieslice(20*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* E */
 pieslice(20*x,3*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
 pieslice(20*x,25*y/2,0,359,2); /* F */
  outtextxy(3*x,7*y,"A");
 outtextxy(36*x,7*y,"G");
  outtextxy(20*x/2,15*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"D");
  outtextxy(21*x,3*y/2,"C");
  outtextxy(20*x,19*y/2,"E");
  outtextxy(21*x,25*y/2,"F");
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(20*x,4*y);
  moveio(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,10*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(20*x,10*y);
  moveto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  moveto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  outtextxy(44*x,3*y,"EXPLANATIONS");
```

```
moveto(43*x,7*y/2); lineto(89*x,7*y/2);
outtextxy(2*x,13*y/2,"(1)");
outtextxy(19*x,13*y,"(2)");
outtextxy(37*x,7*y,"(3)");
outtextxy(22*x,3*y/2,"(4)");
outtextxy(19*x,5*y,"(5)");
outtextxy(8*x,27*y/4,"(6)");
outtextxy(19*x,9*y,"(7)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
                           ****************
outtextxy(43*x,4*y,"According to our definition, the tree");
outtextxy(43*x,5*y,"formed by dashed lines in the graph is");
outtextxy(43*x,6*y,"called depth first search tree.");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y,"The edges, such as (A,F), (C,D) are");
outtextxy(43*x,8*y,"called tree edges.");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y,"The edges, such as (A,B), (A,G),");
outtextxy(43*x,10*y,"are called back edges.");
outtextxy(43*x,11*y,"The labels (in paranthesis) of each ");
outtextxy(43*x,12*y,"vertex are called depth first search");
outtextxy(43*x,13*y,"numbers.");
```

```
AUTHOR
              : Atilla BAKAN
  DATE
                : Mar. 22, 1990
  REVISED
                : Apr. 17, 1990
  DESCRIPTION: This program contains the first exercise about the
                   depth first search for spanning trees.
  MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                            C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                      /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ ZTC__)
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : q431.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                  */
static void mit_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
               (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
               (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                (void);
static void example
                  (void);
static void show_alg
                  (void);
static void step_solution
                  (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                   (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
/*****************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
*/
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/************************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
ì
/************************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
                                           */
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph error = graphresult();
 /****************************
 if(graph_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph error));
 exit(1):
 1
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) |
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else (
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N')))
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   }
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break:
  case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
       e_{\lambda}it(0);
        break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break:
  default : break;
   }
 hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist);
                  /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/*********************************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0.0,0);
 setlinestyle(0.4.3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y.MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 1");
  outtextxy(2*x.2*y,"Use the depth first search algorithm to find a minimal spanning
                  tree.");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"(Start at A. If there is a choice of edges select edges according
                 to");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"alphabetical order.)");
  /***************************
 pieslice(10*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                         /* A */
                         /* B */
 pieslice(20*x,5*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(10*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
 pieslice(20*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(30*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* E */
 pieslice(20*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                         /* F */
 pieslice(30*x.8*y.0,359.2);
                         /* G */
  pieslice(40*x.8*y.0.359.2);
                         /* H */
 pieslice(30*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* I */
 pieslice(40*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* J */
  pieslice(50*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* K */
 pieslice(40*x.11*y,0,359,2); /* L */
  pieslice(50*x.11*y,0,359,2);
                          /* M */
 outtextxy(10*x.9*y/2,"A");
  outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"B");
```

```
outtextxy(8*x.13*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(21*x,25*y/4,"D");
outtextxy(31*x,13*y/2,"E");
outtextxy(18*x,8*y,"F");
outtextxy(31*x,31*y/4,"G");
outtextxy(41*x,8*y,"H");
outtextxy(28*x,i> y/2,"I");
outtextxy(41*x,37*y/4,"J");
outtextxy(50*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(38*x,11*y,"L");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"M");
moveto(10*x.5*y); lineto(20*x.5*y); lineto(20*x.8*y);
lineto(40*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(10*x.5*y); lineto(10*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,13*y/2);
lineto(30*x.19*y/2); lineto(50*x.19*y/2); lineto(50*x.11*y);
while (in the exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y,"
                       a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) {
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) ||
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
switch (Ch)
case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 show_alg();
 break;
case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 compare_solutions();
 break;
case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x.37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 step_solution();
 break;
case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
 confirm_exit();
```

```
break;
    default : break;
  closegraph();
                 ********************
/* This routine gives breadth first search spanning tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(15*x,12*y,"DEPTH_FIRST_SEARCH SPANNING TREE
                      ALGORITHM");
  outtextxy(2*x,13*y,"Step 1 . Pick a vertex x. L = {x} (list of vertices in the
                     tree)");
  outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"
                          T = 0 (list of edges in the tree), x < -1, k < -2
                     (counter)");
  outtextxy(2*x.15*y,"Step 2. Pick any vertex U not in L, such that U is adjacent to
                      the");
                          vertex L with the highest label, say V.");
  outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"
                          L = L U \{ U \}, T = T U \{ U, V \}, U <-k, k <-k+1" );
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"
  outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"Step 3. a) If all vertices are in L, stop");
  outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"
                          b) If not all vertices are in L ");
  outtextxy(2*x,20*y,"
                           1) If there exist a vertex adjacent not in L which is ");
  outtextxy(2*x.21*y,"
                             adjacent to a vertex in L, go to Step 2");
  outtextxy(2*x,22*y,"
                           2) If no such vertex exists, stop and output that the");
  outtextxy(2*x,23*y,"
                             graph is not connected.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
*********************
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
                                                               */
static void compare_solutions(void)
                      /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 moveto(10*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,13*y/2);
 lineto(30*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,8*y);
 lineto(40*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,11*y);
 lineto(40*x,11*y);
 moveto(10*x,13*y/2); lineto(20*x,13*y/2);
 moveto(20*x.8*y); lineto(30*x,8*y);
 moveto(30*x,19*y/2); lineto(40*x,19*y/2);
 /**************************
 setcolor(forecolor);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 moveto(10*x.5*y); lineto(20*x.5*y); lineto(20*x.13*y/2);
 lineto(30*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,8*y);
 lineto(40*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,11*y);
 lineto(40*x,11*y);
 moveto(10*x,13*y/2); lineto(20*x,13*y/2);
 moveto(20*x.8*y); lineto(30*x.8*y);
 moveto(30*x,19*y/2); lineto(40*x,19*y/2);
 outtextxy(6*x.5*y,"(1)");
                          /* A */
 outtextxy(21*x,5*y,"(2)");
                           /* B */
 outtextxy(45*x/2,25*y/4,"(3)"); /* D */
 outtextxy(33*x,13*y/2,"(4)"); /* E */
 outtextxy(33*x,31*y/4,"(5)"); /* G */
 outtextxy(42*x,8*y,"(6)");
                          /* H */
 outtextxy(36*x.9*y."(7)");
                          /* J */
 outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"(8)");
                           /* K */
 outtextxy(46*x,23*y/2."(9)"); /* M */
 outtextxy(39*x,23*y/2,"(10)"); /* L */
```

```
outtextxy(29*x,10*y,"(11)");
                             /* I */
outtextxy(19*x,17*y/2,"(12)");
                             /* F */
outtextxy(9*x,7*y,"(13)");
                             /* C */
/*********************
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,17*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/************
pieslice(10*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                          /* A */ /* redraw the graph */
pieslice(20*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                           /* B */
pieslice(10*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(20*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* D */
pieslice(30*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(20*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                           /* F */
pieslice(30*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                           /* G */
pieslice(40*x.8*y.0.359.2);
                           /* H */
pieslice(30*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* I */
pieslice(40*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* J */
pieslice(50*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* K */
pieslice(40*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                           /* L */
                           /* M */
pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2);
outlextxy(10*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(8*x,13*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(21*x,25*y/4,"D");
outtextxy(31*x,13*y/2,"E");
outtextxy(18*x,8*y,"F");
outtextxy(31*x,31*y/4,"G");
outtextxy(41*x,8*y,"H");
outtextxy(28*x,19*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(41*x,37*y/4,"J");
outtextxy(50*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(38*x,11*y,"L");
```

```
outtextxy(50*x.23*y/2."M");
 moveto(10*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,8*y);
 lineto(40*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
 moveto(10*x.5*y); lineto(10*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,13*y/2);
 lineto(30*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,11*y);
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
1
 setcolor(backcolor);
                     /* Clean the game field */
 bar(3*x/2,5*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /***********************
 pieslice(10*x.5*y,0,359,2); /* A */
 pieslice(20*x.5*y,0,359,2); /* B */
 pieslice(10*x.13*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
 pieslice(20*x.13*y/2,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(30*x.13*y/2,0,359,2); /* E */
 pieslice(20*x.8*y,0,359,2);
                        /* F */
 pieslice(30*x.8*y.0.359.2);
                        /* G */
 pieslice(40*x.8*y.0.359.2);
                        /* H */
 pieslice(30*x.19*y/2,0,359,2); /* 1 */
 pieslice(40*x.19*y/2,0.359,2); /* J */
 pieslice(50*x.19*y/2,0,359,2); /* K */
 pieslice(40*x.11*y.0.359.2);
                        /* L */
                        /* M */
 pieslice(50*x.11*y.0.359.2);
 outtextxy(10*x,9*y/2,"A");
 outtextxy(20*x.9*y/2,"B");
 outtextxy(8*x.13*y/2,"C");
 outtextxy(21*x,25*y/4,"D");
 outtextxy(31*x,13*y/2,"E");
```

```
outtextxy(18*x,8*y,"F");
outtextxy(31*x,31*y/4,"G");
outtextxy(41*x,8*y,"H");
outtextxy(28*x,19*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(41*x,37*y/4,"J");
outtextxy(50*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(38*x,11*y,"L");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"M");
/***************************
moveto(10*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,8*y);
lineto(40*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(10*x.5*y); lineto(10*x.13*y/2); lineto(30*x.13*y/2);
lineto(30*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,11*y);
/**********************************
outtextxy(56*x,2*y,"k");
outtextxy(60*x,2*y,"V");
outtextxy(64*x,2*y,"U");
outtextxy(70*x,2*y,"L");
outtextxy(75*x,2*y,"Label");
outtextxy(86*x,2*y,"T");
moveto(55*x,5*y/2); lineto(58*x,5*y/2);
moveto(59*x.5*y/2); lineto(62*x.5*y/2);
moveto(63*x.5*y/2); lineto(66*x,5*y/2);
moveto(68*x,5*y/2); lineto(73*x,5*y/2);
moveto(74*x,5*y/2); lineto(165*x/2,5*y/2);
moveto(84*x.5*y/2); lineto(89*x.5*y/2);
/************************
outtextxy(70*x,3*y,"A");
outtextxy(75*x,3*y,"A <- 1");
outtextxy(6*x.5*y,"(1)");
outtextxy(56*x,4*y,"2");
/***********************
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(60*x.4*y."A"):
outtextxy(64*x,4*y,"B");
outtextxy(70*x,4*y,"B");
```

```
outtextxy(75*x,4*y,"B <- 2"):
 outtextxy(84*x,4*y,"(A,B)");
 outtextxy(21*x,5*y,"(2)");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(10*x,5*y); Iineto(20*x,5*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(10*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,5*y); /* add (A, B) to T */
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,5*y,"3");
/************
outtextxy(60*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(64*x.5*y,"D");
outtextxy(70*x,5*y,"D");
outtextxy(75*x,5*y,"D <- 3");
outtextxy(84*x,5*y,"(B,D)");
outtextxy(45*x/2,25*y/4,"(3)");
Pause(3()*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,13*y/2);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
meveto(20*x.5*y); lineto(20*x,13*y/2); /* add (B, D) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,6*y,"4");
/*******
outtextxy(60*x,6*y,"D");
```

```
outtextxy(64*x,6*y,"E");
outtextxy(70*x,6*y,"E");
outtextxy(75*x,6*y,"E <- 4");
outtextxy(84*x,6*y,"(D,E)");
outtextxy(33*x,13*y/2,"(4)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,13*y/2);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(20*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,13*y/2); /* add (D, E) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0.3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y.80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,7*y,"5");
outtextxy(60*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(64*x,7*y,"G");
outtextxy(70*x,7*y,"G");
outtextxy(75*x,7*y,"G <- 5");
outtextxy(84*x,7*y,"(E,G)");
outtextxy(33*x,31*y/4,"(5)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,8*y);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,8*y); /* add (E, G) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,8*y,"6");
```

```
outtextxy(60*x,8*y,"G");
 outtextxy(64*x,8*y,"H");
 outtextxy(70*x,8*y,"H");
 outtextxy(75*x,8*y,"H < -6");
 outtextxy(42*x,8*y,"(6)");
 Pause(30*x,24*y):
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(30*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,8*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(30*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,8*y); /* add (G, H) to T */
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,9*y,"7");
outtextxy(60*x,9*y,"H");
outtextxy(64*x,9*y,"J");
outtextxy(70*x,9*y,"J");
outtextxy(75*x,9*y,"J <-7");
outtextxy(84*x,9*y,"(H,J)");
outtextxy(36*x,9*y,"(7)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x.8*y); lineto(40*x,19*y/2);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x.8*y); lineto(40*x,19*y/2); /* add (H, J) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor):
```

```
outtextxy(56*x,10*y,"8");
/****************
outtextxy(60*x,10*y,"J");
outtextxy(64*x,10*y,"K");
outtextxy(70*x,10*y,"K");
outtextxy(75*x,10*y,"K <- 8");
outtextxy(84*x,10*y,"(J,K)");
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"(8)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,19*y/2);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,19*y/2); /* add (J, K) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"9");
/************
outtextxy(60*x,11*y,"K");
outtextxy(64*x,11*y,"M");
outtextxy(70*x,11*y,"M");
outtextxy(75*x,11*y,"M <- 9");
outtextxy(84*x,11*y,"(K,M)");
outtextxy(46*x,23*y/2,"(9)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
                                            /* add (K, M) to T */
moveto(50*x,19*y/2); lineto(5\%*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,12*y,"10");
/***********************
outtextxy(60*x,12*y,"M");
outtextxy(64*x,12*y,"L");
outtextxy(70*x,12*y,"L");
outtextxy(75*x,12*y,"L <- 10");
outtextxy(84*x,12*y,"(M,L)");
outtextxy(39*x,23*y/2,"(10)"):
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x.11*y); lineto(50*x.11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x.11*y); lineto(50*x,11*y); /* add (M, L) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x.24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,13*y,"11");
/***************************
outtextxy(60*x,13*y,"L");
outtextxy(64*x,13*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,14*y,"M");
outtextxy(64*x,14*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,15*y,"K");
outtextxy(64*x,15*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,16*y,"J");
outtextxy(64*x,16*y,"I");
outtextxy(70*x,16*y,"I");
outtextxy(75*x,16*y,"I <- 11");
outtextxy(84*x,16*y,"(J,I)");
outtextxy(29*x,10*y,"(11)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,19*y/2); lineto(40*x,19*y/2);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x.19*y/2); lineto(40*x.19*y/2); /* add (J, I) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,17*y,"12");
/************
outtextxy(60*x,17*y,"I");
outtextxy(64*x,17*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,18*y,"J");
outtextxy(64*x,18*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,19*y,"H");
outtextxy(64*x,19*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,20*y,"G");
outtextxy(64*x,20*y,"F");
outtextxy(70*x,20*y,"F");
outtextxy(75*x,20*y,"F <- 12");
outtextxy(84*x,20*y,"(G,F)");
outtextxy(19*x,17*y/2,"(12)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,8*y); lineto(30*x,8*y);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(20*x,8*y); lineto(30*x,8*y); /* add (G, F) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,21*y,"13");
```

```
outtextxy(60*x,21*y,"F");
outtextxy(64*x,21*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,22*y,"G");
outtextxy(64*x,22*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,23*y,"E");
outtextxy(64*x,23*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,24*y,"D");
outtextxy(64*x,24*y,"C");
outtextxy(70*x,24*y,"C");
outtextxy(75*x,24*y,"C <- 13");
outtextxy(84*x,24*y,"(D,C)");
outtextxy(9*x.7*y,"(13)");
Pause(15*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(10*x,13*y/2); lineto(20*x,13*y/2);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(10*x.13*y/2); lineto(20*x,13*y/2); /* add (D, C) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(15*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,55*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(35*x,23*y,"We are done.");
Pause(15*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
                     /* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,5*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x.2*y,"Use the depth first search algorithm to find a minimal spanning
                tree.");
outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"(Start at A. If there is a choice of edges select edges according
outtextxy(2*x.4*y,"alphabetical order.)");
```

```
pieslice(10*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                              /* A */ /* redraw the graph */
pieslice(20*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                              /* B */
pieslice(10*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(20*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* D */
pieslice(30*x,13*y/2,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(20*x.8*y.0.359.2);
                               /* F */
pieslice(30*x, 8*y, 0, 359, 2);
                               /* G */
pieslice(40*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                               /* H */
pieslice(30*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* I */
pieslice(40*x.19*y/2,0,359,2); /* J */
pieslice(50*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* K */
pieslice(40*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                               /* L */
pieslice(50*x.11*y.0.359.2);
                               /* M */
outtextxy(10*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(8*x.13*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(21*x,25*y/4,"D");
outtextxy(31*x,13*y/2,"E");
outtextxy(18*x,8*y,"F");
outtextxy(31*x,31*y/4,"G");
outtextxy(41*x,8*y,"H");
outtextxy(28*x,19*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(41*x,37*y/4,"J");
outtextxy(50*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(38*x,11*y,"L");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"M");
moveto(10*x.5*y); lineto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,8*y);
lineto(40*x,8*y); lineto(40*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(10*x.5*y); lineto(10*x,13*y/2); lineto(30*x,13*y/2);
lineto(30*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,19*y/2); lineto(50*x,11*y);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
   char ch;
   outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
   outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
   outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
   ch = getch();
   while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
      outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
      ch = getch();
      if((ch == 'y') \parallel (ch == 'n') \parallel (ch == 'Y') \parallel (ch == 'N'))
      setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
      setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
    case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
    case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break:
    case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   default : break;
1
```

```
: Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
              : Apr. 7, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED : Apr. 17, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the second exercise about the
                  depth first search for spanning trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
                                          /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                     /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a) _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : q432.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void);
static void example
                   (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                   (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                    (void);
/*******************
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/*****************
                                                               */
/* graphic initialization variables
/**********************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor,
int forecolor:
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
*/
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/***********************************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT:
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 /********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 /*****************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
          ************************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
{
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  }
```

```
switch (ch)
  case 'y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   default : break;
   }
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
}
```

```
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 2");
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Use the depth first search algorithm to find a minimal spanning
                tree.");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"(Start at A. If there is a choice of edges select edges according
                to");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"alphabetical order.)");
 pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                        /* A */
 pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
 pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                        /* C */
 pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* E */
 pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                        /* F */
  pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
  pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                        /* H */
 outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
 outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"B");
 outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"C");
 outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"D");
 outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"E");
 outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"F");
 outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"G");
```

```
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"H");
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,9*y);
moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y,"
                         a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y,"
                        c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
  switch (Ch)
  case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
   outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
   outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
   Pause(30*x,24*y);
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
   bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
   show_alg();
   break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
   outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
   outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
   outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break:
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break:
  case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
    confirm_exit();
    break;
  default : break;
closegraph();
```

```
********************
/* This routine gives breadth first search spanning tree algorithm
/*********************
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(15*x,12*y,"DEPTH_FIRST_SEARCH SPANNING TREE
                     ALGORITHM");
  outtextxy(2*x,13*y, "Step 1. Pick a vertex x. L = { x } (list of vertices in the
                     tree)");
                          T = 0 (list of edges in the tree), x < -1, k < -2
  outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"
                     (counter)");
  outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Step 2. Pick any vertex U not in L, such that U is adjacent to
                     the");
  outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"
                          vertex L with the highest label, say V.");
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"
                          L = L U \{ U \}, T = T U \{ U, V \}, U <-k, k <-k + 1" );
  outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"Step 3. a) If all vertices are in L, stop");
  outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"
                          b) If not all vertices are in L ");
  outtextxy(2*x,20*y,"
                          1) If there exist a vertex adjacent not in L which is ");
                             adjacent to a vertex in L, go to Step 2");
  outtextxy(2*x,21*y,"
  outtextxy(2*x,22*y,"
                           2) If no such vertex exists, stop and output that the");
                             graph is not connected.");
  outtextxy(2*x,23*y,"
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
}
```

```
**************************
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
                                                   */
/********************************
static void compare_solutions(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                  /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 /***********************
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
 lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
 moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(35*x,9*y);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"(1)");
 outtextxy(22*x,11*y,"(2)");
 outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"(3)");
 outtextxy(56*x,5*y,"(4)");
 outtextxy(47*x,9*y,"(5)");
 outtextxy(43*x,13*y/2,"(6)");
 outtextxy(36*x,13*y/2,"(7)");
 outtextxy(36*x,19*y/2,"(8)");
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
 lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
 moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(35*x,9*y);
 /*****************
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(3*x/2,17*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* D */
pieslice(35*x,7-y,0,359,2);
                        /* E */
pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* F */
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                        /* G */
pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                         /* H */
outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"D");
outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"G");
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"H");
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,9*y);
moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
```

}

```
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
                                                         */
/**********************
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field */
 bar(3*x/2,17*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /**********************************
 pieslice(20*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* A */
 pieslice(20*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
 pieslice(50*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* C */
 pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(30*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* E */
 pieslice(40*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                      /* F */
 pieslice(30*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(40*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* H */
 outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"A");
 outtextxy(20*x,23*y/2,"B");
 outtextxy(50*x,9*y/2,"C");
 outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"D");
 outtextxy(28*x,7*y,"E");
 outtextxy(42*x,7*y,"F");
 outtextxy(28*x,9*y,"G");
 outtextxy(41*x,9*y,"H");
 moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,5*y);
 lineto(20*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,11*y); lineto(40*x,9*y);
 lineto(40*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
 lineto(40*x,9*y);
 moveto(40*x,7*y);lineto(30*x,9*y);
 moveto(20*x,5*y);lineto(30*x,7*y);
 /*****************
 outtextxy(56*x,5*y,"k");
```

```
outtextxy(60*x,5*y,"V");
outtextxy(64*x,5*y,"U");
outtextxy(70*x,5*y,"L");
outtextxy(75*x,5*y,"Label");
outtextxy(86*x,5*y,"T");
moveto(55*x,11*y/2); lineto(58*x,11*y/2);
moveto(59*x,11*y/2); lineto(62*x,11*y/2);
moveto(63*x,11*y/2); lineto(66*x,11*y/2);
moveto(68*x,11*y/2); lineto(73*x,11*y/2);
moveto(74*x,11*y/2); lineto(165*x/2,11*y/2);
moveto(84*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
/***********************
outtextxy(70*x,6*y,"A");
outtextxy(75*x,6*y,"A <- 1");
outtextxy(22*x,9*y/2,"(1)");
outtextxy(56*x,7*y,"2");
/********************
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(60*x,7*y,"A");
outtextxy(64*x,7*y,"B");
outtextxy(70*x,7*y,"B");
outtextxy(75*x,7*y,"B <- 2");
outtextxy(84*x,7*y,"(A,B)");
outtextxy(16*x,11*y,"(2)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(20*x,5*y); lineto(20*x,11*y); /* add (A, B) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,8*y,"3");
```

```
outtextxy(60*x,8*y,"B");
outtextxy(64*x,8*y,"D");
outtextxy(70*x,8*y,"D");
outtextxy(75*x,8*y,"D <- 3");
outtextxy(84*x,8*y,"(B,D)");
outtextxy(51*x,11*y,"(3)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,11*y); /* add (B, D) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,9*y,"4");
outtextxy(60*x,9*y,"D");
outtextxy(64*x,9*y,"C");
outtextxy(70*x,9*y,"C");
outtextxy(75*x,9*y,"C <- 4");
outtextxy(84*x,9*y,"(D,C)");
outtextxy(51*x,5*y,"(4)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,5*y); /* add (D, C) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(56*x,10*y,"5");
 /****************
 ouincaixy(60*x,10*y,"C");
 outtextxy(64*x,10*y,"-");
outtextxy(60*x,11*y,"D");
outtextxy(64*x,11*y,"H");
outtextxy(70*x,11*y,"H");
outtextxy(75*x,11*y,"H <- 5");
outtextxy(84*x,11*y,"(D,H)");
outtextxy(42*x,9*y,"(5)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(40*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(40*x,9*y); /* add (D, H) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor):
outtextxy(56*x,12*y,"6");
outtextxy(60*x,12*y,"H");
outtextxy(64*x,12*y,"F");
outtextxy(70*x,12*y,"F");
outtextxy(75*x,12*y,"F <- 6");
outtextxy(38*x,13*y/2,"(6)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,9*y); lineto(40*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,9*y); lineto(40*x,7*y); /* add (H, F) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,13*y,"7");
outtextxy(60*x,13*y,"F");
outtextxy(64*x,13*y,"E");
outtextxy(70*x,13*y,"E");
outtextxy(75*x,13*y,"E <- 7");
outtextxy(84*x,13*y,"(F,E)");
outtextxy(29*x,13*y/2,"(7)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,7*y); /* add (F, E) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,14*y,"8");
/**************
outtextxy(60*x,14*y,"E");
outtextxy(64*x,14*y,"G");
outtextxy(70*x, 14*y, "G");
outtextxy(75*x,14*y,"G <- 8");
outtextxy(84*x,14*y,"(E,G)");
outtextxy(31*x,19*y/2,"(8)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y); /* add (E, G) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,80*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"9");
outtextxy(60*x,16*y,"We are done.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
                     /* Clean the game field again */
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,17*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* D */
                         /* E */
pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                         /* F */
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
                         /* H */
pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
/******************
outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"D");
outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"G");
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"H");
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
```

```
lineto(45*x,9*y);
moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
}
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
  char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
  outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch ();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
      setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
      setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break:
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
    case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
    default : break;
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : minimal.c
              : Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
              : Feb. 14, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED
              : Apr. 18, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the tutorial for minimal spanning
                  trees. It has two algoritms, namely Prim's Algorithm and
                  Kruskal's algorithm. For each algorithm two examples are
                  solved step by step.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlstr.h"
#include "cxlvid.h"
#include "cxlwin.h"
#if defined( TURBOC__)
                                         /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                    /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
                                              /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_186) && !defined(_ZTC__)
```

_bios_keybrd(a)

_dos_findnext(a)

#define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)

find_t

name

#define bioskey(a)

#define findnext(a)

#define ffblk

#define ff_name

#elif defined(_ZTC__)

/* Zortech C/C++ */

```
#define ffblk
                        FIND
   #define ff_name
                           name
   #define ff_attrib
                         attribute
 #endif
 #define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
 /* function prototypes */
 /* Utility functions
                           */
 static void add_shadow
                          (void);
 static void confirm_quit (void);
static void disp_sure_msg (void);
static void error_exit (int errnum);
static void initialize (void);
static void move_window (int nsrow, int scol);
static void normal_exit (void);
static void Pageup
                       (void);
static void Pagedown
                         (void);
static void press_a_key (int wrow);
static void pre help
                       (void):
static void quit_window (void);
static void restore_cursor(void);
static void short_delay (void);
static void size_window (int nerow,int necol);
/* Tutorial procedures
                                 */
static void minimal_spanning_trees(void);
static void definition_4_4_1(void);
static void example_4_4_1 (void);
static void prim_alg
                       (void);
static void alg_ex_prim_1 (void);
static void alg_ex_prim_2 (void);
static void kruskals_alg (void);
static void ex_kruskal_1 (void);
static void ex_kruskal_2 (void);
```

```
static void exercises
                    (void);
static void exerl
                   (void);
static void exer2
                   (void);
static void exer3
                   (void);
static void exer4
                   (void);
static void P1
                  (void);
static void P2
                  (void);
static void P3
                  (void);
static void P4
                  (void);
static void P5
                  (void);
static void P6
                  (void);
static void P7
                  (void);
static void P8
                  (void);
static void P9
                  (void);
static void P10
                   (void);
static void P11
                   (void);
static void P12
                   (void);
static void P13
                   (void);
static void P14
                   (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
/****************
static int *savescm,crow,ccol;
static WINDOW w[10];
static char ssan[10];
/* error message table
static char *error_text[]= {
  NULL, /* ermum = 0, no error
  NULL, /* ermum == 1, windowing error */
  "Syntax: CXLDEMO |-switches \n\n"
    "\t -c = CGA snow elimination\n"
    "\t -b = BIOS screen writing\n"
```

```
"\ -m = force monochrome text attributes",
 "Memory allocation error"
};
/* miscellaneous defines
#define SHORT_DELAY 18
#define H_WINTITLE 33
/* this function will add a shadow to the active window
static void add_shadow(void)
 wshadow(LGREYI_BLACK);
/* this function pops open a window and confirms that the user really
/* wants to quit the demo. If so, it terminates the demo program.
                                                 */
/****************************
static void confirm_quit(void)
 struct _onkey_t *kblist;
 kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
 if(!wopen(9,26,13,55,0,WHITEL_BROWN,WHITEL_BROWN)) error_exit(1);
 add shadow():
 wputs("\n Quit demo, are you sure? \033A\156Y\b");
 clearkeys();
 showcur();
 if(wgetchf("YN", 'Y')=='Y') normal_exit();
 wclose();
 hidecur();
```

```
if( mouse&MS CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist);
              /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* this function is called by the pull-down demo for a prompt
static void disp_sure_msg(void)
 wprints(0,2,WHITEL BLUE, "Are you sure?");
           */
/* this function handles abnormal termination. If it is passed an
                                                    */
/* error code of 1, then it is a windowing system error. Otherwise
/* the error message is looked up in the error message table.
static void error_exit(int errnum)
 if(ermum) {
   printf("\n%s\n",(errnum==1)?werrmsg():error_text[errnum]);
        exit(errnum);
/* this function initializes CXL's video, mouse, keyboard, and help systems
static void initialize(void)
 /* initialize the CXL video system and save current screen info */
 videoinit();
 readcur(&crow,&ccol);
 if((savescrn=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
 /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
 if(msinit()) {
   mssupport(MS_FULL);
```

```
msgotoxy(12,49);
 /* attach [Alt-X] to the confirm_quit() function */
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
 /* attach [Ctrl Pageup] to the Pageup() function */
 setonkey(0x8400,Pageup,0);
 /* attach [Ctrl Pagedown] to the Pagedown() function */
 setonkey(0x7600,Pagedown,0);
 /* initialize help system, help key = [F1] */
whelpdef("CXLDEMO.HLP",0x3b00,YELLOWI_RED,LREDI_RED,
WHITEI_RED.REDI_LGREY,pre_help);
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to previous window.
static void Pageup(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle - 1);
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to next window.
static void Pagedown(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle + 1);
```

```
static void pre_help(void)
 add_shadow();
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
         ***********************
/* this function handles normal termination. The original screen and cursor
                                                           */
/* coordinates are restored before exiting to DOS with ERRORLEVEL 0.
                                                           */
static void normal_exit(void)
 srestore(savescm):
 gotoxy_(crow,ccol);
 if(_mouse) mshidecur();
 showcur();
 exit(0);
/* this function displays a pause message then pauses for a keypress
static void press_a_key(int wrow)
 register int attrl;
 register int attr2;
 attr1=(YELLOW)((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 attr2=(LGREY)l((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 wcenters(wrow,attr1,"Press a key");
 wprints(wrow.0,LGREYI_RED,"Pgup/Pgdn");
 hidecur();
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_quit();
 wcenters(wrow,attr1,"
                      ");
 wprints(wrow,0,attr2,"
                     ");
```

```
***********************
/* This routine causes short dealys during execution
static void short_delay(void)
 delay_(SHORT_DELAY);
*/
/* this function is called by the pull-down menu demo anytime
/* the selection bar moves on or off the [Q]uit menu items.
static void quit_window(void)
 static WINDOW handle=0;
 if(handle) {
  wactiv(handle);
  wclose();
  handle=0;
 1
 else (
  handle=wopen(14,41,17,70,0,YELLOWI_RED,WHITEI_RED);
  wputs(" Quit takes you back to the n demo program's main menu.");
 1
/* shows the cursor again if it has been hidden
/************************
static void restore_cursor(void)
 wtextattr(WHITEI_MAGENTA);
 showcur();
```

```
/* enlarges or shrinks the windows
static void size_window(int nerow,int necol)
 wsize(nerow,necol);
 short_delay();
/* moves the active window to a given screen coordinates
static void move_window(int nsrow,int nscol)
 if(wmove(nsrow,nscol)) error_exit(1);
 short_delay();
/* this routine that calls minimal spanning trees() routine whenever Pageup
                                     */
/* or pagdown keys are pressed.
void P1()
 wcloseall();
 minimal_spanning_trees();
/* this routine that calls example 4-4-1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P2()
 wcloseall();
 example_4_4_1();
```

```
/* this routine that calls definition 4-4-1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                        */
                                         */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/**********************
void P3()
 wcloseall();
 definition_4_4_1();
/* this routine that calls prim_alg() routine whenever Pageup or
                                         */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                         */
void P4()
 wcloseall();
 prim_alg();
/* this routine that calls alg_ex_prim_1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                         */
                                         */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/************************
void P5()
 wcloseall();
 alg_ex_prim_1();
1
/* this routine that calls alg_ex_prin_2 routine whenever Pageup or
                                         */
                                         */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P6()
 wcloseall();
 alg_ex_prim_2();
```

```
/* this routine that calls kruskals_alg routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                      */
void P7()
 wcloseall();
 kruskals_alg();
/* this routine that calls ex_kruskal_1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                      */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                      */
void P8()
 wcloseall();
 ex_kruskal_1();
/* this routine that calls ex_kruskal_2 routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P9()
{
 wcloseall();
 ex_kruskal_2();
/* this routine that calls exercises routine whenever Pageup or
                                      */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/********************
void P10()
 wcloseali();
 exercises();
```

```
/* this routine that calls exer1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                     */
void P11()
 wcloseall();
 exerl();
/* this routine that calls exer2 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P12()
 wcloseall();
 exer2();
/* this routine that calls exer3 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                     */
/***********************
void P13()
 wcloseall();
 exer3();
}
/* this routine that calls exer4 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P14()
 wcloseall();
 exer4();
```

```
**********************
/* main routine that calls minimal spanning tree tutorial
                                                 */
void main()
 initialize();
 minimal_spanning_trees();
/* Routine that calls definition, example and algorithm routines about
                                                 */
/* minimal spanning trees.
static void minimal_spanning_trees(void)
 register int *scm;
 if((scm=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
 cclrscm(LGREYI BLUE);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the example_4_4_1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P2,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(6,15,11,54,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,BLACKI\_GREEN))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" We will try to introduce spanning tree concept with an example");
 press_a_key(3);
 wslide(0,0);
 short (lelay();
 example_4_4_1();
 srestore(scm);
1
```

```
/* This routine gives an example step by step implementation of Prim'
/* algorithm.
                                                        */
static void example_4_4_1 (void)
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the minimal spanning trees() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P1,0);
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the definition_4_4_1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P3.0);
 /**********************
 if((w[2]=wopen(6,15,11,54,3,REDI\_LGREY,BLACKI\_MAGENTA))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|YELLOW);
 add_shadow():
 wputsw(" Now consider a map. There are towns and roads between these towns"
       "Can you think of the situation as a graph?");
 press_a_key(3);
 wslide(0.39);
 short delay();
 if((w[3]=wopen(6,15,10,65,3,BLACKI\_CYAN,REDI\_LGREY))==0) error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees - Example_4_4_1]",
      TCENTER, LGREYILBLUE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n
              To see the graph ");
 press_a_key(2);
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp441.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 definition_4_4_1();
```

```
/* Routine that gives the definition of minimal spanning trees.
static void definition_4_4 1(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the example 4_4_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P2,0):
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the prim_alg() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P4,0);
 if((w[4]=wopen(6,20,16,58,3,BLACKI\_CYAN,REDI\_LGREY))==0) error\_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees - Definition_4_4_1]",
      TCENTER, LGREYILBLUE);
 add_shadow();
 wputsw(" A minimal spanning tree in a weighted graph is a spanning"
       "tree for which the weight of the tree is as small as possible.");
 wputs("\n\n");
 wputsw(" In other words, a minimal spanning tree is a spanning tree such"
       "that no other spanning tree has a smaller weight.");
 press_a_key(8);
 wclose();
 if((w|4)=wopen(6,20,12,58,3,GREEN|BLACK,BLACK|RED))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|LBLUE);
 add shadow();
 wputsw(" Now we will introduce you two algorithms to solve this type"
       " of problems. First one is called Prim's Algorithm.");
 press_a_key(4);
 wslide(0,0);
 prim_alg();
```

```
**********************
/* routine that introduces the Prim's minimal spanning tree algorithm
/**********************************
static void prim_alg(void)
 /*******************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the definition 4_4_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P3,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the alg_ex_prim_1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P5,0);
  if((w[5]=wopen(0,15,24,65,3,BLACK|\_GREEN,RED|\_BLACK))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("|Prim's Minimal Spanning Trees Algorithm]", TCENTER, BLUE LGPEY);
 add_shadow():
 wputsw("The Method in this algorithm as briefly, is as follows:"):
 wputs("\n\n");
 wputsw(" . Creates a set L of the vertices of the tree T in the"
     " order it examined them"):
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" . Build the tree by examining all edges from all vertices"
     " which is already in L to the ones which are not included "
     "Lyet, and chooses the one with min weight to add too the"
     " minimal spanning tree. ");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Now, the actual algorithm is as follows:");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Step 1 . Pick an arbitrary initial vertex x.");
               L = \{x\}, T = 0 n''\};
 wputsw(" Step 2 . If ILI = n then stop and output T.");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Step 3. Else, find all edges with one vertex Ui in L and the"
     "other V<sub>j</sub> which is not in L yet. Pick the one with least weight,"
     "(U, V)");
 wputs("\n L <- L U {V}");
```

```
T \leftarrow T U \{U, V\}");
 wputs("\n
          go to Step 2.");
 wputs("\n
 press_a_key(22);
 wslide(0,27):
 short_delay();
 alg_ex_prim_1();
/* This routine gives an example about six towns and high ways between these
/* towns. It shows the implementation of Prim's algorithm to this problem
                                                      */
                                                      */
/* in stop by step basis.
static void alg_ex_prim_1 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the prim_alg() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P4,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the alg_ex_prim_2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P6,0);
 if((w[6]=wopen(6,15,12,65,3,GRTENl_BLACK,BLACKl_RED))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees - Example_4_4_2]",
      TCENTER,_LGREYILBLUE);
 add_shadow();
 wputsw(" Now let's go back to our first example and see how we are"
       "going to apply this algorithm step-by-step");
 press_a_key(4);
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp442.exe",NULL);
 cclrscrn(LGREYI_BLUE);
 alg_ex_prim_2();
```

```
/* Another example about a Prim' Algorithm implementation
                                               */
static void alg_ex_prim_2 (void)
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the alg_ex_prim_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P5,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the kruskals_alg() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P7,0);
 if((w[7]=wopen(6,15,11,65,3,GREENI_BLACK,BLACKI_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees - Example_4_4_3]",
     TCENTER, LGREYILBLUE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n
          How about one more example?");
 press_a_key(3);
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P WAJT, "examp443.exe", NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREY|_BLUE);
 kruskals alg();
```

```
/* routine that introduces the Kruskal's minimal spanning tree algorithm
/********************************
static void kruskals_alg(void)
  /* attach [Pageup] to the alg_ex_prim_2() function */
  setonkey(0x4900,P6,0);
  /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_kruskal_1() function */
  setonkey(0x5100.P8.0);
  if((w|8)=wopen(6,20,11,58,3,GREEN|_BLACK,BLACK|_RED))==0)
          error exit(1);
  wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYILBLUE);
  add shadow():
  wputs("\n Second algorithm is called Kruskal's algorithm.");
  press_a_key(3);
  wslide(1,20):
  if((w[9]=wopen(6,15,18,65,3,BLACKI\_GREEN,REDI\_CYAN))==0) error\_exit(1);
  wtitle("[Kruskal's Minimal Spanning Tree Algorithm]",
         TCENTER, BLUEI_LGREY);
  add shadow();
  wputsw("The algorithm is as follows:");
  wputs("\n\n");
  wputsw(" Step 1. Order the edges from smallest weight to largest.");
  wputs("\n");
  wputsw(" Step 2. Add the edges in order, as long as a cycle is not"
         " created. T can be disconnected until it's completed." );
  wputs("\n");
  wputsw(" Step 3. If all nodes are visited STOP, or else GO TO Step 2.");
  press_a_key(10);
  short_delay();
  wslide(7,15);
  short_delay();
  ex_kruskal_I();
```

```
/**********************
/* This routine gives an step by step example implementation of Kruskal's
                                                    */
/* algorithm
                                                     */
static void ex_kruskal_1 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the kruskals_alg() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P7,0);
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_kruskal_2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P9,0);
 /**********************
 if((w[10]=wopen(6,15,10,65,3,BLACKI\_GREEN,BLACKI\_LGREY))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Kruskal's Algorithm - Example_4_4_4]",TCENTER,BLUEI_LGREY);
 add_shadow():
 wputs("\n
          It is better to see an example...");
 press_a_key(2);
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp444.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 ex_kruskal_2();
```

```
***********************
/* This routine gives an step by step example implementation of Kruskal's
/* algorithm
static void ex_kruskal_2 (void)
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_kruskal_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P8,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exercises() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P10,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(6,15,11,65,3,GREENI\_BLACK,BLACKI\_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees - Example_4_4_5]",
      TCENTER, LGREYILBLUE);
 add shadow();
 wputsw(" We now will solve the second example that we solved"
       " with Prim's algorithm by using Kruskal's algorithm.");
 press_a_key(3);
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp445.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exercises();
```

```
/* This routine makes a small quiz about the minimal spanning trees.
                                                */
void exercises(void)
 register int *screen;
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_kruskal_2() function
                                  */
 setonkey(0x4900,P9,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P11,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|_GREEN,WHITE|_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY/BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow():
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" We have completed our presentation of this section. Are"
    "you ready for a pop quiz?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay():
 wclose();
 if((screen=ssave())==NULL) error exit(3); {
 /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
  if(msinit()) {
   mssupport(MS_FULL);
   msgotoxy(12,49);
 ١
 srestore(screen);
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.4.1
static void exert(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_kruskal_2() function
                                */
 setonkey(0x4900,P9,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P12,0);
 if((w|1)=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,WHITE|\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the first question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q441.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer2();
1
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.4.2
static void exer2(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer1() function
                           */
 setonkey(0x4900,P11,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer3() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P13,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the second question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q442.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer3();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.4.3
static void exer3(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer2() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P12,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer4() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P14,0);
 /***********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow():
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
           Here is the third question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q443.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer4();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.4.4
/*************************
static void exer4(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer3() function
 setonkey(0x4900,P13,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Minimal Spanning Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
          Here is the forth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q444.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 normal_exit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : examp441.c
AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
DATE : Apr. 18, 1990
REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990
```

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for minimal spanning trees.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
                                            /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC___)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                       /* all others */
#endif
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
  #define bioskey(a)
                         _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                         _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find_t
  #define ff_name
                        name
                                          /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                       FIND
  #define ff_name
                         name
  #define ff_attrib
                        attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                     */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                  (void);
/* tutorial functions
                  */
static void exer
                   (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
/*****************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
       *********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
                                                                    */
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherronnsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 /***********************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
  setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
  backcolor = BLACK:
 else {
  setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
  backcolor = BLUE;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
*/
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
setlinestyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) {
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
  exit(0);
/* main routine which calls exer routine
void main()
1
exer();
```

```
/* This routine illustrates a minimal spanning tree.
void exer()
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-4-1");
  pieslice(25*x,4*y,0,359,2);
                              /* Marina
                                            */
  pieslice(55*x,2*y,0,359,2);
                               /* Greenwillage */
  pieslice(65*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                               /* Bigsur
                            /* Monterey
  pieslice(30*x.8*y.0,359.2);
  pieslice(45*x.11*y/4,0,359,2); /* Salinas
                                            */
  pieslice(50*x.8*y.0.359.2);
                               /* Carmel
                                            */
  moveto(25*x,4*y); lineto(55*x,2*y); lineto(65*x,8*y);
  lineto(30*x,8*y); lineto(25*x,4*y);
  moveto(30*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y/4); lineto(50*x,8*y);
  outtextxy(24*x,3*y,"Marina");
  outtextxy(40*x,5*y/3,"Salinas");
  outte_txy(57*x,2*y,"Greenwillage");
  outtextxy(67*x,8*y,"Big Sur");
  outtextxy(45*x,9*y,"Carmel");
  outtextxy(25*x,9*y,"Monterey");
  outtextxy(33*x,4*y,"8");
  outtextxy(49*x,3*y,"3");
  outtextxy(63*x,6*y,"30");
  outtextxy(56*x,15*y/2,"15");
  outtextxy(37*x,15*y/2,"15");
  outtextxy(37*x,6*y,"12");
  outtextxy(29*x,6*y,"5");
  outtextxy(50*x,6*y,"15");
  outtextxy(2*x.13*y,"Here we have the town names as nodes and the roads as
                     edges of the graph.");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"The problem is to find a road network of minimal total length
                   that connects");
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"all the towns.");
outtextxy(2*x.17*y,"By inspection, we can begin by including those roads between
                   that are seperated");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"by the least distance. There must be a path between any pair
                   of towns, but");
outtextxy(2*x.19*y,"there must not be any roads that would cause a loop to form,
                   since that leads");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,"to extra paths. This leads us to a new concept, MINIMAL
                   SPANNING TREE.");
outtextxy(2*x.21*y,"Now let's leave this problem at this stage and see some
                   definitions. Later on");
outtextxy(2*x,22*y,"we will come back and see how we will solve it.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

/* PROGRAM : examp442.c
AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
DATE : Apr. 18, 1990
REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for implementation of Prim's algorithm.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkev.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC___)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                     /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,v,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff_name
                        name
#elif defined( ZTC )
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                       name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
/*******************
/* graphic initialization variables
/****************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/*****************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/********************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
******************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
                                                       */
/********************************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /****************************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
   }
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
*******************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch ();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break;
  default: break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/********************
/* This function sets the text default values
                                                 */
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
/*****************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/**********************
/* main routine that calls exer routine
void main()
 exer();
```

```
*/
/* This routine illustrates an implementation of Prim's MST algorithm.
/********************
void exer()
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-4-2");
  pieslice(3*x,4*y,0,359,2);
                              /* Marina
                                           */
  pieslice(33*x,2*y,0,359,2); /* Greenwillage */
  pieslice(43*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                              /* Bigsur
                                           */
  pieslice(8*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                              /* Monterey
                                            */
  pieslice(23*x,11*y/4,0,359,2); /* Salinas
                                            */
                               /* Carmel
                                            */
  pieslice(28*x,8*y,0,359,2);
  moveto(3*x,4*y); lineto(23*x,11*y/4); lineto(33*x,2*y);
  lineto(43*x,8*y); lineto(8*x,8*y); lineto(3*x,4*y);
  moveto(8*x,8*y); lineto(23*x,11*y/4); lineto(28*x,8*y);
  outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"Marina");
  outtextxy(18*x,5*y/3,"Salinas");
  outtextxy(28*x,5*y/3,"Greenwillage");
  outtextxy(36*x,17*y/2,"Big Sur");
  outtextxy(23*x,9*y,"Carmel");
  outtextxy(3*x,9*y,"Monterey");
  outtextxy(11*x,4*y,"8");
                           /* (Marina, Salinas)
  outtextxy(27*x,3*y,"3");
                          /* (Salinas, Greenwillage) */
  outtextxy(36*x,6*y,"30"); /* (Greenwillage, Bigsur) */
  outtextxy(34*x,15*y/2,"15"); /* (Carmel, Bigsur);
                                                    */
  outtextxy(15*x,15*y/2,"15"); /* (Monterey, Carmel)
  outtextxy(15*x,6*y,"12"); /* (Monterey, Salinas)
                                                    */
  outtextxy(7*x,6*y,"5"); /* (Monterey, Marina)
                                                    */
  outtextxy(28*x,6*y,"15"); /* (Salinas, Carmel)
                                                   */
  outtextxy(10*x,12*y,"L");
```

```
outtextxy(25*x,12*y,"EDGES TO CHECK");
outtextxy(52*x,12*y,"DISTANCE");
outtextxy(77*x,12*y,"T");
moveto(2*x,25*y/2);
lineto(18*x,25*y/2);
moveto(20*x,25*y/2);
lineto(49*x.25*y/2);
moveto(51*x.25*y/2);
lineto(61*x,25*v/2);
moveto(63*x,25*y/2);
lineto(88*x,25*v/2);
outtextxy(47*x,3*y/2,"THE WAY WE APPLIED PRIM'S ALG.");
moveto(43*x,2*y);
lineto(89*x,2*y);
outtextxy(43*x,3*y,". We arbitrarily chose Monterey and put ");
outtextxy(43*x,4*y," her in L.");
outtextxy(5*x,13*y,"Monterey");
outtextxy(43*x,5*y,". We listed all edges going out from Mon-");
outtextxy(43*x,6*y," terey and put them in edges to check.");
outtextxy(20*x,13*y,"(Monterey, Marina)");
outtextxy(56*x,13*y,"5");
outtextxy(20*x,14*y,"(Monterey, Salinas)");
outtextxy(55*x,14*y,"12");
outtextxy(20*x,15*y,"(Monterey, Carmel)");
outtextxy(55*x,15*y,"15");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y,". We chose (Monterey, Marina) since it has");
outtextxy(43*x,8*y," the minimum distance. And we delete");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y," this edge from the check list.");
outtextxy(63*x,13*y,"(Monterey, Marina)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(8*x,8*y); lineto(3*x,4*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(8*x,8*y); lineto(3*x,4*y); /* add (Monterey, Marina) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
```

```
moveto(20*x,13*y); lineto(40*x,13*y);/*delete (Monterey,Marina) from list*/
Pause(55*x,10*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,5*y/2,MaxX-3*x/2,45*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*************************
outtextxy(43*x,3*y,". We now add Marina to L since L <= ");
outtextxy(43*x,4*y," L U \{V\}");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"Marina");
outtextxy(43*x,5*y,". We listed all edges going out from Ma-");
outtextxy(43*x,6*y," rina and put them in edges to check.");
outtextxy(20*x,16*y,"(Marina, Salinas)");
outtextxy(56*x,16*y,"8");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y,". We chose (Marina, Salinas) since it has");
outtextxy(43*x,8*y," the minimum distance among the existing."):
outtextxy(43*x,9*y," edges. And we deleted this edge from the");
outtextxy(43*x,10*y," check list.");
outtextxy(63*x,16*y,"(Marina, Salinas)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(3*x,4*y); lineto(23*x,11*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(3*x,4*y); lineto(23*x,11*y/4); /* add (Marina,Salinas) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(20*x,16*y); lineto(40*x,16*y);/*delete (Marina,Salinas) from list*/
Pause(55*x,11*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,5*y/2,MaxX-3*x/2,45*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor):
outtextxy(43*x,3*y,". We now add Salinas to L since L <= ");
outtextxy(43*x,4*y," L U \{V\}");
outtextxy(5*x,17*y,"Salinas");
outtextxy(43*x,5*y,". We listed all edges going out from Sa-");
outtextxy(43*x,6*y," linas and put them in edges to check.");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y," And we deleted (Monterey, Salinas) from");
```

```
outtextxy(43*x,8*y," the list because it would cause cycle.");
outtextxy(20*x,17*y,"(Salinas, Greenwillage)");
outtextxy(56*x,17*y,"3");
outtextxy(20*x,18*y,"(Salinas, Carmel)");
outtextxy(55*x,18*y,"15");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y,". We choose (Salinas, Greenwillage) and ");
outtextxy(43*x,10*y," delete this edge from the check list.");
outtextxy(63*x,17*y,"(Salinas, Greenwillage)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(23*x,11*y/4); lineto(33*x,2*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(23*x,11*y/4); lineto(33*x,2*y); /* add (Salinas,Greenwillage to T*/
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(20*x,17*y); lineto(44*x,17*y);/*delete (Salinas,Greenwillage) from list*/
moveto(20*x,14*y); lineto(41*x,14*y);/*delete (Monterey,Salinas) from list*/
Pause(55*x,11*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,5*y/2,MaxX-3*x/2,45*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(43*x,3*y,". We add Greenwillage to L ");
outtextxy(5*x,19*y,"Greenwillage");
outtextxy(43*x,4*y,". We listed all edges going out from ");
outtextxy(43*x,5*y," Greenwillage in the check list.");
outtextxy(20*x,19*y,"(Greenwillage, Bigsur)");
outtextxy(55*x,19*y,"30");
outtextxy(43*x,6*y,". We chose (Monterey, Carmel) since ");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y," it is one of the least distances");
outtextxy(43*x,8*y," in the list. Here we could also ");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y," chose (Salinas, Carmel).");
outtextxy(63*x,15*y,"(Monterey, Carmel)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(8*x,8*y); lineto(28*x,8*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
```

```
moveto(8*x,8*y); lineto(28*x,8*y);/* add (Monterey, Carmel) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(20*x,15*v); lineto(40*x,15*v);/*delete (Monterey, Carmel) from list*/
Pause(55*x,11*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,5*y/2,MaxX-3*x/2,45*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
                         *************
outtextxy(43*x,3*y,". This time we add Carmel to L ");
outtextxy(5*x,20*y,"Carmel");
outtextxy(43*x,4*y,". We listed all edges going out from ");
outtextxy(43*x,5*y," Carmel in the check list. But we dele-");
outtextxy(43*x,6*y," ted (Salinas, Carmel) from the list ");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y," otherwise it would cause a cycle. ");
outtextxy(20*x,20*y,"(Carmel,Bigsur)");
outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"15");
outtextxy(43*x,8*y,". This time we chose (Carmel, Bigsur)");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y," since it has the least distance. ");
outtextxy(63*x,20*y,"(Carmel, Bigsur)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(28*x,8*y); lineto(43*x,8*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(28*x,8*y); lineto(43*x,8*y);/* add (Carmel, Bigsur) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(20*x,20*y); lineto(40*x,20*y);/*delete (Carmel,Bigsur) from list*/
moveto(20*x,18*y); lineto(40*x,18*y);/*delete (Salinas,Carmel) from list*/
Pause(55*x,11*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,5*y/2,MaxX-3*x/2,45*y/4);
setcolor(forecolor);
                          ****************
outtextxy(43*x,3*y,". Finally we add Bigsur to L which ");
outtextxy(43*x,4*y," is the last vertice in our graph.");
outtextxy(43*x,5*y," As you realize we can not add any");
outtextxy(43*x,6*y," other edge to out tree T. That is");
```

```
outtextxy(43*x,7*y," we are done.");
outtextxy(5*x,21*y,"Bigsur");
moveto(20*x,19*y); lineto(43*x,19*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
}
```

/* PROGRAM : examp443.c
AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
DATE : Apr. 18, 1990
REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for implementation of prims algorithm.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
                                            /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                      /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find_t
  #define ff_name
                        name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                         name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define GRAPH T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
                      */
/* Utility functions
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                  (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                   (void);
/* tutorial functions
                   */
static void exer
                   (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
im graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/***********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /****************************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph error = graphresult();
 if(graph_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 /******************************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25:
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
   ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else 1
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
/********************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*\pi/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break:
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break:
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break;
  default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
             /* restore any hidden hot keys */
 chgonkey(kblist);
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0.4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/***********************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/************************
/* main routine which calls exer routine
void main()
 exer();
```

```
/* This routine illustrates an implementation of the Prim's MST algorithgm.
void exer()
  init graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-4-3");
  /*****************
                           /* A */
  pieslice(5*x,7*y,0.359,2);
  pieslice(10*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* B */
  pieslice(35*x.7*y,0,359,2); /* G */
  pieslice(20*x,4*y,0,359,2); /* D */
  pieslice(20*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* E */
  pieslice(20*x.3*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
  pieslice(20*x,25*v/2,0,359,2); /* F */
  outtextxy(3*x.7*y,"A");
  outtextxy(36*x,7*y,"G");
  outtextxy(20*x/2,15*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"D");
  outtextxy(21*x,3*y/2,"C");
  outtextxy(20*x,19*y/2,"E");
  outtextxy(21*x,25*y/2,"F");
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  outtextxy(8*x,27*y/4,"1");
                           /* (A,B) */
  outtextxy(20*x,27*y/4,"5"); /* (B,G) */
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(20*x,4*y);
  moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,10*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
   moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(20*x,10*y);
   moveto(20*x.3*y/2); lineto(35*x.7*y);
   moveto(20*x.4*y); lineto(35*x.7*y);
   moveto(20*x,10*y); Iineto(35*x,7*y);
   moveto(20^{+}x,25^{+}y/2); lineto(35^{*}x,7^{*}y);
```

```
outtextxy(21*x,3*y,"2"); /* (C,D) */
outtextxy(21*x,11*y,"2"); /* (E,F) */
outtextxy(9*x,9*y/2,"4"); /* (A,C) */
outtextxy(11*x,8*y,"2"); /* (A,E) */
outtextxy(14*x,8*y,"3"); /* (B,E) */
outtextxy(29*x/2,6*y,"3"); /* (B,D) */
outtextxy(21*x/2,11*y/2,"2"); /* (A,D) */
outtextxy(30*x,9*y/2,"4"); /* (C,G) */
outtextxy(25*x,17*y/2,"3"); /* (E,G) */
outtextxy(21*x/2,10*y,"3"); /* (A,F) */
outtextxy(27*x,21*y/2,"3"); /* (F,G) */
outtextxy(25*x,11*y/2,"3"); /* (D,G) */
/***************************
outtextxy(46*x,2*y,"L");
outtextxy(52*x,2*y,"EDGES TO CHECK");
outtextxy(73*x,2*y,"DISTANCE");
outtextxy(86*x,2*y,"T");
moveto(44*x,5*y/2); lineto(49*x,5*y/2);
moveto(51*x,5*y/2); lineto(70*x,5*y/2);
moveto(72*x,5*y/2); lineto(82*x,5*y/2);
moveto(84*x,5*y/2); lineto(89*x,5*y/2);
outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"THE WAY WE APPLIED PRIM'S ALGORITHM"):
moveto(3*x/2,29*y/2); lineto(43*x,29*y/2);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". We again arbitrarily chose A and ");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," put her in L.");
outtextxy(46*x,3*y,"A");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y,". We list all edges going out from A");
outtextxy(2*x.18*y," and put them in edges to check. And,");
outtextxy(2*x.19*y," write their weights under DISTANCE");
outtextxy(58*x,3*y,"(A,C)");
outtextxy(76*x.3*y,"4");
outtextxy(58*x,4*y,"(A,D)");
outtextxy(76*x,4*y,"2");
outtextxy(58*x,5*y,"(A,B)");
outtextxy(76*x.5*y,"1");
```

```
outtextxy(58*x,6*y,"(A,E)");
outtextxy(76*x,6*y,"2");
outtextxy(58*x,7*y,"(A,F)");
outtextxy(76*x,7*y,"3");
outtextxy(2*x.20*y,". We chose (A,B) since it has the least");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," distance and we delete this edge from");
outtextxy(2*x.22*y," the check list.");
outtextxy(84*x,5*y,"(A,B)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,7*y); /* add (A, B) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
moveto(58*x.5*y); lineto(63*x,5*y); /* delete (A,B) from the list*/
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,50*x,24*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x.15*y,". We now add B to L since ");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y," L \le L U \{V\}");
outtextxy(46*x,8*y,"B");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y,". We listed all edges going out from B");
outtextxy(2*x.18*y," and put them in the check list.");
ouitextxy(58*x,8*y,"(B,D)");
outtextxy(76*x,8*y,"3");
outtextxy(58*x,9*y,"(B,G)");
outtextxy(76*x,9*y,"5");
outtextxy(58*x,10*y,"(B,E)");
outtextxy(76*x,10*y,"3");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". We chose (A,D) since it has the least dist-");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y," ance among the existing edges. And we delet-");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," ed this edge and (B,D) from the check list.");
outtextxy(2*x.22*y," (if we chose (B,D) we would have a cycle)");
outtextxy(84*x,4*y,"(A,D)");
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(5*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(5*x,7*y); /* add (A,D) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
moveto(58*x,4*y); lineto(63*x,4*y); /* delete (A,D) from the list */
moveto(58*x,8*y); lineto(77*x,8*y); /* delete (B,D) from the list */
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,24*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". We now add D to L.");
outtextxy(46*x,11*y,"D");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y,". We listed all edges going out from D");
outtextxy(2*x.17*y," and put them in the check list.");
outtextxy(58*x.11*y,"(D,C)");
outtextxy(76*x,11*y,"2");
outtextxy(58*x.12*y,"(D,G)");
outtextxy(76*x,12*y,"3");
outtextxy(2*x.18*y,". We chose (A,E) since it has the least dist-");
outtextxy(2*x.19*y," ance among the existing edges. And we delet-");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y," ed (A,E) and (B,E) from the check list. (It");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," would cause cycle if chose (B,E)). Here we");
outtextxy(2*x.22*y," could choose (D,C) also but (A,E) is the");
outtextxy(2*x.23*y," first one, that's why we chose (A,E).");
outtextxy(84*x,6*y,"(A,E)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x.10*y); Iineto(5*x,7*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x.10*y); lineto(5*x.7*y); /* add (A,E) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
moveto(58*x,6*y); lineto(63*x,6*y); /* delete (A,E) from the list */
moveto(58*x,10*y); lineto(77*x,10*y);/* delete (B,E) from the list */
```

```
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,55*x,24*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**************
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". We now add E to L.");
outtextxy(46*x,13*y,"E");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y,". We listed all edges going out from E");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," and put them in the check list.");
outtextxy(58*x,13*y,"(E,F)");
outtextxy(76*x,13*y,"2");
outtextxy(58*x,14*y,"(E,G)");
outtextxy(76*x,14*y,"3");
outtextxy(2*x.18*y,". We chose (D,C) since it has the least dist-");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y," ance among the existing edges. And we delet-");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y," ed (D,C) and (A,C) from the check list.");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," (It would cause a cycle if we chose (A,C)).");
outtex:xy(84*x,11*y,"(D,C)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2); /* add (D,C) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
moveto(58*x,11*y); lineto(63*x,11*y); /* delete (D,C) from the list */
moveto(58*x.3*y); lineto(77*x,3*y); /* delete (A,C) from the list */
Pause(7*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*y/4.55*x,24*y);
setcelor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x.15*y,". We now add C to L.");
outtextxy(46*x,15*y,"C");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y,". We listed all edges going out from");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," (i.e. (C,G)) and put them in the");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," check list.");
```

```
outtextxv(58*x,15*y,"(C,G)");
outtextxy(76*x,15*y,"4");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". We chose (E,F) since it has the");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y," least distance among the existing");
outtextxy(2*x,21*y," edges. And we deleted (E,F) and );
outtextxy(2*x,22*y," (A,F) from the check list.(It would");
outtextxy(2*x,23*y," cause a cycle if we chose (A,F)).");
outtextxv(84*x,13*y,"(E,F)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3.0.3);
moveto(20*x.10*y); lineto(20*x.25*y/2); /* add (E,F) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0.3);
moveto(58*x.13*y); lineto(63*x,13*y); /* delete (E,F) from the list */
moveto(58*x.7*y); lineto(77*x.7*y); /* delete (A,F) from the list */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,59*v/4,45*x,47*y/2);
bar(3*x/2,23*v,70*x,49*v/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". We now add F to L.");
outtextxy(46*x,16*y,"F");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y,". We listed all edges going out from");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y," (i.e. (F,G)) and put the n in the");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y," check list.");
outtextxy(58*x,16*y,"(F,G)");
outtextxy(76*x, 15*y, "3");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,". We chose (D,G) since it has the");
 outtextxy(2*x,20*y," least distance among the existing");
 outtextxy(2*x,21*y," edges. And we deleted (D,G) and");
 outtextxy(2*x,22*y," (B,G),(E,G),(C,G),(F,G) \text{ from the"});
 outtextxy(2*x,23*y," check list.(We would have cycle");
 outtextxy(2*x.47*y/2," if we chose any one of them).");
 outtextxy(84*x,12*y,"(DG)");
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); /* add (D,G) to T */
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 moveto(58*x,12*y); lineto(53*x,12*y); /* delete (D,G) from the list */
 moveto(58*x,9*y); lineto(77*x.9*y); /* delete (B,G) from the list */
 moveto(58*x,14*y): lineto(63*x,14*y); /* delete (E,G) from the list */
 moveto(58*x,15*y); lineto(77*x,15*y); /* delete (C,G) from the list */
 moveto(58*x,16*y); lineto(77*x,16*y); /* delete (F,G) from the list */
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(3*x/2,59*y/4,45*x,49*y/2);
 bar(3*x/2,23*y,70*x 49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  /***********************
 outtextxy(2*x,15*y,". We finally add G to L.");
 outtextxy(46*x,17*y,"G");
 outtextxy(2*x,16*y,". We see that there is no edge to");
 outtextxy(2*x,17*y," put in the check list. So, this");
 outtextxy(2*x.18*y," means we are done.");
  Pause(^{9}0*x,24*y);
 closegraph();
 videoinit();
}
```

/* PROGRAM : examp444.c
AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
DATE : Apr. 18, 1990
RFVISED : Apr. 18, 1990

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for kruskal's algorithm.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
                                            /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                      /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
   #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
   #define ffblk
                      find_t
   #define ff_name
                        name
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
   #define ffblk
                       FIND
   #define ff_name
                         name
   #define ff_attrib
                        attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
1
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
*/
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 1
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
   }
 else (
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if( mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))))
      outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
      ch = getch();
      if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
      setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
      setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
    case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
    case 'Y': closegraph();
           videoinit();
           exit(0);
           break:
    case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
           bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
           bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
           setcolor(forecolor);
           break;
     case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31 x, 23 y, 69 x, 97 y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break:
 default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine which calls exer routine
void main()
 exer();
```

```
*/
/* This routine illustrates an implementation of Kruskal's MST algorithm.
void exer()
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-4-5");
  pieslice(3*x,4*y,0,359,2); /* Marina
                                       */
 pieslice(33*x,2*y,0,359,2); /* Greenwillage */
 pieslice(43*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* Bigsur
                                       */
 pieslice(8*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* Monterey
                                        */
 pieslice(23*x,11*y/4,0,359,2); /* Salinas
                                         */
 pieslice(28*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* Carmel
                                        */
 moveto(3*x,4*y); lineto(33*x,2*y); lineto(43*x,8*y); lineto(8*x,8*y);
 lineto(3*x,4*y);
 moveto(8*x,8*y); lineto(23*x,11*y/4); lineto(28*x,8*y);
  outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"Marina");
  outtextxy(18*x,5*y/2,"Salinas");
  outtextxy(28*x,5*y/3,"Greenwillage");
  outtextxy(36*x,17*y/2,"Big Sur");
  outtextxy(23*x,9*y,"Carmel");
  outtextxy(3*x,9*y,"Monterey");
  outtextxy(11*x,4*y,"8");
  outtextxy(27*x,3*y,"3");
  outtextxy(36*x,6*y,"30");
  outtextxy(34*x,15*y/2,"15");
  outtextxy(15*x,15*y/2,"15");
  outtextxy(15*x,6*y,"12");
  outtextxy(7*x,6*y,"5");
  outtextxy(28*x,6*y,"15");
  outtextxy(5*x,12*y,"EDGES TO CHECK");
```

```
outtextxy(32*x,12*y,"DISTANCE");
moveto(2*x,25*y/2); lineto(29*x,25*y/2);
moveto(31*x,25*y/2); lineto(41*x,25*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"THE WAY WE APPLIED KRUSKAL'S ALG.");
moveto(43*x,25*y/2); lineto(90*x,25*y/2);
outtextxy(43*x,13*y,". We sorted the edges from least distance");
outtextxy(43*x,14*y," and listed them.");
outtextxy(2*x,13*y,"(Salinas, Greenwillage)");
outtextxy(36*x,13*y,"3");
outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"(Monterey, Marina)");
outtextxy(36*x,14*y,"5");
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"(Marina, Salinas)");
outtextxy(36*x,15*y,"8");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"(Monterey, Salinas)");
outtextxy(35*x,16*y,"12");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"(Monterey, Carmel)");
outtextxy(35*x,17*y,"15");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"(Salinas, Carmel)");
outtextxy(35*x,18*y,"15");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"(Carmel, Bigsur)");
outtextxy(35*x,19*y,"15");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,"(Bigsur, Greenwillage)");
outtextxy(35*x,20*y,"30");
outtextxy(43*x,15*y,". Now we will start to build the tree");
outtextxy(43*x,16*y," starting from the least edge.");
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(43*x,51*y/4,90*x,49*y/2);
/* Second graph having only the nodes. We will use this graph to show
                                                               */
/* how the minimal spanning tree grows on.
                                                                */
/**********************
pieslice(46*x,4*y,0,359,2); /* Marina
pieslice(76*x,2*y,0,359,2); /* Greenwillage */
pieslice(86*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* Bigsur
```

```
pieslice(51*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                           /* Monterey
                                           */
pieslice(66*x,11*y/4,0,359,2); /* Salinas
                                          */
pieslice(71*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Carmel
                                           */
outtextxy(45*x,3*y,"Marina");
outtextxy(56*x,5*y/2,"Salinas");
outtextxy(71*x,5*y/3,"Greenwillage");
outtextxy(80*x,17*y/2,"Big Sur");
outtextxy(66*x,9*y,"Carmel");
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"Monterey");
/***********************
outtextxy(43*x,13*y,". As you will see we will start from");
out:extxy(43*x,14*y," first edge (the least distance)");
outtextxy(43*x,15*y," and will connect the nodes in the");
outtextxy(43*x,16*y," next graph accordingly.");
moveto(66*x,11*y/4); lineto(76*x,2*y);/* add (Salinas,Greenwillage) to tree*/
moveto(2*x,13*y); lineto(29*x,13*y); /* delete this from the list
outtextxy(70*x,3*y,"3");
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(43*x,51*y/4,90*x,49*y/2);
moveto(51*x,8*y); lineto(46*x,4*y); /* add (Monterey, Marina) to tree */
moveto(2*x,14*y); lineto(29*x,14*y); /* delete this edge from the list */
outtextxy(47*x,6*y,"5");
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(43*x,51*y/4,90*x,49*y/2);
moveto(46*x,4*y); lineto(66*x,11*y/4); /* add (Marina,Salinas) to tree */
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(29*x,15*y); /* delete this edge from the list*/
outtextxy(56*x,4*y,"8");
outtextxy(43*x,16*y," Here as you see we cannot choose");
outtextxy(43*x,17*y," (Monterey, Salinas) because it");
outtextxy(43*x,18*y," cause a cycle. So we skip this edge.");
moveto(2*x,16*y); lineto(41*x,16*y); /* delete (Monterey, Salinas) from the list*/
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(43*x,51*y/4,90*x,49*y/2);
```

```
outtextxy(43*x,17*y,". Now we will continue from where ");
outtextxy(43*x,18*y," we left, that is from (Monterey,");
outtextxy(43*x,19*y," Carmel).");
moveto(51*x,8*y); lineto(71*x,8*y);/* add (Monterey, Carmel) to tree */
moveto(2*x,17*y); lineto(29*x,17*y);/* delete this edge from the list */
outtextxy(58*x,15*y/2,"15");
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(43*x,51*y/4,90*x,49*y/2);
outtextxy(43*x,18*y,". Again, here we cannot choose");
outtextxy(43*x,19*y," (Salinas, Carmel) because of");
outtextxy(43*x,20*y," cycle. So we skip to the next");
outtextxy(43*x,21*y," edge, (Carnel, Bigsur).");
moveto(2*x,18*y); lineto(41*x,18*y);/* delete (Carmel,Bigsur) from the list*/
Pause(55*x,24*y);
moveto(71*x,8*y); lineto(86*x,8*y);/* delete (Salinas, Carmel) from list */
moveto(2*x,19*y); lineto(29*x,19*y);/* delete (Carnel,Bigsur) from list */
outtextxy(77*x,15*y/2,"15");
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(43*x,51*y/4,90*x,49*y/2);
outtextxy(43*x,20*y,". Here, as you see we connected");
outtextxy(43*x,21*y," all the existing edges. So we");
outtextxy(43*x,22*y," are done.");
/************************
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM: examp445.c
AUTHOR: Atilla BAKAN
DATE: Apr. 18, 1990
REVISED: Apr. 18, 1990
```

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for a Kruskal's algorithm implementation.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
                                            /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                      /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b);
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find_t
  #define ff_name
                        name
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                       FIND
  #define ff name
                         name
  #define ff_attrib
                        attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/*********************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
******************
                                                  */
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
   1
 else (
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(43*x,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(44*x,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(43*x,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
     outtextxy(44*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(tackcolor);
     bar(43*x,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(43*x,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor),
      break:
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
      bar(43*x,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
      setcolor(forecolor);
      break;
  default : break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
        *********************
/* This function sets the text default values
                                                       */
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
}
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
```

```
*/
/* main routine which calls exer routine
void main()
 exer();
/* This routine illustrates an implementation of the Kruskal's MST algorithm.
                                                     */
void exer()
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-4-6");
 pieslice(5*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* A */
 pieslice(10*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* B */
 pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(20*x,4*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(20*x, 10*y, 0, 359, 2); /* E */
 pieslice(20*x,3*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
 pieslice(20*x,25*y/2,0,359,2); /* F */
 outtextxy(3*x,7*y,"A");
 outtextxy(36*x,7*y,"G");
 outtextxy(20*x/2,15*v/2,"B");
 outtextxy(20*x,9*y/2,"D");
 outtextxy(21*x,3*y/2,"C");
 outtextxy(20*x,19*y/2,"E");
 outtextxy(21*x,25*y/2,"F");
 moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(8*x,27*y/4,"1"); /* (A,B) */
```

```
outtextxy(20*x,27*y/4,"5"); /* (B,G) */
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,4*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(20*x,4*y);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,10*y); lineto(10*x,7*y);
moveto(5*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(20*x,10*y);
moveto(20*x,3*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(20*x,4*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(20*x,25*y/2); lineto(35*x,7*y);
outtextxy(21*x,3*y,"2"); /* (C,D) */
outtextxy(21*x,11*y,"2"); /* (E,F) */
outtextxy(9*x,9*y/2,"4"); /* (A,C) */
outtextxy(11*x,8*y,"2"); /* (A,E) */
outtextxy(14*x,8*y,"3"); /* (B,E) */
outtextxy(29*x/2,6*y,"3"); /* (B,D) */
outtextxy(21*x/2,11*y/2,"2"); /* (A,D) */
outtextxy(30*x,9*y/2,"4"); /* (C,G) */
outtextxy(25*x,17*y/2,"3"); /* (E,G) */
outtextxy(21*x/2,10*y,"3"); /* (A,F) */
outtextxy(27*x,21*y/2,"3"); /* (F,G) */
outtextxy(25*x,11*y/2,"3"); /* (D,G) */
/***********************
outtextxy(45*x,3*y/2,"EDGES TO CHECK");
outtextxy(67*x,3*y/2,"WEIGHT");
moveto(44*x,2*y); lineto(60*x,2*y);
moveto(65*x,2*y); lineto(75*x,2*y);
outtextxy(44*x,35*y/2,"THE WAY WE APPLIED KRUSKAL'S ALGORITHM");
moveto(44*x,18*y); lineto(90*x,18*y);
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,". To apply this algorithm we will sort ");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y," the edges from the least to the great-");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y," est and we will list them.");
Pause(55*x.24*v):
bar(44*x,37*y/2,89*x,49*y/2);
outtextxy(49*x,3*y,"(A,B)"); outtextxy(70*x,3*y,"1");
```

```
outtextxy(49*x,4*y,"(A,D)"); outtextxy(70*x,4*y,"2");
outtextxy(49*x,5*y,"(A,E)"); outtextxy(70*x,5*y,"2");
outtextxy(49*x,6*y,"(C,D)"); outtextxy(70*x,6*y,"2");
outtextxy(49*x,7*y,"(E,F)"); outtextxy(70*x,7*y,"2");
outtextxy(49*x,8*y,"(A,F)"); outtextxy(70*x,8*y,"3");
outtextxy(49*x,9*y,"(B,D)"); outtextxy(70*x,9*y,"3");
outtextxy(49*x,10*y,"(B,E)"); outtextxy(70*x,10*y,"3");
outtextxy(49*x,11*y,"(D,G)"); outtextxy(70*x,11*y,"2");
outtextxy(49*x,12*y,"(E,G)"); outtextxy(70*x,12*y,"3");
outtextxy(49*x,13*y,"(F,G)"); outtextxy(70*x,13*y,"3");
outtextxy(49*x,14*y,"(A,C)"); outtextxy(70*x,14*y,"4");
outtextxy(49*x,15*y,"(C,G)"); outtextxy(70*x,15*y,"4");
outtextxy(49*x,16*y,"(B,G)"); outtextxy(70*x,16*y,"5");
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(44*x,37*y/2,89*x,49*y/2);
/**************************
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,". Now we are going to build the tree");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y," starting from the least edge.");
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(44*x.37*v/2.89*x.49*v/2);
pieslice(5*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(10*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* B */
pieslice(35*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* G */
pieslice(20*x,16*y,0,359,2); /* D */
pieslice(20*x,22*y,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(20*x,27*y/2,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(20*x,49*y/2,0,359,2); /* F */
outtextxy(3*x,19*y,"A");
outtextxy(36*x,19*y,"G");
outtextxy(20*x/2,39*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(20*x,33*y/2,"D");
outtextxy(21*x,13*y,"C");
outtextxy(20*x,43*y/2,"E");
outtextxy(21*x,49*y/2,"F");
```

```
moveto(5*x,19*y); lineto(10*x,19*y);
moveto(49*x,3*y); lineto(54*x,3*y);
outtextxy(8*x,75*y/4,"1"); /*(A,B)*/
Pause(55*x.24*y):
bar(44*x,37*y/2,89*x,49*y/2);
moveto(5*x,19*y); lineto(20*x,16*y);
moveto(49*x,4*y); lineto(54*x,4*y);
outtextxy(21*x/2,35*y/2,"2"); /* (A,D) */
Pause(55*x.24*v):
bar(44*x.37*y/2.89*x.49*y/2);
/*********************
moveto(5*x,19*y); lineto(20*x,22*y);
moveto(49*x,5*y); lineto(54*x,5*y);
outtextxy(11*x,20*y,"2"); /* (A,E) */
Pause(55*x.24*v):
bar(44*x,37*y/2,89*x,49*y/2);
moveto(20*x,16*y); lineto(20*x,27*y/2);
moveto(49*x,6*y); lineto(54*x,6*y);
outtextxy(21*x,15*y,"2"); /* (C,D) */
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(44*x,37*y/2,89*x,49*y/2);
moveto(20*x,22*y); lineto(20*x,49*y/2);
moveto(49*x,7*y); lineto(54*x,7*y);
outtextxy(21*x,23*y,"2"); /* (E,F) */
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(44*x,37*y/2,89*x,49*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,". At this point we cannot add (A,F),");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y," (B,D), or (B,E) to the tree, because");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y," otherwise we would have cycle. So we");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y," we will skip these edges.");
moveto(49*x,8*y); lineto(72*x,8*y);
moveto(49*x,9*y); lineto(72*x,9*y);
```

```
moveto(49*x,10*y); lineto(72*x,10*y);
Pause(55*x,24*y);
bar(44*x,37*y/2,89*x,49*y/2);
/***********************
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,". We now continue from where we left.");
moveto(20*x,16*y); lineto(35*x,19*y);
moveto(49*x,11*y); lineto(54*x,11*y);
outtextxy(25*x,73*y/4,"3"); /* (D,G) */
outtextxy(44*x,20*y," We added (D,G) to the tree. As you ");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y," see adding this edge completed the");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y," existing nodes in the tree. This means");
outtextxy(44*x,23*y," we are done and we stop here.");
Pause(55*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
: Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
              : Mar. 22, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED: Apr. 22, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the first exercise about the minimal
                   spanning trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
                      attribute
  #define ff_attrib
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM: q441.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                 (void);
static void example
                   (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                    (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                    (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
                                                               */
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
*/
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/***********************
static void init graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /***********************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph error = graphresult();
 if(graph_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 /**********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 /*********************
```

```
if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
    ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else (
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) (
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
```

```
switch (ch)
  case 'y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   default : break;
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine that calls exer routine
                                             */
/*_____
----*/
void main()
 exer();
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
/***********************
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 1");
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Use Prim's algorithm to find a minimal spanning tree. (Start at
            A. If there");
```

```
order.)");
/* A */
pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(35*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                          /* B */
pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                          /* C */
pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                          /* D */
pieslice(25*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                          /* E */
pieslice(35*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                          /* F */
pieslice(45*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                          /* G */
pieslice(55*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                          /* H */
pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                          /* I */
pieslice(45*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                          /* J */
outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(35*x,9*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(45*x,9*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"D");
outtextxy(23*x,8*y,"E");
outtextxy(33*x,17*y/2,"F");
outtexixy(47*x,17*y/2,"G");
outtextxy(57*x.8*y."H");
outtextxy(35*x,23*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(45*x,23*y/2,"J");
/************************
outtextxy(30*x,9*y/2,"4"); /* (A, B) */
outtextxy(50*x,9*y/2,"3");
                           /* (C, D) */
outtextxy(23*x,13*y/2,"3");
                           /* (A, E) */
outtextxy(36*x,13*y/2,"5");
                           /* (B, F) */
outtextxy(43*x,13*y/2,"2");
                           /* (C, G) */
outtextxy(56*x,13*y/2,"2");
                           /* (D, H) */
outtextxy(50*x,6*y,"2");
                           /* (C, H) */
outtextxy(30*x,15*y/2,"6");
                           /* (E, F) */
outtextxy(40*x,15*y/2,"1");
                           /* (F, G) */
outtextxy(49*x,15*y/2,"4");
                           /* (G, H) */
outtextxy(33*x,19*y/2,"4");
                           /* (F, I) */
```

outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"is a choice of edges select edges according to alphabetical

```
outtextxy(40*x,23*y/2,"3"); /* (I, J) */
outtextxy(46*x,19*y/2,"1");
                              /* (G, J) */
outtextxy(38*x,19*y/2,"2"); /* (G, I) */
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
lineto(25*x,8*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
lineto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,11*y);lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
lineto(55*x,8*y);lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,5*y);lineto(55*x,8*y);
/***********************
while (in the exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch():
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) 
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(back nolor);
    bar(50*x.37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break:
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
    confirm_exit();
    break;
  default : break;
closegraph();
```

```
*******************
/* This routine gives Prim's minimal spanning tree algorithm
                                                                */
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(5*x,15*y,"Step 1 . Pick an arbitrary initial vertex x.");
  outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"
                       L = \{ x \}, T = 0" \};
  outtextxy(5*x,17*y,"Step 2. If |L| = n then stop and output T.");
  outtextxy(5*x,18*y,"Step 3. Else, find all edges with one vertex Ui in L and the
                  other Vj ");
                      which is not in L yet. Pick the one with least weight,
  outtextxy(5*x,19*y,"
                  (U, V)");
  outtextxy(5*x,20*y,"
                      L \leftarrow L U \{V\}");
 outtextxy(5*x,21*y,"
                      T < T U \{U, V\}");
 outtextxy(5*x,22*y," go to Step 2.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,13*y,88*x,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
1
/***********************
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
/**********************************
static void compare_solutions(void)
1
                      /* Clean the game field */
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
  moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
  moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
  moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x.8*y);
  moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
  moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
```

```
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
                         ***************
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
```

```
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
                                                               */
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                      /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /********************************
 outtextxy(62*x,5*y,"L");
 outtextxy(69*x,9*y/2,"EDGES");
 outtextxy(67*x,5*y,"TO CHECK");
 outtextxy(78*x,5*y," Wt.");
 outtextxy(86*x,5*y,"T");
 moveto(60*x,11*y/2); lineto(65*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(66*x,11*y/2); lineto(75*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(77*x,11*y/2); lineto(82*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(84*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
 /*********************
 outtextxy(62*x,6*y,"A");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(69*x,6*y,"(A,B)");
 outtextxy(79*x,6*y,"4");
 outtextxy(69*x,7*y,"(A,E)");
 outtextxy(79*x,7*y,"3");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(84*x,7*y,"(A,E)");
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y); /* add (A, E) to T */
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 moveto(69*x,7*y); lineto(74*x,7*y); /* delete (A,E) from the list*/
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                  ********************
/**********
outtextxv(62*x.8*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,8*y,"(E, F)");
outtextxy(79*x,8*y,"6");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,6*y,"(A,B)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y); /* add (A, B) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,6*y); lineto(74*x,6*y); /* delete(A,B) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                    ********************
 /**********
 outtextxy(62*x,9*y,"B");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(69*x,9*y,"(B,F)");
 outtextxy(79*x,9*y,"5");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(84*x,9*y,"(B,F)");
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y); /* add (B, F) to T */
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 moveto(69*x,9*y); lineto(74*x,9*y); /* delete (B, F) from the list*/
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(62*x,10*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,10*y,"(F,G)");
outtextxv(79*x.10*y,"1");
outtextxy(69*x,11*y,"(F,I)");
outtextxy(79*x,11*y,"4");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,10*y,"(F,G)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y); /* add (F, G) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,10*y); lineto(74*x,10*y); /* delete (F, G) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(62*x,12*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,12*y,"(G, C)");
outtextxy(79*x,12*y,"2");
outtextxy(69*x,13*y,"(G, H)");
outtextxy(79*x,13*y,"4");
outtextxy(69*x,14*y,"(G, I)");
outtextxy(79*x,14*y,"2");
outtextxy(69*x,15*y,"(G, J)");
outtextxy(79*x,15*y,"1");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,15*y,"(G,J)");
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y); /* add (G, J) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,15*y); lineto(74*x,15*y); /* delete (G, J) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                    *******************
outtextxy(62*x,16*y,"J");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,16*y,"(J,I)");
outtextxy(79*x,16*y,"3");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,12*y,"(G,C)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y); /* add (G, C) to T */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
moveto(69*x,12*y); lineto(74*x,12*y); /* delete (G, C) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*********
outtextxy(62*x,17*y,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,17*y,"(C, D)");
outtextxy(79*x,17*y,"2");
outtextxy(69*x,18*y,"(C, H)");
outtextxy(79*x,18*y,"2");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
outtextxy(84*x,14*y,"(G,I)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y); /* add (G, I) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,14*y); lineto(74*x,14*y); /* delete (G, I) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(62*x,19*y,"I");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,18*y,"(C,H)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55\div x,8*y); /* add (C, H) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,18*y); lineto(74*x,18*y); /* delete (C, H) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(62*x,20*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,20*y,"(H, D)");
outtextxy(79*x,20*y,"2");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,20*y,"(H,D)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y); /* add (H, D) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,20*y); lineto(74*x,20*y); /* delete (H, D) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
                          /* Clean the game field again */
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(59*x,7*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
```

```
********************
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch = 'y') || (ch = 'n') || (ch = 'Y') || (ch = 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break:
   default : break;
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
               : Mar. 22, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED
               : Apr. 22, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the second exercise about the minimal
                  spanning trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                          C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                       name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : q442.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
                  */
/* Utility functions
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
               (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
               (void);
/* tutorial functions
               */
static void exer
                (void);
static void example
                  (void);
static void show_alg
                  (void);
static void step_solution
                  (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                  (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/**********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/**********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/**********************
static void init graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /***********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /**********************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
    backcolor = BLACK;
    quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
    backcolor = BLUE;
    quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
            ********************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  switch (ch)
```

```
case 'y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
 case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
 case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
 case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
 default : break;
nidecur();
if(_mouse&MS_CJRS) msshowcur();
chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
```

}

```
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
setlinestyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine which calls exer routine
void main()
exer();
```

```
**************
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
                                                                         */
/* makes necessary explanations
                                                                           */
                          *****************
static void exer(void)
  char Ch;
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 2");
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Use Kruskal's algorithm to find a minimal spanning tree. (Start
                    at A. If ");
  outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"there is a choice of edges select edges according to alphabeti-
                    cal order.)");
  pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* A */
                            /* B */
  pieslice(35*x,5*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                              /* C */
  pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* D */
  pieslice(25*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                              /* E */
  pieslice(35*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* F */
  pieslice(45*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* G */
  pieslice(55*x,8*y,0,359,2);
                              /* H */
  pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                               /* I */
  pieslice(45*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                               /* J */
  outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
  outtextxy(35*x,9*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(45*x,9*y/2,"C");
  outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"D");
  outtextxy(23*x,8*y,"E");
  outtextxy(33*x,17*y/2,"F");
```

```
outtextxy(47*x.17*y/2."G");
outtextxy(57*x,8*y,"H");
outtextxy(35*x,23*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(45*x,23*y/2,"J");
outtextxy(30*x,9*y/2,"4"); /* (A, B) */
outtextxy(50*x,9*y/2,"3"); /* (C, D) */
                         /* (A, E) */
outtextxy(23*x,13*y/2,"3");
outtextxy(36*x,13*y/2,"5"); /* (B, F) */
outtextxy(43*x,13*y/2,"2"); /* (C, G) */
outtextxy(56*x,13*y/2,"2");
                         /* (D, H) */
                        /* (C, H) */
outtextxy(50*x,6*y,"2");
outtextxy(30*x,15*y/2,"6");
                          /* (E, F) */
outtextxy(40*x,15*y/2,"1"); /* (F, G) */
outtextxy(49*x,15*y/2,"4");
                         /* (G, H) */
outtextxy(33*x,19*y/2,"4"); /* (F, I) */
outtextxy(40*x,23*y/2,"3"); /* (I, J) */
outtextxv(46*x.19*v/2."1");
                           /* (G, J) */
                           /* (G. I) */
outtextxy(38*x,19*y/2,"2");
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
lineto(25*x,8*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
lineto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,11*y);lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
lineto(55*x,8*y);lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,5*y);lineto(55*x,8*y);
while (in the exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
```

```
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) {}
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch = 'a') || (Ch = 'b') || (Ch = 'c') || (Ch = 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break:
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
```

```
outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
     outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
     Pause(30*x.24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
     bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     step_solution();
     break;
   case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
     confirm_exit();
     break;
   default : break;
  closegraph();
/* This routine gives Prim's minimal spanning tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
1
  outtextxy(5*x,15*y,"Step 1. Order the edges from smallest weight to largest.");
  outtextxy(5*x,17*y,"Step 2. Add the edges in order, as long as a cycle is not");
  outtextxy(5*x,18*y,"
                      created. T can be disconnected until it's completed.");
   outtextxy(5*x,20*y,"Step 3. If all nodes are visited STOP, or else GO TO Step
2.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,13*y,88*x,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
                                                     */
static void compare_solutions(void)
                  /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
 moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
 moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
 moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
 moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
 moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
 moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
 moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
 moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
 moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
 moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
 moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
 moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
 moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
                                                             */
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                     /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  /**********************
 outtextxy(61*x,5*y,"EDGES TO CHECK");
 outtextxy(78*x,5*y,"WEIGHT");
 moveto(60*x,11*y/2); lineto(75*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(77*x,11*y/2); linetc(85*x,11*y/2);
  outtextxy(65*x,6*y,"(F,G)"); outtextxy(81*x,6*y,"1");
  outtextxy(65*x,7*y,"(G,J)"); outtextxy(81*x,7*y,"1");
 outtextxy(65*x,8*y,"(C,H)"); outtextxy(81*x,10*y,"2");
  outtextxy(65*x,9*y,"(D,H)"); outtextxy(81*x,11*y,"2");
  outtextxy(65*x,10*y,"(G,C)"); outtextxy(81*x,9*y,"2");
  outtextxy(65*x,11*y,"(G,I)"); outtextxy(81*x,8*y,"2");
  outtextxy(65*x,12*y,"(A,E)"); outtextxy(81*x,12*y,"3");
  outtextxy(65*x,13*y,"(C,D)"); outtextxy(81*x,13*y,"3");
  outtextxy(65*x,14*y,"(I,J)"); outtextxy(81*x,14*y,"3");
```

```
outtextxy(65*x,15*y,"(A,B)"); outtextxy(81*x,15*y,"4");
outtextxy(65*x,16*y,"(F,I)"); outtextxy(81*x,16*y,"4");
outtextxy(65*x,17*y,"(G,H)"); outtextxy(81*x,17*y,"4");
outtextxy(65*x,18*y,"(B,F)"); outtextxy(81*x,18*y,"5");
outtextxy(65*x,19*y,"(E,F)"); outtextxy(81*x,19*y,"6");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x.23*y.50*x.49*y/2);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
lineto(25*x,8*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
lineto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,11*y);lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
lineto(55*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,5*y);lineto(55*x,8*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
/********************
pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(35*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* B */
pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* D */
pieslice(25*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(35*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* F */
pieslice(45*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* G */
pieslice(55*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* H */
pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* I */
pieslice(45*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* J */
Pause(30*x,24*y):
moveto(65*x,6*y); lineto(70*x,6*y); /* (F,G) */
moveto(35*x.8*y); lineto(45*x.8*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
moveto(65*x,7*y); lineto(70*x,7*y); /* (G,J) */
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,8*y); lineto(70*x,8*y); /* (D,H) */
moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,9*y); lineto(70*x,9*y); /* (G,C) */
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,10*y); lineto(70*x,10*y); /* (G,I) */
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor/backculury.
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/****************************
moveto(65*x,11*y); lineto(70*x,11*y); /* (A,E) */
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
moveto(65*x,12*y); lineto(70*x,12*y); /* (C,D) */
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,13*y); lineto(81*x,13*y); /* (I,J) */
moveto(65*x,14*y); lineto(70*x,14*y); /* (A,B) */
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,15*y); lineto(81*x,15*y); /* (F,I) */
moveto(65*x,16*y); lineto(81*x,16*y); /* (G,H) */
moveto(65*x,17*y); lineto(70*x,17*y); /* (B,F) */
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(65*x,21*y,"We are done.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
                     /* Clean the game field again */
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(59*x,7*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,8*y);
moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,11*y);lineto(45*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,8*y);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break:
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   default : break;
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
              : Mar. 22, 1990
 REVISED: Apr. 22, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the third exercise about the minimal
                   spanning trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_186) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM: q443.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                 (void);
static void example
                   (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                    (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                    (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/**********************
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 /*********************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
    backcolor = BLACK;
    quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
    backcolor = BLUE;
    quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
         static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'Y'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
```

```
switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break:
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(3)*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   default : break;
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
}
/* main routine that calls exer routine
void main()
1
exer();
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
                                        */
/* makes necessary explanations
                                         */
static void exer(void)
 char Ch:
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 3");
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Use Prim's algorithm to find a minimal spanning tree. (Start at
           A. If there");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"is a choice of edges select edges according to alphabetical
               order.)");
pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* D */
pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* F */
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* H */
/*********************************
outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"D");
outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"G");
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"H");
outtextxy(40*x,9*y/2,"4"); /* (A, C) */
outtextxy(23*x,8*y,"6"); /* (A, B) */
outtextxy(32*x,6*y,"2");
                      /* (A, E) */
outtextxy(56*x,8*y,"5"); /* (C, D) */
outtextxy(40*x,23*y/2,"3"); /* (B, D) */
outtextxy(33*x,8*y,"2"); /* (E, G) */
outtextxy(40*x,13*y/2,"2"); /* (E, F) */
outtextxy(42*x,8*y,"2");
                     /* (F, G) */
outtextxy(46*x,8*y,"1"); /* (F, H) */
outtextxy(40*x,19*y/2,"3"); /* (G, H) */
outtextxy(52*x,10*y,"1"); /* (H, D) */
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
```

```
lineto(45*x,9*y):
moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) {}
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y,' Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) |
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm");
    outextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break:
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
```

```
outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
    confirm_exit();
    break:
  default : break;
closegraph();
```

```
/* This routine gives Prim's minimal spanning tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
{
  outtextxy(5*x,15*y,"Step 1 . Pick an arbitrary initial vertex x.");
                         L = \{x\}, T = 0");
  outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"
  outtextxy(5*x,17*y,"Step 2. If |L| = n then stop and output T.");
   outtextxy(5*x,18*y,"Step 3. Else, find all edges with one vertex Ui in L and the
other Vj ");
  outtextxy(5*x,19*y,"
                          which is not in L yet. Pick the one with least weight, (U,
V)");
  outtextxy(5*x,20*y,"
                         L \leftarrow L U \{V\}");
 outtextxy(5*x,21*y,"
                         T \leftarrow T U \{U, V\}");
 outtextxy(5*x,22*y,"
                         go to Step 2.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,13*y.88*x,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
}
```

```
******************
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
                                                  */
static void compare_solutions(void)
                 /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
 lineto(25*x,11*y);
 moveto(35*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
 lineto(25*x,11*y);
 moveto(35*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
 /********************
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
 lineto(25*x,11*y);
 moveto(35*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
```

```
*****************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
                      /* Clean the game field */
  setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*z/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  outtextxy(62*x,5*y,"L");
  outtextxy(69*x,9*y/2,"EDGES");
  outtextxy(67*x,5*y,"TO CHECK");
  outtextxy(78*x,5*y," Wt.");
  outtextxy(86*x,5*y,"T");
  moveto(60*x,11*y/2); lineto(65*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(66*x,11*y/2); lineto(75*x,11*y/2);
  moveto(77*x,11*y/2); lineto(82*x,11*y/2);
  moveto(84*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
  /************************
  outtextxy(62*x,6*y,"A");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  outtextxy(69*x,6*y,"(A,B)");
  outtextxy(79*x,6*y,"6");
  outtextxy(69*x,7*y,"(A,C)");
  outtextxy(79*x,7*y,"4");
  outtextxy(69*x,8*y,"(A,E)");
  outtextxy(79*x,8*y,"2");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  outtextxy(84*x,8*y,"(A,E)");
  setcolor(backcolor);
  moveto(25*x,5*y); Iineto(35*x,7*y);
  setlinestyle(3,0,3);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); /* add (A, E) to T */
  setlinestyle(0,0,3);
```

```
moveto(69*x,8*y); lineto(74*x,8*y); /* delete (A,E) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*********************
outtextxy(62*x,9*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,9*y,"(E,F)");
outtextxy(79*x,9*y,"2");
outtextxy(69*x,10*y,"(E,G)");
outtextxy(79*x,10*y,"2");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,6*y,"(E,F)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,7*y); /* add (E, F) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,9*y); lineto(74*x,9*y); /* delete (A,B) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/************************
outtextxy(62*x,11*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,11*y,"(F,G)");
outtextxy(79*x,11*y,"2");
outtextxy(69*x,12*y,"(F,H)");
outtextxy(79*x,12*y,"1");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,9*y,"(F,H)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y); /* add (F, H) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,12*y); lineto(74*x,12*y); /* delete (F, H) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********
outtextxy(62*x,13*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,13*y,"(H,D)");
outtextxy(79*x,13*y,"1");
outtextxy(69*x,14*y,"(H,G)");
outtextxy(79*x,14*y,"3");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,13*y,"(H,D)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); /* add (H, D) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,13*y); lineto(74*x,13*y); /* delete (H, D) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                   ************
outtextxy(62*x,15*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,15*y,"(D,B)");
outtextxy(79*x,15*y,"3");
outtextxy(69*x,16*y,"(D,C)");
outtextxy(79*x,16*y,"5");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*x,10*y,"(E,G)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y); /* add (E, G) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,10*y); lineto(74*x,10*y); /* delete (E, G) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*******
outtextxy(62*x,17*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,17*y,"-");
outtextxy(79*x,17*y,"-");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(84*7,15*y,"(D,B)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); /* add (D, B) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,15*y); lineto(74*x,15*y); /* delete (D, B) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y.50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(62*x,18*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(69*x,18*y,"-");
outtextxy(79*x,18*y,"-");
```

```
outtextxy(84*x,7*y,"(A,C)");
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); /* add (A, C) to T */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
moveto(69*x,7*y); lineto(74*x,7*y); /* delete (A, C) from the list*/
Pause(30*x,24*y);
se. olor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(62*x,20*y,"We are done.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
                          /* Clean the game field again */
bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(59*x,7*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
lineto(25*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n \cdot - \cdot");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2.22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   default : break;
1
```

```
/* PROGRAM: q444.c
  AUTYOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Mar. 22, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 22, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the forth exercise about the minimal
                   spanning trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program, is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                          C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* .-1SC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_!ceybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined( _ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  "define ff_name
                       name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
```

#endif

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                      */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                  (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                  (void);
/* tutorial functions
                   */
static void exer
                   (void);
static void example
                     (void);
static void show_alg
                      (void);
static void step_solution
                      (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY,
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph error = graphresult();
if(graph\_error < 0)
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 /**********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = Max X/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N')))
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
```

```
switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'n'. setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   default : break;
   }
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 4");
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Use Kruskal's algorithm to find a minimal spanning tree. (Start
                 at A. If ");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"there is a choice of edges select edges according to alphabeti-
                cal order.)");
  pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                        /* A */
 pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                       /* B */
 pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                        /* C */
 pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* D */
  pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* E */
 pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* F */
 pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                        /* G */
 pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                        /* H */
  outtextxy(25*x,9*y/2,"A");
 outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(55*x,9*y/2,"C");
  outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"D");
  outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"E");
  outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"F");
  outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"G");
  outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"H");
```

```
************
outtextxy(40*x,9*y/2,"4"); /* (A, C) */
                      /* (A, B) */
/* (A, E) */
outtextxy(23*x,8*y,"6");
outtextxy(32*x,6*y,"2");
outtextxy(56*x,8*y,"5"); /* (C, D) */
outtextxy(40*x,23*y/2,"3"); /* (B, D) */
                     /* (E, G) */
outtextxy(33*x,8*y,"2");
                         /* (E, F) */
outtextxy(40*x,13*y/2,"2");
outtextxy(42*x,8*y,"2"); /* (F, G) */
outtextxy(46*x,8*y,"1"); /* (F, H) */
outtextxy(40*x,19*y/2,"3");
                         /* (G, H) */
outtextxy(52*x,10*y,"1"); /* (H, D) */
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(45*x,9*y);
moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
while (in the exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y,"
                    c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
  outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
  Ch = getch();
  if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
  if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) 
  setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
}
switch (Ch)
case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 show_alg();
 break;
case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 compare_solutions();
 break;
case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
  outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(50*x.37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
  bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  step_solution();
```

```
break;
   case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
     confirm_exit();
     break;
    default : break;
 closegraph();
        *******************
/* This routine gives Prim's minimal spanning tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
1
  outtextxy(5*x,15*y,"Step 1. Order the edges from smallest weight to largest.");
 outtextxy(5*x,17*y,"Step 2. Add the edges in order, as long as a cycle is not");
 outtextxy(5*x,18*y," created. T can be disconnected until it's completed.");
   outtextxy(5*x,20*y,"Step 3. If all nodes are visited STOP, or else GO TO Step
2.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,13*y,88*x,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
*********************
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
                                                   */
static void compare_solutions(void)
 setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
 lineto(25*x,11*y);
 moveto(35*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 /*********************
 moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
 lineto(25*x,11*y);
 moveto(35*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
 /************************
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
 lineto(25*x,11*y);
 moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
}
```

```
***********************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                   /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(61*x,5*y,"EDGES TO CHECK");
 outtextxy(78*x,5*y,"WEIGHT");
 moveto(60*x,11*y/2); lineto(75*x,11*y/2);
 moveto(77*x,11*v/2); lineto(85*x,11*v/2);
 outtextxy(65*x,6*y,"(F,H)"); outtextxy(81*x,6*y,"1");
 outtextxy(65*x,7*y,"(H,D)"); outtextxy(81*x,7*y,"1");
 outtextxy(65*x,8*y,"(A,E)"); outtextxy(81*x,10*y,"2");
 outtextxy(65*x,9*y,"(E,F)"); outtextxy(81*x,11*y,"2");
 outtextxy(65*x,10*y,"(E,G)"); outtextxy(81*x,9*y,"2");
 outtextxy(65*x,11*y,"(F,G)"); outtextxy(81*x,8*y,"2");
 outtextxy(65*x,12*y,"(B,D)"); outtextxy(81*x,12*y,"3");
 outtextxy(65*x,13*y,"(G,H)"); outtextxy(81*x,13*y,"3");
 outtextxy(65*x,14*y,"(A,C)"); outtextxy(81*x,14*y,"3");
 outtextxy(65*x,15*y,"(C,D)"); outtextxy(81*x,15*y,"4");
 outtextxy(65*x,16*y,"(A,B)"); outtextxy(81*x,16*y,"4");
  /*********************************
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
 lineto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
 lineto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
 lineto(45*x,9*y);
 moveto(45*x,7*y);lineto(35*x,9*y);
 moveto(25*x,5*y);lineto(35*x,7*y);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                      /* A */
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                      /* B */
pieslice(55*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                      /* C */
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* D */
pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                      /* E */
pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                      /* F */
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                      /* H */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
/**********************
moveto(65*x,6*y); lineto(70*x,6*y); /* (F,H) */
moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x.7*y); lineto(70*x.7*y); /* (H,D) */
moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor),
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,8*y); lineto(70*x,8*y); /* (A,E) */
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,9*y); lineto(70*x,9*y); /* (E,F) */
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x.10*y); lineto(70*x.10*y); /* (E,G) */
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,11*y); lineto(81*x,11*y); /* (F,G) */
moveto(65*x,12*y); lineto(70*x,12*y); /* (B,D) */
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(65*x,13*y); lineto(81*x,13*y); /* (G,H) */
moveto(65*x,14*y); lineto(70*x,14*y); /* (A,C) */
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,5*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/************************
outtextxy(65*x,18*y,"We are done.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
               /* Clean the game field again */
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(59*x,7*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
moveto(55*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit.");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   default : break;
```

```
/* PROGRAM : binary.c
```

AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
DATE : Feb. 14, 1990
REVISED : Apr. 17, 1990

DESCRIPTION: This program contains the tutorial for binary trees.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <process.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlstr.h"
#include "cxlvid.h"
#include "cxlwin.h"
                                           /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                      /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find t
  #define ff_name
                        name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
                       attribute
  #define ff_attrib
#endif
```

#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED /* function prototypes */ /* Utility functions */ static void add_shadow (void); static void confirm_quit (void); static void disp_sure_msg (void); static void error_exit (int errnum); static void initialize (void); static void move_window (int nsrow, int scol); static void normal_exit (void); static void Pageup (void); static void Pagedown (void); static void press_a_key (int wrow); static void pre_help static void quit_window (void); static void restore_cursor(void); static void short_delay (void); static void size_window (int nerow,int necol); /* tutorial functions */ static void binary_trees (void); static void definition_4_5_1 (void); static void ex_binary_1 (void); static void ex_binary_2 (void); static void ex_binary_3 (void); static void ex_binary_4 (void); static void ex_binary_5 (void); static void ex_binary_6 (void); static void ex_binary_7 (void); static void ex_binary_8 (void);

static void ex_binary_9 (void); static void ex_binary_10 (void);

(void);

(void);

static void expression

static void preorder

static void postorder	(void);
static void inorder	(void);
static void P1	(void);
static void P2	(void);
static void P3	(void);
static void P4	(void);
static void P5	(void);
static void P6	(void);
static void P7	(void);
static void P8	(void);
static void P9	(void);
static void P10	(void);
static void P11	(void);
static void P12	(void);
static void P13	(void);
static void P14	(void);
static void P15	(void);
static void P16	(void);
static void P17	(void);
static void P18	(void);
static void P19	(void);
static void P20	(void);
static void P21	(void);
static void P22	(void);
static void P23	(void);
static void P24	(void);
static void P25	(void);
static void P26	(void);
static void P27	(void);
static void P28	(void);
static void P29	(void);
static void P30	(void);
static void polish	(void);
static void exercises	(void);
static void exer1	(void);
static void exer2	(void);

```
static void exer3
                (void);
static void exer4
                (void);
static void exer5
                (void);
static void exer6
                (void);
static void exer7
                (void);
static void exer8
                (void);
static void exer9
                (void);
static void exer10
                (void);
static void exerl1
                 (void);
static void exer12
                 (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
static int *savescm,crow,ccol;
static WINDOW w[10];
static char ssan[10];
/**********************
/* graphic initialization variables
/**********************************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* error message table
/*****************
static char *error_text[]= {
 NULL, /* errnum = 0, no error */
 NULL, /* ermum == 1, windowing error */
  "Syntax: CXLDEMO [-switches]\n\n"
```

```
"\ -c = CGA  snow elimination\ "
   "\t -b = BIOS screen writing\n"
   "\t -m = force monochrome text attributes",
 "Memory allocation error"
1;
/* miscellaneous defines
/*********************************
#define SHORT_DELAY 18
#define H_WINTITLE 33
/* this function will add a shadow to the active window
static void add_shadov(void)
 wshadow(LGREY|_BLACK);
}
/************************
/* this function pops open a window and confirms that the user really
                                                     */
/* wants to guit the demo. If so, it terminates the demo program.
static void confirm_quit(void)
 struct _onkey_t *kblist;
 kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
 if(!wopen(9,26,13,55,0,WHITEL_BROWN,WHITEL_BROWN)) error_exit(1);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n Quit demo, are you sure? \033A\156Y\b");
 clearkeys();
 showcur();
 if(wgetchf("YN",'Y')=='Y') normal_exit();
```

```
wclose();
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* this function is called by the pull-down demo for a prompt
static void disp_sure_msg(void)
 wprints(0,2,WHITEl_BLUE,"Are you sure?");
//* this function handles abnormal termination. If it is passed an
/* error code of 1, then it is a windowing system error. Otherwise
                                                        */
/* the error message is looked up in the error message table.
                                                       */
/*************************
static void error_exit(int errnum)
 if(errnum) {
   printf("\n%s\n",(errnum==1)?werrmsg():error_text[errnum]);
        exit(ermum);
 }
/* this function initializes CXL's video, mouse, keyboard, and help systems
/********************************
static void initialize(void)
 /* initialize the CXL video system and save current screen info */
 videoinit();
 readcur(&crow,&ccol);
 if((savescrn=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
 /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
 if(msinit()) {
```

```
mssupport(MS_FULL);
   msgotoxy(12,49);
 /* attach [Alt-X] to the confirm_quit() function */
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
 /* attach [Ctrl Pageup] to the Pageup() function */
 setonkey(0x8400,Pageup,0);
 /* attach [Ctrl Pagedown] to the Pagedown() function */
 setonkey(0x7600,Pagedown,0);
 /* initialize help system, help key = [F1] */
 whelpdef("CXLDEMO.HLP",0x3b00,YELLOWI_RED,LREDI_RED,
          WHITEI_RED,REDI_LGREY,pre_help);
   /* this function is called anytime to switch back to previous window.
static void Pageup(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle - 1);
/************************
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to next window.
static void Pagedown(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle + 1);
```

```
static void pre_help(void)
 add_shadow();
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
/* this function handles normal termination. The original screen and cursor
                                                    */
/* coordinates are restored before exiting to DOS with ERRORLEVEL 0.
                                                    */
static void normal_exit(void)
 srestore(savescrn);
 gotoxy_(crow.ccol);
 if(_mouse) mshidecur();
 showcur();
 exit(0);
/* this function displays a pause message then pauses for a keypress
static void press_a_key(int wrow)
 register int attr1;
 register int attr2;
 attr1=(YELLOW)((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 attr2=(LGREY)|((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 wcenters(wrow,attr1,"Press a key");
 wprints(wrow,0,LGREYI_RED,"Pgup/Pgdn");
 hidecur();
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_quit();
 wcenters(wrow,attrl,"
 wprints(wrow,0,attr2,"
                   ");
```

```
***********************
/* This routine causes short dealys during execution
static void short_delay(void)
 delay_(SHORT_DELAY);
/* this function is called by the pull-down menu demo anytime
                                                */
/* the selection bar moves on or off the [Q]uit menu items.
/***********************
static void quit_window(void)
 static WINDOW handle=0;
 if(handle) {
  wactiv(handle);
  wclose();
  handle=0;
 else (
  handle=wopen(14,41,17,70,0,YELLOWI_RED,WHITEI_RED);
  wputs(" Quit takes you back to the n demo program's main menu.");
/* shows the cursor again if it has been hidden
/**********************
static void restore_cursor(void)
 wtextattr(WHITEI_MAGENTA);
 showcur();
```

```
*/
/* enlarges or shrinks the windows
static void size_window(int nerow,int necol)
 wsize(nerow,necol);
 short_delay();
1
|
/* moves the active window to a given screen coordinates
static void move_window(int nsrow,int nscol)
 if(wmove(nsrow,nscol)) error_exit(1);
 short_delay();
/* this routine calls binary_trees() routine whenever Pageup or Pagedown
                                    */
/* keys are pressed.
                                     */
void P1()
 wcloseall();
 binary_trees();
/* this routine calls definition 4-5-1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P2()
 wcloseall();
 definition 4.5_1();
```

```
*******************
i* this routine calls ex_binary_1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                       */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P3()
1
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_1();
*/
/* this routine calls ex_binary_2 routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                       */
void P4()
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_2();
/* this routine calls ex_binary_3 routine whenever Pageup or
                                       */
                                       */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P5()
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_3();
/**********************
/* this routine calls preorder routine whenever Pageup or
                                       */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P6()
 wcloseall();
 preorder();
```

```
***************
/* this routine calls ex_binary_4 routine whenever Pageup or
                                          */
                                          */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P7()
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_4();
/**********************
/* this routine calls ex_binary_5 routine whenever Pageup or
                                          */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P8()
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_5();
/* this routine calls polish routine whenever Pageup or
                                          */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P9()
 wcloseall();
 polish();
/* this routine calls ex_binary_6 routine whenever Pageup or
                                          */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                          */
void P10()
 wc!oseali();
 ex_binary_6();
```

```
/* this routine calls postorder routine whenever Pageup or
                                    */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                    */
void P11()
 wc.oseall();
postorder();
/* this routine calls ex_binary_7 routine whenever Pageup or
                                    */
                                    */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P12()
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_7();
/* this routine calls ex_binary_8 routine whenever Pageup or
                                    */
                                    */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P13()
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_8();
/* this routine calls inorder routine whenever Pageup or
                                    */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                    */
void P14()
 wcloseall();
 inorder();
```

```
/* this routine calls ex_binary_9 routine whenever Pageup or
                                   */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                   */
void P15()
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_9();
/* this routine calls ex_binary_10 routine whenever Pageup or
                                   */
                                   */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P16()
 wcloseall();
 ex_binary_10();
/* this routine calls exercises routine whenever Pageup or
                                   */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                   */
void P!7()
 wcloseall();
 exercises();
/* this routine calls exer1 routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P18()
 wcloseall();
 exerl();
```

```
***********************
/* this routine calls exer2 routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P19()
 wcloseall();
 exer2();
/***********************
/* this routine calls exer3 routine whenever Pageup or
                                         */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/**********************
void P20()
 wcloseall();
 exer3();
/* this routine calls exer4 routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P21()
 wcloseall();
 exer4();
/* this routine calls exer5 routine whenever Pageup or
                                         */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/*********************
void P22()
 wcloseall();
 exer5();
```

```
********************
/* this routine calls exer6 routine whenever Pageup or
                                           */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                           */
void P23()
 wcloseall();
 exer6();
/* this routine calls exer7 routine whenever Pageup or
                                           */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/**********************
void P24()
 wcloseall();
 exer7();
/**********************
/* this routine calls exer8 routine whenever Pageup or
                                           */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/*********************
void P25()
 wcloseall();
 exer8();
/* this routine calls exer9 routine whenever Pageup or
                                           */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                           */
/**********************
void P26()
 wcloseall();
 exer9();
```

```
**********************
/* this routine calls exer10 routine whenever Pageup or
                                            */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                            */
void P27()
 wcloseall();
 exer10();
/* this routine calls exer11 routine whenever Pageup or
                                            */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P28()
 wcloseall();
 exer11();
/* this routine calls exer12 routine whenever Pageup or
                                            */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P29()
 wcloseall();
 exer12();
/************************
/* this routine calls expression routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
/****************************
void P30()
 wcloseall();
 expression();
```

```
**********************
/* main routine calls minimal spanning tree tutorial
/*********************************
void main()
 initialize();
 binary_trees();
/*********************
/* This routine calls definition, example and algorithm routines about
/* binary trees.
                                                        */
/**********************
static void binary_trees(void)
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 /***********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the definition_4_5_1() function
 setonkey(0x5100,P2,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,11,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,BLACKI\_MAGENTA))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" In previous examples and applications of rooted trees "
       " we need not distinguish between the children of a parent."
       " However there are many situations where we need this"
       " distinction.");
 press_a_key(4);
 wslide(1,1);
 if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,15,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,BLACKI\_LGREY))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, _LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
```

```
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" Consider A/B. In this particular case the order of A and B"
        " is important. Thus if we represent A/B by a rooted tree in"
        " which the root represents the operation (/) and the children"
        " represent the operants (A and B), then the order of the"
       " children is important.");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" This is why we need binary trees to be able to work with"
        " this kind of situations.");
 press_a_key(8);
 wslide(10,1);
 /**********************
 short_delay();
 definition_4_5_1();
/* This routine gives the definition of a binary tree and concepts related
                                                            */
/* with binary trees.
/***********************
static void definition_4_5_1(void)
 /***********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the binary_trees() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P1,0);
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_1() function
                                             */
 setonkey(0x5100,P3.0);
 /*******************
 if((w[3]=wopen(8,20,12,60,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,BLACKI\_RED))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n
             What is a binary tree ?");
 press_a_key(2);
```

```
wcloseall();
short_delay();
if((w[4]=wopen(5,15,17,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,BLACKI\_LGREY))==0)
         error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Definition - Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
          A binary tree is a rooted tree in which each vertex has at "
wputsw("
         " most two children and each child is designated as being"
         " a left child or a right child.");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" The left subtree of a vertex V in a binary tree is the "
        " graph formed by the left child of V, the descendants of L,"
        " and the edges connecting these vertices. ");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" The right subtree of a vertex V in a binary tree is "
         " defined in the same manner. ");
press_a_key(10);
short_delay();
wclose();
ex_binary_1();
```

```
*/
/* This routine gives an example for a typical binary tree
static void ex_binary_1 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the definition_4_5_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P2,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the expression() function
                              */
 setonkey(0x5100,P30,0);
 if((w[5]=wopen(8,20,13,60,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,REDI\_BLACK))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees -Example 1]", TCENTER, LGREY BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n
          To see an example ");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb1.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 expression();
```

```
********************
/* This routine tells about expression trees
                                                             */
static void expression(void)
 /****************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P3,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_2() function
                                             */
 setonkey(0x5100,P4,0);
 if((w[6]=wopen(5,15,13,54,3,WHITE|RED,BLACK|LGREY))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" There are many applications of binary trees in computer"
        " science. Such as repesenting ways to organize data and"
       " describe data. One peculiar application is known as"
       " 'expression tree'. ");
 press_a_key(6);
 wslide(0,0);
 if((w[7]=wopen(12,1,20,39,3,RED|_BLACK,WHITE|_BLUE))==0) error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" An expression tree is a binary tree which is used for "
        " representing arithmetic expressions. In this binary tree "
       " operations are represented as internal vertices and the "
       " operands as terminal vertices.");
 press_a_key(6);
 wslide(0,40);
 short_delay();
 ex_binary_2();
```

```
/**********************
/* This routine gives an example for an expression tree
/********************
static void ex_binary_2 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the expression() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P30,0);
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_3() function
 setonkey(0x5100,P5,0);
 if((w[8]=wopen(12,20,17,60,3,LCYANI_GREEN,REDI_BLACK))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees - Example 2]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n
          How about an example?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 /***********************
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb2.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 ex_binary_3();
```

```
/* This routine gives a somewhat complicated example for an expression tree
static void ex_binary_3 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_2() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P4,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the preorder() function
                                          */
 setonkey(0x5100,P6,0);
 if((w[9]=wopen(12,20,17,60,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,REDI\_BLACK))==0)
         error exit(1);
 wtitle("|Binary Trees - Example 3|",TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n How about a more complicated example?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wslide(5,20);
 if((w|9)=wopen(12,20,18,60,3,LCYAN|_BLACK,BLACK|_RED))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" How would you represent the following expression as a"
     "binary tree?");
  wputs(\sqrt{(6-3)*2} + 7) / ((5-1) * 4+8)");
 press_a_key(4);
 short_delay();
  wcloseall();
  spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb3.exe",NULL);
  cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
  preorder();
```

```
************************
/* This routine teaches the preorder traversal in binary trees
                                                                  */
/************************
static void preorder(void)
  /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_3() function
                                               */
  setonkey(0x4900,P5,0);
  /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_4() function */
  setonkey(0x5100,P7,0);
    **********************
  if((w|1)=wopen(5,15,15,54,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,BLACK|\_LGREY))==0)
         error exit(1);
  wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
  add shadow();
  whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
  wputsw(" So far, we have shown you how an arithmetic expression"
         " can be represented by an expression tree. It's okay, but"
         " we somehow need to process the expression tree to obtain"
        "the original expression.");
  press_a_key(8);
  wslide(0,0);
  short_delay();
  if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,15,54,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_BLACK))==0)
         error_exit(1);
  wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
  add shadow();
  whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
  wputsw(" We need a systematic way to look at each vertex in the "
         "expression tree exactly once. Processing the data at a "
        "vertex is usually called 'visiting a vertex', and a search"
        "procedure that visits each vertex of a graph exactly once "
        " is called a 'traversal' of a graph.");
  press_a_key(8);
  wslide(0,39);
  short delay();
```

```
if((w[3]=wopen(5,15,19,54,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,WHITE|\_RED))==0)
         error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Preorder Traversal]", TCENTER, LGREY BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" One traversal method is known as Preorder Traversal."
        "This method is simply a depth-first search to a binary"
        " tree starting at the root and always choosing a left "
        " child of a vertex when there is a choise. We consider"
        " a vertex visited when it is labeled, and keep a list"
        " of the vertices in the order visited. This list is"
       " called a preorder listing. Actual algorithm is as"
      " follows.");
press_a_key(12);
wslide(11,0);
short_delay();
if((w[4]=wopen(5,15,19,54,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,BLACK|\_CYAN))==0)
         error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Preorder Traversal]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" The following algorithm is a recursive formulation of"
         "the preorder traversal, which means that in this description"
         "the algorithm refers itself.");
wputs("\n");
wputs(" Step I (visit) Visit the root.\n");
wputsw(" Step 2 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists,"
         " do a preorder traversal.");
wputs("\n");
           Step 3 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists,"
wputsw("
        " and do a preorder traversal.");
press_a_key(12);
wslide(11,39);
short_delay();
ex binary 4();
```

```
/* This routine gives a preorder traversal of a binary tree
static void ex_binary_4 (void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the preorder() function
                                */
 setonkey(0x4900,P6,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_5() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P8,0);
 /***********************
 if((w[5]=wopen(8,20,13,60,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,REDI\_BLACK))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Preorder Traversal - Example 4]",TCENTER,_LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n
          How about an example?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb4.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 ex_binary_5();
```

```
/* This routine gives a preorder traversal of a binary tree
                                               */
static void ex_binary_5 (void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_4() function
                                 */
 setonkey(0x4900,P7,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the polish() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P9,0);
 if((w[6]=wopen(8,20,13,60,3,LCYAN|_GREEN,RED|_BLACK))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Preorder Traversal - Example 5]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n
        One more example?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb5.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 polish();
```

```
***********************
/* This routine introduces prefix form ( Polish notation )
                                                              */
/***********************
static void polish(void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex binary 5() function
                                           */
 setonkey(0x4900,P8.0):
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_6() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P10,0);
 /**********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,14,56,3,LCYAN|GREEN,BLACK|LGREY))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Polish Notation]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" When a preorder traversal is applied on an expression"
        " tree, the resulting listing of operations and operands is"
       " called prefix form or Polish notation for the expression."
       " (the later name is used in honor of the famous Polish"
       "logician Lukasiewicz.)");
 press_a_key(7);
 wslide(0,0);
 short delay();
  if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,17,53,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_BLACK))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Polish Notation]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" An expression in Polish notation is evaluated according"
        "to the following rule: Scan from left to right until coming"
        " to an operation sign, say T, that is followed by by two "
        " successive numbers, say a and b. Evaluate Tab as aTb, and"
       "replace Tab by this value in the expression. Repeat this"
```

```
"process until the entire expression is evaluated.");
 press_a_key(10);
 wslide(0,39);
 short_delay();
 ex_binary_6();
/* This routine gives an example on Polish notation of an expression
static void ex binary 6 (void)
 */
 /* attach [Pageup] to the polish() function
 setonkey(0x4900,P9.0);
 /***********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the postorder() function */
 setonkey(0x5100.P11.0);
 /********************
 if((w[3]=wopen(12,12,22,63,3,LCYANI_BLACK,BLACKI_RED))==0)
        error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Polish Notation - Example 6]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n Do you remember the following expression?");
 wputs("\n (((6-3) * 2) + 7) / ((5-1) * 4 + 8)\n\n");
 wputsw(" Now let's see how we represent this expression in Polish"
        "notation and then we will show you the application of the"
       " rule for evaluating this the expression written in this"
       "notation");
 press_a_key(8);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb6.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 postorder();
```

```
***********************
/* This routine teaches the postorder traversal in binary trees
                                                           */
static void postorder(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_6() function
                                          */
 setonkey(0x4900,P10,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_7() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P12,0);
 /*********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,13,13,56,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,BLACK|\ LGREY))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" The Polish notation for an expression provides an unambiguous"
        " way to write it without the use of paranthesis or conventions"
       " about the order of operations. Many computers are designed to"
       " rewrite expression in this form.");
 press_a_key(6);
 wclose();
 short delay();
 /**********************
 if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,15,54,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_BLACK))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" Second traversal method that we are about to examine"
       " is known as reverse Polish notation or postfix form."
       "This method is also introduced by Lukasiewicz. Unlike"
       "Polish notation, in this method the operation sign"
       " follows the operands.");
 press_a_key(8);
```

```
wslide(0,0);
short_delay();
if((w[3]=wopen(5,15,19,54,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
        error exit(1);
wtitle("!Postorder Traversal]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTTLE);
wputsw(" Reverse Polish notation for the last expression that we"
       "examined");
wputs("\ln(((6-3)*2)+7)/(((5-1)*4)+8)\ln");
wputs("\n is '6 3 - 2 * 7 + 5 1 - 4 * 8 + /\n\n");
wputsw(" Again as you see we did not use paranthesis that is we"
       "don't worry about the order of the expressions. Thus reverse"
      " Polish is an efficient method for use in computers. ");
press_a_key(12);
wslide(11,0);
short_delay();
if((w[4]=wopen(5,15,13,54,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_BLACK))==0)
       error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Postorder Traversal]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" How can the reverse Polish notation for an expression"
       " be obtained from an expression tree?");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" We bet you are asking this question now. Here how"
        " it is ...");
press_a_key(6);
wslide(0,39);
short delay();
/*********************
if((w[5]=wopen(5,15,18,54,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,BLACK|\_CYAN))==0)
       error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Postorder Traversal]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
```

```
add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" The following algorithm is a recursive formulation of"
        " the postorder traversal");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Step 1 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists,"
        " do a postorder traversal.");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Step 2 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists,"
        " and do a postorder traversal.");
 wputs("\n Step 3 (visit) Visit the root.\n");
 press_a_key(12);
 wslide(11,39);
 short_delay();
 ex_binary_7();
/* This routine gives a postorder traversal of a binary tree
static void ex_binary_7 (void)
 /****************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the postorder() function
                                        */
 setonkey(0x4900,P11,0);
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_8() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P13,0);
  /******************
         if((w[6]=wopen(8,18,13,62,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,RED|\_BLACK))==0)
ror_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Postorder Traversal- Example 7]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n We need an example, don't you think so?");
 press_a_key(3);
```

```
short_delay();
wcloseall();
spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb7.exe",NULL);
cclrscrn(LGREYI_BLUE);
ex_binary_8();
}
```

```
/* This routine gives a postorder traversal of a binary tree
/*********************
static void ex_binary_8 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_7() function
 setonkev(0x4900,P12,0);
 /*******************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the inorder() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P14,0);
 if((w[7]=wopen(8,20,13,60,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,REDI\_BLACK))==0)
ror_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Postorder traversal - Example 8]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n
         One more example?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb8.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 inorder();
```

```
***********************
/* This routine teaches the inorder traversal in binary trees
static void inorder(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_8() function
                                          */
 setonkey(0x4900,P13,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_9() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P15,0);
  if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,14,54,3,LCYAN|_GREEN,BLACK|_RED))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" We have seen how expression trees are converted"
        " into Polish and reverse Polish notations for an"
        " expression. In these notations the operation sign"
       " precedes or follows the operands, respectively.");
 press_a_key(7);
 wslide(0,0);
 short_delay();
  if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,14,54,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_BLACK))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
  wputsw(" Make a guess, where else can we put operation"
        " sign. The answer should be so difficult, because"
        "there is only one place left, that is, the operation"
       " sign can be in between two operants. This type is the"
       " one we accustomed to see. ");
 press_a_key(7);
  wslide(0,39);
```

```
short_delay();
if((w[3]=wopen(5,15,14,54,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,REDI\_BLACK))==0)
        error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Inorder Traversal]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" With the use of the inorder traversal it is possible"
        "to obtain an expression with the operation sign between"
       " the operands. However, this traversal requires the"
       " careful insertion of paranthesis in order to evaluate"
       " the expression properly.");
press_a_key(7);
wslide(10,0);
short_delay();
if((w[4]=wopen(5,15,19,54,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,BLACK|\_CYAN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Inorder Traversal]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" The Inorder Traversal is characterized by visiting a"
        "left child before the parent and a right child after"
        "the parent. The following algorithm shows the systematic"
        " way to do this.");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" Step 1 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists,"
        " do an inorder traversal.");
wputs("\n Step 2 (visit) Visit the root.\n");
wputsw(" Step 3 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists,"
        " and do an inorder traversal.");
press_a_key(13);
wslide(10,39);
short_delay();
ex_binary_9();
```

```
*/
/* This routine gives an inorder traversal of a binary tree
static void ex_binary_9 (void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the inorder() function
                             */
 setonkey(0x4900,P14,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_binary_10() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P16,0);
 if((w[5]=wopen(8,18,13,62,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,REDI\_BLACK))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Inorder Traversal - Example 9]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n
         Let' see an example... ");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb9.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREY|_BLUE);
 ex_binary_10();
```

```
/* This routine gives an inorder traversal of a binary tree
static void ex_binary_10 (void)
 /**************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_9() function
 setonkey(0x4900,P15,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exercises() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P17,0);
 if((w[6]=wopen(8,20,13,60,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,REDI\_BLACK))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Inorder Traversal - Example 10]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
           One more example?");
 wputs("\n
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exb10.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exercises();
```

```
/* This routine makes a small quiz about the binary trees and travesals.
void exercises(void)
 register int *screen;
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_10() function
 setonkey(0x4900,P16,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P18,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|_GREEN,WHITE|_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" We have completed our presentation of this section. Are"
       " you ready for a pop quiz?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wclose();
 if((screen=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
 exerl();
 /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
 if(msinit()) {
  mssupport(MS_FULL);
  msgotoxy(12,49);
 /* attach [Alt-X] to the confirm_quit() function */
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
 srestore(screen);
```

```
***********************
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.1
                                                 */
static void exerl(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_binary_10() function
                                  */
 setonkey(0x4900,P16,0);
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P19,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
          Here is the first question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q451.exe",NULL);
 cclrsom(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer2();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.2
static void exer2(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer1() function
 setonkey(0x4900,P18,0);
 /***********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer3() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P20,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|_GREEN,WHITE|_RED))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
           Here is the second question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q452.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer3();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.3
                                                */
/***********************
static void exer3(void)
 /***********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer2() function
                            */
 setonkey(0x4900,P19,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer4() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P21,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|_GREEN,WHITE|_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
          Here is the third question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q453.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer4();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.4
static void exer4(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer3() function
                           */
 setonkey(0x4900,P20,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer5() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P22,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|_GREEN,WHITE|_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the forth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q454.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer5();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.5
/*****************
static void exer5(void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer4() function
 setonkey(0x4900,P21,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer6() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P23,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,WHITE|\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
          Here is the fifth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q455.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREY|_BLUE);
 exer6();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.6
                                                   */
/**********************
static void exer6(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer5() function
                               */
 setonkey(0x4900,P22,0);
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer7() function */
 setonkey(0x5100, P24, 0);
 /**********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
          Here is the sixth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q456.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer7();
```

```
/***********************
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.7
static void exer7(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer6() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P23,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer8() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P25,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the seventh question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT, "q457.exe", NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer8();
```

```
*************************
                                               */
/* Dumny function to call the actual exercise 4.5.8
static void exer8(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer7() function
                                              */
 setonkey(0x4900,P24,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer9() function */
 setonkey(0x5100, P26, 0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
          Here is the eighth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q458.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer9();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.9
/***********************
static void exerc(void)
 /******************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer8() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P25,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer10() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P27,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|_GREEN,WHITE|_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
          Here is the nineth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q459.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer10();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.10
/***********************
static void exer10(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer9() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P26,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer11() function */
 setonkey(0x5100, P28, 0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the tenth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q4510.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer11();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.11
static void exert1(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer10() function
                           */
 setonkey(0x4900,P27,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer12() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P29,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,WHITE|\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the eleventh question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q4511.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREY|_BLUE);
 exer12();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.5.12
                                                      */
/*********************
static void exer12(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer11() function
                                  */
 setonkey(0x4900,P28,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI_GREEN,WHITEI_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
           Here is the twelfth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q4512.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREY!_BLUE);
 wcloseall();
 normal_exit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : exb1.c
 AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
               : Apr. 16, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED
               : Apr. 16, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: First example about binary trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                     /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
```

#define ffblk

#endif

#define ff_name

#define ff_attrib

FIND

name

attribute

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                     */
static void init_graph
                  (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                  (void);
/* tutorial functions
                  */
static void graph
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
/****************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used i including drivers to the executable code
/*************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
graph error = graphresult();
if(graph\_error < 0){
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = Max X/80:
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
  setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
  backcolor = BLACK;
 else {
  setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
  backcolor = BLUE;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
/* This function sets the text default values
                                         */
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
setlinestyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
/********************************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) {
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
  exit(0);
/* main routine calls graphs routine
void main()
graph();
```

```
*********************
/* This routine gives examples of trees and some graphs that are not trees.
                                                               */
void graph(void)
 /***
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-1");
 pieslice(45*x,4*y,0,359,2); /* Parent
                                  */
 pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* Left child */
 pieslice(55*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* Right child */
 moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,4*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(45*x,7*y/2,"Parent");
 outtextxy(25*x,7*y,"Left");
 outtextxy(25*x,15*y/2,"child");
 outtextxy(58*x,7*y,"Right");
 outtextxy(58*x,15*y/2,"child");
 pieslice(23*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(43*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(47*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(67*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 moveto(23*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,7*y); lineto(43*x,10*y);
 moveto(47*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,7*y); lineto(67*x,10*y);
 outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Now, all the node you see under the left child (including him-
                  self)");
 outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"is the left subtree.");
 outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"Similarly, all the nodes under right child is called th right sub-
                   tree.");
 delay (36);
  outtextxy(25*x,11*y,"Left subtree");
  outtextxy(50*x,11*y,"Right subtree");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : exb2.c
```

AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
DATE : Apr. 16, 1990
REVISED : Apr. 17, 1990

DESCRIPTION: Second example about binary trees.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                      /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find_t
  #define ff_name
                        name
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void graph
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
  *******************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
1
```

```
*********************
                                                 */
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /*********************************
 if(graph_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 /**********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /**********************************
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
**********************
/* This function sets the text default values
                                                 */
/*********************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/**********************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) {
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
  exit(0);
 }
1
/* main routine calls graphs routine
/****
void main()
 graph();
```

```
/* This routine gives examples of trees and some graphs that are not trees.
                                                        */
void graph(void)
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-2");
 /************************
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"The expression a - b (where '-' denotes substraction) is
                represented below.");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"Note that the operation - is represented by an represented by
                an internal ");
 outtextxy(2*x,5*y,"vertex and the operands a and b are represented by terminal
                vertices.");
 pieslice(45*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* - */
 pieslice(35*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* a */
 pieslice(55*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* b */
 moveto(35*x,13*y); lineto(45*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,13*y);
 outtextxy(45*x,18*y/2,"-");
 outtextxy(35*x,27*y/2,"a");
 outtextxy(55*x,27*y/2,"b");
 /**********************************
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 closegraph();
 videoinit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : exb3.c
 AUTHOR
              : Atilla BAKAN
               : Apr. 16, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED
               : Apr. 17, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: Third example about binary trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
```

#define ffblk

#endif

#define ff_name

#define ff_attrib

FIND

name

attribute

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                     */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                  */
static void graph
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
/***********************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
im graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/*********************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
************************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   ewitch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
         break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break:
 default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/********************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, i;
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls graph routine
void main()
 graph();
```

```
************************
/* This routine gives an example of expression trees.
                                                               */
void graph(void)
  /*********************************
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/8);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-3");
  outtextxy(16*x,2*y,"(((6-3)*2)+7)/((5-1)*4+8)");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"Actully we made things a little bit easier by using paranthesis
                 when we were");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"writing the expression. Now follow our steps to build the ex-
                 pression tree.");
 pieslice(20*x,7*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
 pieslice(10*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* ((6 - 3) * 2) + 7) */
 pieslice(30*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* ((5 - 1) * 4 + 8) */
 moveto(10*x,9*y); lineto(20*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(20*x,13*y/2,"/");
 outtextxy(3*x,19*y/2,"((6-3)*2)+7)");
 outtextxy(23*x,19*y/2,"((5-1)*4+8)");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /**********************
 pieslice(60*x,7*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
 pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* + */
 pieslice(70*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* + */
 moveto(50*x,9*y); lineto(60*x,7*y); lineto(70*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(60*x,13*y/2,"/");
 outtextxy(48*x,9*y,"+");
 outtextxy(72*x,9*y,"+");
```

```
pieslice(45*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* (6 - 3) * 2 */
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* 7 */
pieslice(65*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* (5 - 1) * 4 */
pieslice(75*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* 8 */
moveto(45*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
moveto(65*x,11*y); lineto(70*x,9*y); lineto(75*x,11*y);
outtextxy(40*x,23*y/2,"(6-3)*2");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"7");
outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"(5-1)*4");
outtextxy(75*x,23*y/2,"8");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(25*x,13*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
pieslice(15*x,15*y,0,359,2); /* + */
pieslice(35*x.15*y.0.359.2); /* + */
moveto(15*x,15*y); lineto(25*x,13*y); lineto(35*x,15*y);
outtextxy(25*x,25*y/2,"/");
outtextxy(13*x,15*y,"+");
outtextxy(37*x,15*y,"+");
pieslice(10*x,17*y,0,359,2); /* * */
pieslice(20*x,17*y,0,359,2); /* 7 */
pieslice(30*x,17*y,0,359,2); /* * */
pieslice(40*x,17*y,0,359,2); /* 8 */
moveto(10*x,17*y); lineto(15*x,15*y); lineto(20*x,17*y);
moveto(30*x,17*y); lineto(35*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,17*y);
outtextxy(8*x,17*y,"*");
outtextxy(20*x,35*y/2,"7");
outtextxy(28*x,17*y,"*");
outtextxy(40*x,35*y/2,"8");
pieslice(5*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* (6 - 3) */
pieslice(15*x.19*y,0,359,2); /* 2 */
pieslice(25*x.19*y,0,359,2); /* (5 - 1) */
pieslice(35*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* 4 */
```

```
moveto(5*x,19*y); lineto(10*x,17*y); lineto(15*x,19*y);
moveto(25*x,19*y); lineto(30*x,17*y); lineto(35*x,19*y);
outtextxy(2*x,39*y/2,"(6-3)");
outtextxy(15*x,39*y/2,"2");
outtextxy(22*x,39*y/2,"(5-1)");
outtextxy(35*x,39*y/2,"4");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(65*x,13*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
pieslice(55*x,15*y,0,359,2); /* + */
pieslice(75*x,15*y,0,359,2); /* + */
moveto(55*x,15*y); lineto(65*x,13*y); lineto(75*x,15*y);
outtextxy(65*x,25*y/2,"/");
outtextxy(53*x,15*y,"+");
outtextxy(77*x,15*y,"+");
pieslice(50*x,17*y,0,359,2); /* * */
pieslice(60*x,17*y,0,359,2); /* 7 */
pieslice(70*x,17*y,0,359,2); /* * */
pieslice(80*x,17*y,0,359,2); /* 8 */
moveto(50*x,17*y); lineto(55*x,15*y); lineto(60*x,17*y);
moveto(70*x,17*y); lineto(75*x,15*y); lineto(80*x,17*y);
outtextxy(48*x,17*y,"*");
outtextxy(60*x,35*y/2,"7");
outtextxy(68*x,17*y,"*");
outtextxy(80*x,35*y/2,"8");
pieslice(45*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* - */
pieslice(55*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* 2 */
pieslice(65*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* - */
pieslice(75*x,19*y,0,359,2); /* 4 */
moveto(45*x,19*y); lineto(50*x,17*y); lineto(55*x,19*y);
moveto(65*x,19*y); lineto(70*x,17*y); lineto(75*x,19*y);
outtextxy(43*x,19*y,"-");
outtextxy(55*x.39*y/2,"2");
```

```
outtextxy(62*x,19*y,"-");
outtextxy(75*x,39*y/2,"4");
pieslice(40*x,21*y,0,359,2); /* 6 */
pieslice(50*x,21*y,0,359,2); /* 3 */
pieslice(60*x,21*y,0,359,2); /* 5 */
pieslice(70*x,21*y,0,359,2); /* 1 */
moveto(40*x,21*y); lineto(45*x,19*y); lineto(50*x,21*y);
moveto(60*x,21*y); lineto(65*x,19*y); lineto(70*x,21*y);
outtextxy(40*x,43*y/2,"6");
outtextxy(50*x,43*y/2,"3");
outtextxy(60*x,43*y/2,"5");
outtextxy(70*x,43*y/2,"1");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
}
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Apr. 16, 1990
 REVISED
               : Apr. 17, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: Third example about binary trees. It gives an example of
                   preorder traversal.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
                                           /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                     /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : exb4.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                         */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                     (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                     (void);
                      */
/* tutorial functions
static void graph
                     (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
                    ***********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
  if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
  if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
  if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
                                                      */
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /************************
 if(graph_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
   1
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {}
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break:
 default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
            /* restore any hidden hot keys */
 chgonkey(kblist);
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
setlinestyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls graphs routine
void main()
 graph();
```

```
*********************
/* This routine gives an example of preorder traversal.
                                                                */
/***********************
 void graph(void)
  /*************************
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/8);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-4");
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"For simplicity we will identify the nodes with letters instead of
                 operations");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"or operands.");
 outtextxy(2*x.4*y,"As we visit each vertex we will also keep the preorder list for
                 you to follow.");
 /******************
 pieslice(27*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* H */
 pieslice(17*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* F */
 pieslice(37*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* N */
 moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,5*y); lineto(37*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"H");
 outtextxy(15*x,7*y,"F");
 outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"N");
 pieslice(12*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(22*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(32*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* L */
 pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* O */
 moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,7*y); lineto(22*x,9*y);
 moveto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(10*x,9*y,"D");
 outtextxy(22*x,19*y/2,"G");
 outtextxy(30*x,9*y,"L");
 outtextxy(42*x,19*y/2,"O");
 pieslice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
```

```
pieslice(17*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(27*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* J */
pieslice(37*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* M */
moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,11*y);
moveto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,11*y);
outtextxy(5*x,11*y,"B");
outtextxy(17*x,23*y/2,"E");
outtextxy(24*x,11*y,"J");
outtextxy(37*x,23*y/2,"M");
pieslice(2*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(12*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(22*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* I */
pieslice(32*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* K */
moveto(2*x,13*y); lineto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,13*y);
moveto(22*x,13*y); lineto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,13*y);
outtextxy(2*x,27*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(12*x,27*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(22*x,27*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(32*x,27*y/2,"K");
outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Step by step Preorder Traversal");
moveto(43*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Preorder Listing");
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,15*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We will start out traversal by visiting");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"root H and put it in the preorder list");
outtextxy(3*x.16*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,15*y/2); lineto(89*x,15*y/2);
/************************
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"Now we go to the left subtree of H and");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"start traversal again. This time we will");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"visit the root F and put it in the list.");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,21*y/2); lineto(89*x,21*y/2);
/**********************
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"Next we will go to the left subtree of F");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"this time, and start traversal from this");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"point. We will visit root D this time");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"and put it in the list.");
outtextxy(7*x.16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,29*y/2); lineto(89*x,29*y/2);
/**************
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"Now we will go to left subtree of D and");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"visit the root B and put it into list");
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,33*y/2); lineto(89*x,33*y/2);
/*********************************
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"We now will go to the left subtree of");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"B and visit A and put it into the list.");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"As you see A does not have a left sub-");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"tree, so according to the algorithm we");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"will now visit the right subtree of");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"B (which consist of just the vertex C)");
outtextxy(44*x,23*y,"and put C to the list");
outtextxy(11*x,16*y,"A");
outtextxy(13*x,16*y,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Consequently, we next begin the traver-");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"sal of the right subtree of D.As you see");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"this subtree consists only of the ver-");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"tex E. So we will visit E and put it");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"into our list.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,21*y/2); lineto(89*x,21*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"Next we will do the traversal of ");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"right subtree of root F, visit ver-");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"tex G and put it into the list.");
outtextxy(17*x,16*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,27*y/2); lineto(89*x,27*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"As you notice we have completed ");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"the traversal of the left subtree");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"of the root H. So now we will start");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"traversal of right subtree of H.");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"to do that we will visit root N and");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"go to the left subtree of N and ");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"begin another preorder traversal.");
outtextxy(19*x,16*y,"N");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We now visit root L and put it into");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"the list, and then go to the left ");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"subtree of L to begin another tra-");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"versal.");
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"L");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,19*y/2); lineto(89*x,19*y/2);
/**********************
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"This time we will visit root J.");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"We put it into the list, then we");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"go to the left subtree of J for ");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"another traversal.");
outtextxy(23*x,16*y,"J");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor):
moveto(44*x,27*y/2); lineto(89*x,27*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"Left subtree of J consists of just");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"one vertex, namely vertex I. We vi-");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"sit this vertex and put it to the ");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"list. As you see I does not have");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"left subtree. So we go to right");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"subtree of J for another traversal");
outtextxy(25*x,16*y,"I");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,39*y/2); lineto(89*x,39*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"Right subtree of J consists of just");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"the vertex K. We visit this vertex");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"and put it into the list.");
outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"K");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"As you see we have completed the");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"traversal of the left subtree of");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"the root L. So now we will start");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"traversal of right subtree of L.");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"to do that we will visit M which");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"is the only vertex at the right");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"subtree of root L.");
outtextxy(29*x,16*y,"M");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,25*y/2); lineto(89*x,25*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"This last visit completed the ");
```

```
/* PROGRAM : exb5.c
 AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
              : Apr. 16, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 17, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: Fifth example about binary trees. It gives an example of
                  preorder traversal.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
            C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                       name
```

#define ff attrib

#endif

attribute

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                         */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                     (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                     (void);
/* tutorial functions
static void graph
                     (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/**************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
                                                      */
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /***********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25:
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else |
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
         exit(());
         break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break:
  default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
                                                 */
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls graph routine
                                                  */
/************************
void main()
 graph();
```

```
/***********************
/* This routine gives examples of trees and some graphs that are not trees.
                                                            */
void graph(void)
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/8);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-5");
 /***********************
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"For simplicity we will identify the nodes with letters instead of
                operations");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"or operands as we did in previous example.");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"Again we visit each vertex we will also keep the preorder
                 list.");
 pieslice(27*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(17*x.7*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(37*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* H */
 moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,5*y); lineto(37*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"G");
 outtextxy(15*x,7*y,"D");
 outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"H");
 pieslice(12*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* C */
 pieslice(22*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* E */
 moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,7*y); lineto(22*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(10*x,9*y,"C");
 outtextxy(22*x,19*y/2,"E");
 pieslice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* A */
 pieslice(18*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* F */
 moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,9*y);
 moveto(22*x,9*y); lineto(18*x,11*y);
 outtextxy(5*x.11*y,"A");
 outtextxy(18*x,23*y/2,"F");
```

```
pieslice(12*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* B */
moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,13*y);
outtextxy(12*x,27*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Step by step Preorder Traversal");
moveto(43*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Preorder Listing");
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,15*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3.0.1):
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We will start out traversal by visiting");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"root G and put it in the preorder list");
outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,15*y/2); lineto(89*x,15*y/2);
/****************************
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"Now we go to the left subtree of G and");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"start traversal again. This time we will");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"visit the root D and put it in the list.");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x.21*y/2); lineto(89*x.21*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"Next we will go to the left subtree of D");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"this time, and start traversal from this");
purtextxy(44*x,13*y,"point. We will visit root C this time");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"and put it in the list.");
outtextxy(7*x,16*y,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,29*y/2); lineto(89*x,29*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"Next we will go to the left subtree of D");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"this time, and start traversal from this");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"point and visit root A this time and put");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"and put it in the list.");
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"A");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,37*y/2); lineto(89*x,37*y/2);
/*******************
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"As you see A does not have left subtree.");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"So we then go to right subtree of A and");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"start traversal from there. We will visit");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"vertex B at the right subtree of A, and");
outtextxy(44*x,23*y,"put it into the list.");
outtextxy(11*x,16*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Since C does not have right subtree we");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"have completed traversing left subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"of the root D. So we will go to the ");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"right subtree of D and start another");
outtextxy(4.4*x,10*y,"preorder traversal. This time we visit");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"root E, and put it into the list.");
outtextxy(13*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,23*y/2); lineto(89*x,23*y/2);
/**********************
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"Then we go to the left subtree of E and");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"start another traversal again. Since this");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"subtree consists only of the vertex F");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"we will visit F and put it into list.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,31*y/2); lineto(89*x,31*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"Since neither F nor E has right sub-");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"tree we have completed traversal of");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"the left subtree of root G. Conse-");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"quently we go to the right subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"of G where there is only the vertex");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"H. Visiting this vertex will complete");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"the preorder traversal of the entire");
outtextxy(44*x,23*y,"binary tree.");
outtextxy(17*x,16*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : exb6.c
  AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
  DATE
              : Apr. 16, 1990
  REVISED : Apr. 17, 1990
  DESCRIPTION: Sixth example about binary trees. It gives an example of Polish
                   notation.
  MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
```

#endif

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                      */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                   (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                   (void);
/* tutorial functions
                   */
static void graph
                   (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
/****************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
stacic void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherronnsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*v,30*x,97*v/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break:
 default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
setlinestyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls graph routine
void main()
graph();
```

```
/* This routine gives an example of Polish notation.
void graph(void)
 /********************
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/8);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-6");
  /*********************************
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"This time we will show you how to obtain Polish notation from
                 the following");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"expression (((6-3)*2)+7)/(((5-1)*4)+8). While we
                 are doing");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"this we won't tell you the details of our implementation, but we
                 will let");
 outtextxy(2*x,5*y,"you think about between each step. Later we'll try to do the re-
                 verse of this");
 outtextxy(2*x,6*y,"operation, that is obtaining the actual expression from the Pol-
                 ish notation.");
 /**********************
 pieslice(27*x,8*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
 pieslice(17*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* + */
 pieslice(37*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* + */
 moveto(17*x,10*y); lineto(27*x,8*y); lineto(37*x,10*y);
 outtextxy(27*x,15*y/2,"/");
 outtextxy(15*x,10*y,"+");
 outtextxy(39*x,10*y,"+");
 pieslice(12*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* * */
 pieslice(22*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* 7 */
 pieslice(32*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* * */
 pieslice(42*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* 8 */
 moveto(12*x,12*y); lineto(17*x,10*y); lineto(22*x,12*y);
 moveto(32*x,12*y); lineto(37*x,10*y); lineto(42*x,12*y);
```

```
outtextxy(10*x,12*y,"*");
outtextxy(22*x,25*y/2,"7");
outtextxy(30*x,12*y,"*");
outtextxy(42*x,25*y/2,"8");
pieslice(7*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* - */
pieslice(17*x, 14*y, 0.359, 2); /* 2 */
pieslice(27*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* - */
pieslice(37*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* 4 */
moveto(7*x,14*y); lineto(12*x,12*y); lineto(17*x,14*y);
moveto(27*x,14*y); lineto(32*x,12*y); lineto(37*x,14*y);
outtextxy(5*x,14*y,"-");
outtextxy(17*x,29*y/2,"2");
outtextxy(24*n,14*y,"-");
outtextxy(37*\pi,29*y/2,"4");
pieslice(2*x,16*y,0,359,2); /* 6 */
pieslice(12*x,16*y,0,359,2); /* 3 */
pieslice(22*x,16*y,0,359,2); /* 5 */
pieslice(32*x,16*y,0,359,2); /* 1 */
moveto(2*x,16*y); lineto(7*x,14*y); lineto(12*x,16*y);
moveto(22*x,16*y); lineto(27 "x,14*y); lineto(32*x,16*y);
outtextxy(2*x,33*y/2,"6");
outtextxy(12*x,33*y/2,"3");
outtextxy(22*x,33*y/2,"5");
outtextxy(32*x,33*y/2,"1");
outtextxy(3*x,39*y/2,"Polish notation");
moveto(2*x,20*y); lineto(38*x,20*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
retcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,4*y/3,89*x,13*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor).
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(3*x,21*y,"/");
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(5*x,21*y,"+");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(7*x,21*y,"*");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(9*x,21*y,"-");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(11*x,21*y,"6");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(13*x,21*y,"3");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(15*x,21*y,"2");
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(17*x,21*y,"7");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(19*x,21*y,"+");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(21*x,21*y,"*");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(23*x,21*y,"-");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(25*x,21*y,"5");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(27*x,21*y,"1");
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(29*x,21*y,"4");
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x_23*y_70*x_49*y_2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********
             ****************
Pause(30*x,24*y);
outtextxy(31*x,21*y,"8");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x/2,17*y,50*x,23*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(3*x,37*y/2,"Evolution of the expression");
moveto(2*x,19*y); lineto(50*x,19*y);
outtextxy(44*x,17*y/4,"Explanations for each step");
moveto(43*x,19*y/4); lineto(89*x,19*y/4);
outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"This time we will show you how to obtain our original expres-
                sion back");
outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"To do this we will again apply the rule step by step for you to
                follow.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Start scanning from left to right.");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"Scan until you reach two numbers ");
outtextxy(44*x.8*y,"following an operation. (i.e. - 63)");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"Let T = -, a = 6, b = 3, by the rule");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"change T a b (i.e. - 63) with a T b.");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"This will turn - 6 3 into (6 - 3)");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"Replace this expression in the Polish");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"notation with the old one.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x,39*y/2,52*x,23*y);
bar(43*x,5*y,179*x/2,18*y);
bar(20*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(3*x,20*y,"/+*(6-3)27+*-5148");
/*********************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Once again scan from left to right");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"until you reach two numbers follow-");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"ing an operation. This time T=*,");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"a = (6-3) (because result of this");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"expression is another number) and"):
outtextxy(44*x.11*y,"b = 2; apply the rule and change");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"T a b (i.e. (*(6-3)2)) with ");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"a T b. Consequently we will have"):
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"
                         ((6-3)*2)
                                         "):
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"Replace this expression in the Polish"):
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"notation with the old one.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor):
bar(3*x,39*y/2,52*x,23*y);
bar(43*x,5*y,179*x/2,18*y);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(3*x,20*y,"/+((6-3)*2)7+*-5148");
/****************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Again scan from left to right until");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"you reach two numbers following an");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"operation. This time T = +, a = ((6 - 3)");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"* 2) (same reasoning that we did for ");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"(6-3)). and b = 7; apply the rule");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"and change T a b (i.e + ((6-3)*2))");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"with a T b. Consequently we will have");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"
                         (((6-3)*2)+7)
                                              "):
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"Replace this expression in the Polish");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"notation with the old one.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x,39*y/2,52*x,23*y);
bar(43*x.5*v.179*x/2.18*v);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(3*x,20*y,"/(((6-3)*2)+7)+*-5148");
/*****************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Again scan from left to right until");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"you reach two numbers following an");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"operation. This time T = -, a= 5 and");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"b=1, (you realized that we skipped");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"(((6-3)*2)+7); because it is by");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"itself a number and is followed by +");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"operation). Now we will apply the rule");
outtextxv(44*x,13*y,"and change T a b (i.e - 5 1) with a T b");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"Consequently we will have (5 - 1) and we");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"replace this expression in the Polish");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"notation with the old one.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x,39*y/2,52*x,23*y);
bar(43*x,5*y,179*x/2,18*y);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(3*x,20*y,"/(((6-3)*2)+7)+*(5-1)48");
/**********************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Scan from left to right until you");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"reach two numbers following an oper-");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"ation. This time T = *, a = (5 - 1) and");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"b = 4.Now we will apply the rule and");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"change T a b (i.e - 5 1) with a T b");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"Consequently we will have ((5-1)*4)");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"and we replace this expression in the");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"Polish notation with the old one.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x,39*y/2,52*x,23*y);
bar(43*x,5*y,179*x/2,18*y);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(3*x,20*y,"/(((6-3)*2)+7)+((5-1)*4)8");
/*******************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"You know our reasonings, from this time");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"we won't make explanations but just tell");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"what T, a and b are.So, this time T = *");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"a=((5-1)*4) and b = 8.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x,39*v/2,52*x,23*y);
bar(43*x,5*y,179*x/2,18*y);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(3*x,20*y,"/(((6-3)*2)+7)(((5-1)*4)*8)");
/*********************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"This time T = / a = (((6-3)*2) + 7)");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"and b = (((5-1)*4)*8).");
Pause(30*x,24*v);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(3*x,39*v/2,52*x,23*v);
bar(43*x.5*v.179*x/2.18*v);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(3*x.20*y,"(((6-3)*2)+7)/(((5-1)*4)*8)");
/**********************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"As you see since there is no operation");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"which is followed by two numbers. This");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"means we are done. Actually when you ");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"examine the resultant expression you will");
```

```
AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Apr. 16, 1990
 REVISED
               : Apr. 17, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: Seventh example about binary trees. It gives an example
                   of postorder traversal.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #uefine ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : exb7.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
                     */
/* Utility functions
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void graph
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/*********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/**********************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/***********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT:
 /***********************/
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 1
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = Max X/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAH1) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else (
   setfilistyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break;
 default : break:
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
 /* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
setlinestyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,i)
int i, j;
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls graph routine
void main()
graph();
```

```
/* This routine gives an example of postorder traversal.
void graph(void)
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/8);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-7");
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"To make you able to compare the result we will use the result,
                we will again");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"use the same expression and apply the algorithm on them. And
                as we did before");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"as we visit each vertex we will keep the postorder list for you
                to follow.");
 pieslice(27*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* H */
 pieslice(17*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* F */
 pieslice(37*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* N */
 moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,5*y); lineto(37*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"H");
 outtextxy(15*x,7*y,"F");
 outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"N");
 pieslice(12*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(22*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(32*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* L */
 pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* O */
 moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,7*y); lineto(22*x,9*y);
 moveto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(10*x,9*y,"D");
  outtextxy(22*x,19*y/2,"G");
 outtextxy(30*x,9*y,"L");
  outtextxy(42*x,19*y/2,"O");
```

```
pieslice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
pieslice(17*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(27*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* J */
pieslice(37*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* M */
moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,11*y);
moveto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,11*y);
outtextxy(5*x,11*y,"B");
outtextxy(17*x,23*y/2,"E"\
outtextxy(24*x,11*y,"J");
outtextxy(37*x,23*y/2,"M");
pieslice(2*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(12*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(22*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* I */
pieslice(32*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* K */
moveto(2*x,13*y); lineto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,13*y);
moveto(22*x,13*y); lineto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,13*y);
outtextxy(2*x,27*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(12*x,27*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(22*x,27*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(32*x,27*y/2,"K");
outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Step by step Postorder Traversal");
moveto(43*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Postorder Listing");
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,15*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3.0.1):
   ********************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We will start out traversal by visiting");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"left subtree (roote by F), since there");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"is one we will apply postorder traversal");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"Once again since F has a left subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"rooted by D, we will apply postorder");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"traversal and go to B. B too, has left");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"subtree, so we will apply the algorithm");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"once again. Since A is a terminal node");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"it does not have neither left nor right");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"child (in other word it is the root of");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"its own) we will visit A");
outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"A");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,33*y/2); lineto(89*x,33*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"Now we go to the right subtree of B and");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"start traversal again. This time we will");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"go to C. C does not have children we");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"will visit C.");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,41*y/2); lineto(89*x,41*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"Next we will go to the root B and since");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"visited its left & right child we will");
outtextxy(44*x,23*y,"visit B");
outtextxy(7*x,16*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We completed traversal of left subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"of D we will got its right subtree, E");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"Since E is a terminal node we'll visit E");
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(4.1*x,17*y/2); lineto(89*x,17*y/2);
                             *******
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"We now will visit root D since we comp-");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"leted traversal of its subtrees.");
outtextxy(11*x,16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,21*y/2); lineto(89*x,21*y/2);
/*************************
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"Consequently, we next begin the traver-");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"sal of the right subtree of F.As you see");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"this subtree consists only of the ver-");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"tex G. So we will visit G and put it");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"into our list.");
outtextxy(13*x,16*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,31*y/2); lineto(89*x,31*y/2);
/***********
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"We now will visit root F since we comp-");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"leted traversal of its subtrees.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"As you notice we have completed ");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"the traversal of the left subtree");
outtextxv(44*x.8*v,"of the root H. So now we will start");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"traversal of right subtree of H.");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"to do that we will go to root N and");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"go to the left subtree of N and ");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"begin another postorder traversal.");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"this traversal will take us down");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"to the terminal node I. So we will");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"visit I.");
outtextxy(17*x,16*y,"I");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,31*y/2); lineto(89*x,31*y/2);
/************************
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"We now go to the right subtree of");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"root J. Right subtree of J contains");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"only the vertex K, so we'll visit K");
outtextxy(19*x,16*y,"K");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,37*y/2); lineto(89*x,37*y/2);
/***************
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"We now will visit root J since we comp-");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"leted traversal of its subtrees.");
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"J");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Consequently, we next begin the traver-");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"sal of the right subtree of L.As you see");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"this subtree consists only of the ver-");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"tex M. So we will visit M");
outtextxy(23*x,16*y,"M");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,19*y/2); lineto(89*x,19*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"We now will visit root L since we comp-");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"leted traversal of its subtrees.");
outtextxy(25*x,16*y,"L");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,23*y/2); lineto(89*x,23*y/2);
/**********************************
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"We next begin the traversal of right");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"subtree of root N. As you see this ");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"subtree consists only of the vertex");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"O. So we will visit O and put it");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"into our list.");
outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"O");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,33*y/2); lineto(89*x,33*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"We now will visit root N since we comp-");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"leted traversal of its subtrees.");
```

```
/* PROGRAM : exb8.c
 AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
              : Apr. 16, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 17, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: Eighth example about binary trees. ,It gives an example of
                   postorder traversal.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include < graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
                                          /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff name
                       name
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
```

#endif

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void graph
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
/**********************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/**********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /*********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 1
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graplunode == MCGAHI) || (graplunode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
   1
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE:
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N')))
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break:
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break;
  default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
  **********************
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls graph routine
void main()
 graph();
```

```
************************
/* This routine gives an example of postorder traversal.
/***************************
void graph(void)
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/8);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-8");
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"To make you able to compare the result we will use the result,
                 we will again");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"use the same expression and apply the algorithm on them. And
                 as we did before");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"as we visit each vertex we will keep the postorder list for you
                 to follow.");
 /***********************
 pieslice(27*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(17*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(37*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* H */
 moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,5*y); lineto(37*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"G");
 outtextxy(15*x,7*y,"D");
 outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"H");
 pieslice(12*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* C */
 pieslice(22*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* E */
 moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,7*y); lineto(22*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(10*x,9*y,"C");
 outtextxy(22*x,19*y/2,"E");
 pieslice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* A */
 pieslice(18*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* F */
 moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,9*y);
 moveto(22*x,9*y); lineto(18*x,11*y);
 outtextxy(5*x.11*y,"A");
```

```
outtextxy(18*x,23*y/2,"F");
pieslice(12*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* B */
moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,13*y);
outtextxy(12*x,27*y/2,"B");
|*****************
outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Step by step Postorder Traversal");
moveto(43*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Postorder Listing");
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,15*y);
outtextxy(30*x,24*y,"PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE...");
while(kbhit()) getch();
getch();
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
/************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We will start out traversal by visiting");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"left subtree (roote by D), since there");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"is a one we will apply postorder traver-");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"sal.Once again since D has left subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"rooted by C, we will apply postorder");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"traversal and go to C. C too, has a left");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"subtree, so we will apply the algorithm");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"once again. We will go to A. A does not");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"left subtree but it has a right subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"(contains only one vertex) B. So we will");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"go to B since it does not have any child");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"we will visit B.");
outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,35*y/2); lineto(89*x,35*y/2);
                          **********
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"This will complete the travesals of A's ");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"subtrees. So, we will visit A");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"A");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*****************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"This also completed the traversal of C's");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"left subtree.Since C does not have right");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"subtree we will visit root C this time");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"and put it in the list.");
outtextxy(7*x,16*y,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,19*y/2); lineto(89*x,19*y/2);
/*********************************
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"Now we will go to the right subtree of D");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"this time, and start traversal from this");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"point and go to left subtree of E and");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"start postorder traversal again. We will");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"go to vertex F, since it is a terminal");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"vertex, we will visit it.");
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,31*y/2); lineto(89*x,31*y/2);
/*********************
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"This also completed the traversal of E's");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"left subtree.Since E does not have right");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"subtree we will visit root E this time");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"and put it in the list.");
outtextxy(11*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor):
moveto(44*x,39*y/2); lineto(89*x,39*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"We now will visit root D since we comp-");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"leted traversal of its subtrees.");
outtextxy(13*x,16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Consequently, we next begin the traver-");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"sal of the right subtree of G.As you see");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"this subtree consists only of the ver-");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"tex H. So we will visit H and put it");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"into our list.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,21*y/2); lineto(89*x,21*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"This last visit completed the traversal");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"of the left and right subtrees of root");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"G. Visiting this vertex will complete");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"the postorder traversal of the entire");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"binary tree.");
outtextxy(17*x,16*y,"G");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Apr. 16, 1990
             : Apr. 17, 1990
 REVISED
 DESCRIPTION: Ninth example about binary trees. It gives an example of
                   inorder traversal.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
            C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(_ ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : exb9.c

```
#define GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void graph
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code.
static void register_drivers(void)
1
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
**********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) |
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
    case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break:
    case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
    case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break;
  default : break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/*********************
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls graph routine
                                               */
void main()
 graph();
```

```
/* This routine gives an example of inorder traversal.
                                                              */
void graph(void)
 /*****************************
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/8);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-9");
  /***********************
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"To make you able to compare the result we will use the result,
                 we will again");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"use the same expression and apply the algorithm on them. And
                as we did before");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"as we visit each vertex we will keep the inorder list for you to
                 follow.");
  pieslice(27*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* H */
 pieslice(17*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* F */
 pieslice(37*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* N */
 moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,5*y); lineto(37*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"H");
 outtextxy(15*x,7*y,"F");
 outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"N");
 pieslice(12*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(22*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(32*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* L */
 pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* O */
 moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,7*y); lineto(22*x,9*y);
 moveto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(10*x,9*y,"D");
 outtextxy(22*x,19*y/2,"G");
 outtextxy(30*x,9*y,"L");
  outtextxy(42*x,19*y/2,"O");
```

```
piestice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
pieslice(17*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(27*x,11*y,0,359.2); /* J */
pieslice(37*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* M */
nioveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,11*y);
moveto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,11*y);
outtextxy(5*x,11*y,"B");
outtextxy(17*x,23*y/2,"E");
outtextxy(24*x,11*y,"J");
outtextxy(37*x,23*y/2,"M");
pieslice(2*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(12*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(22*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* I */
pieslice(32*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* K */
moveto(2*x,13*y); lineto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,13*y);
moveto(22*x,13*y); lineto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,13*y);
outtextxy(2*x.27*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(12*x,27*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(22*x,27*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(32*x,27*y/2,"K");
outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Step by step Inorder Traversal");
moveto(43*x,11*y/2); linetc(39*x,11*y/2);
outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2, 'lnorder Listing");
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,15*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
/*************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We will start out traversal by visiting");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"left subtree (roote by F), since there");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"is one we will apply inorder traversal");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"Once again since F has a left subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"rooted by D, we will apply inorder ");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"traversal and go to B. B too, has left");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"subtree, so we will apply the algorithm");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"once again. Since A is a terminal node");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"it does not have neither left nor right");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"child (in other word it is the root of");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"its own) we will visit A");
cuttextxy(3*x,16*y,"A");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,33*y/2); lineto(89*x,33*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"Now we will visit root B.");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,35*y/2); lineto(89*x,35*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"Next we will go to the right child of B");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"which is C and visit it.");
outtextxy(7*x,16*y,"C');
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,39*y/2); lineto(89*x,39*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,20)*y,"We completed traversal of left subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"of D so we will D now.");
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,43*y/2); lineto(89*x,43*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"We now will visit right child of D");
outtextxy(11*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x.45*v/2); lineto(89*x.45*v/2);
outtextxy(44*x,23*y,"Consequently, we next visit root F.");
outtextxy(13*x,16*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We now will visit right subtree of F");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"which is G.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,15*y/2); lineto(89*x,15*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"As you notice we have completed");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"the traversal of the left subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"of the root H. So now we will visit");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"the root H according to the algorithm.");
outtextxy(17*x,16*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor):
moveto(44*x,23*y/2); lineto(89*x,23*y/2);
/*********************
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"We now go to the right subtree of");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"root H. By following the algorithm");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"we will go down to the terminal node");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"I. Since we cannot go any further we");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"will visit I.");
outtextxy(19*x,16*y,"I");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,33*y/2); lineto(89*x,33*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"We now will visit root J.");
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"J");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,35*v/2); lineto(89*x,35*v/2);
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"Consequently, we next begin the traver-");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"sal of the right subtree of J.As you see");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"this subtree consists only of the ver-");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"tex K. So we will visit K.");
outtextxy(23*x,16*y,"K");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,43*y/2); lineto(89*x,43*y/2);
/*************************
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"We now will visit root L.");
outtextxy(25*x,16*y,"L");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x.23*v.70*x.49*v/2):
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We next begin the traversal of right");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"subtree of root L. As you see this ");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"subtree consists only of the vertex");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"M. So we will visit M and put it");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"into our list.");
outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"M");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x.21*y/2); lineto(89*x.21*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"We now will visit root N.");
outtextxy(29*x,16*v,"N");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,23*y/2); lineto(89*x,23*y/2);
    ************************
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"According to the algorithm we now will");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"visit right subtree of root N, O. This");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"will complete our inorder traversal");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"of the binary tree.");
outtextxy(31*x,16*y,"O");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : exb10.c
 AUTHOR: Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Apr. 16, 1990
             : Apr. 17, 1990
 REVISED
 DESCRIPTION: Tenth example about binary trees. It gives an example of
                   inorder traversal.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                    /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
```

#define ff_name

#define ff_attrib

#endif

name

attribute

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                      */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                  (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                   (void);
/* tutorial functions
                   */
static void graph
                  (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
}
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 /***********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = Max X/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break:
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break:
 default : break;
  )
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/************************
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
setlinestyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/***********************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/****
/* main routine calls graph routine
void main()
 graph();
```

```
*******************
/* This routine gives an example of inorder traversal.
/**********************
 void graph(void)
  /*******************
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/8);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-5-10");
  /*************************
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"To make you able to compare the result we will use the result,
                  we will again");
  outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"use the same expression and apply the algorithm on them. And
                 as we did before");
  outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"as we visit each vertex we will keep the inorder list for you to
                 follow.");
  /***********************
  pieslice(27*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* G */
 pieslice(17*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* D */
 pieslice(37*x.7*y,0,359,2); /* H */
 moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,5*y); lineto(37*x,7*y);
  outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"G");
 outtextxy(15*x,7*y,"D");
 outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"H");
 pieslice(12*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* C */
  pieslice(22*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* F */
 moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,7*y); lineto(22*x,9*y);
  outtextxy(10*x,9*y,"C");
 outtextxy(22*x,19*y/2,"F");
 pieslice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* A */
  pieslice(18*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* E */
 moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,9*y);
 moveto(22*x,9*y); lineto(18*x,11*y);
  outtextxy(5*x,11*y,"A");
```

```
outtextxy(18*x,23*y/2,"E");
pieslice(12*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* B */
moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,13*y);
outtextxy(12*x,27*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Step by step Inorder Traversal");
moveto(43*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Inorder Listing");
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,15*y);
outtextxy(30*x,24*y,"PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE...");
while(kbhit() ) getch();
getch();
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
/*********************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We will start out traversal by visiting");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"left subtree (roote by D), since there");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"is a one we will apply inorder traver-");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"sal.Once again since D has left subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"rooted by C, we will apply inorder ");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"traversal and go to C. C too, has a left");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"subtree, so we will apply the algorithm");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"once again. We will go to A. A does not");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"left subtree so according to the algo-");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"rithm we will visit A.");
outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"A");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,31*y/2); lineto(89*x,31*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"Then we will visit right subtree B. ");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"B");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,33*y/2); lineto(89*x,33*y/2);
/***********************************
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"This also completed the traversal of C's");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"left subtree. So now we will visit C.");
outtextxy(7*x,16*v,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,37*y/2); lineto(89*x,37*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"Now we will visit D.");
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x.24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2):
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,39*y/2); lineto(89*x,39*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"This time we will go to F and start");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"inorder traversal from F. We will go");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"to left subtree of F, consisting of");
outtextxy(44*x,23*y,"only vertex E, so we will visit E.");
outtextxy(11*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"We now will visit root F since we comp-");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"leted traversal of its left subtree.");
```

```
outtextxy(13*x,16*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,15*y/2); lineto(89*x,15*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"Consequently, we next visit the root G.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(44*x,17*y/2); lineto(89*x,17*y/2);
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"Finally we will go the right subtree");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"of the root G. We have only one vertex");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"on this subtree and visiting this");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"vertex will complete the inorder");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"traversal of the entire binary tree.");
outtextxy(17*x,16*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
                : Mar. 22, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED
               : Mar. 22, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the first exercise about the
                   binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
```

/* PROGRAM : q451.c

#endif

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
sta ' 'oid exer
                 (void);
static void example
                   (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                   (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
                    (void);
static void confirm_exit
/* miscellaneous global variables
/****************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
/**********************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/**********************************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /************************
if(graph\_error < 0)
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 /******************************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /************************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
              *************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
```

```
switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'n': setcelor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecoior);
         break;
   default : break;
   1
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/**************
static void settext(void)
1
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
                                  */
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls exer routine
void main()
1
exer();
```

```
******************
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
  char Ch:
 init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 1");
  /***************
  outtextxy(10*x,2*y,"Construct an expression tree for the following expression.");
  outtextxy(35*x,3*y,"a + b * c");
  while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
  outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, as you need:");
  outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
  outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I want to see step by step solution.");
  outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
  outtextxy(15*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
  Ch = getch();
  if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c'))) {
    outtextxy(48*x,18*y," Please type a, b, or c");
    Ch = getch();
    if(Ch==ESC) confirm graph_exit();
    if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c')) {
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,35*y/2,88*x,20*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    switch (Ch)
```

```
case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"c");
    contirm_exit();
    break;
  default : break;
closegraph();
```

```
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
                                                            */
static void compare_solutions(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                     /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 pieslice(40*x.10*y.0.359.2); /* + */
 pieslice(35*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* a */
 pieslice(45*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* * */
 moveto(35*x,12*y); lineto(40*x,10*y); lineto(45*x,12*y);
 outtextxy(40*x,19*y/2,"+");
 outtextxy(35*x,25*y/2,"a");
 outtextxy(46*x,12*y,"*");
 pieslice(40*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* b */
 pieslice(50*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* c */
 moveto(40*x,14*y); lineto(45*x,12*y); lineto(50*x,14*y);
 outtextxy(39*x,29*y/2,"b");
 outtextxy(49*x,29*y/2,"c");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field again */
  bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
                                                                   */
/***************************
static void step_solution(void)
                        /* Clean the game field */
  setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(3*x/2,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  /*********************
 pieslice(30*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* + */
 pieslice(25*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* a */
  pieslice(35*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* (b * c) */
  moveto(25*x,12*y); lineto(30*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,12*y);
  outtextxy(30*x,19*y/2,"+");
  outtextxy(25*x,25*y/2,"a");
  outtextxy(32*x,25*y/2,"(b*c)");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
 pieslice(50*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* + */
  pieslice(45*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* a */
  pieslice(55*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* * */
 pieslice(50*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* b */
  pieslice(60*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* c */
  moveto(45*x,12*y); lineto(50*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,12*y);
  moveto(50*x,14*y); lineto(55*x,12*y); lineto(60*x,14*y);
  outtextxy(50*x,19*y/2,"+");
  outtextxy(45*-,25*y/2,"a");
  outtextxy(56*x,12*y,"*");
  outtextxy(49*x,29*y/2,"b");
  outtextxy(59*x,29*y/2,"c");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
                   /* Clean the game field again */
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
  char ch;
  outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You wanted to exit.");
  outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"Are you sure?");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch ();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) |
     outtextxy(53*x,22*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,21*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   default : break;
1
```

```
/* PROGRAM : q452.c
 AUTHOF : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
              : Apr. 2, 1990
 REVISED : Apr. 2, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the second exercise about the
                  binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                          C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                         /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                   /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                               /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                     _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
```

#define ffblk

#endif

#define ff name

#define ff_attrib

FIND

name

attribute

```
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                  */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
               (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
static void settext
               (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                (void);
static void example
                  (void);
static void show_alg
                  (void);
static void step_solution
                   (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                   (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
                                                            */
/*****************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
/**************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor,
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/*********************
static void register_drivers(void)
{
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
}
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
{
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /**********************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
            ********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 /*****************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHI'TE;
 }
/* This function sets the text default values
                                                         */
/*********************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CEN TIR_TEXT);
/*********************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
/*********************************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 {
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
```

```
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
/*********************
static void exer(void)
{
 char Ch:
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0, XaxX, MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 2");
  /***********************
  outtextxy(10*x,2*y,"Construct an expression tree for the following expression.");
  outtextxy(30*x,3*y,"((a - b) / c) * (d + e / f)");
  while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
  outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, as you need:");
  outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
  outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I want to see step by step solution.");
  outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
  outtextxy(15*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
  Ch = getch();
  if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
    outtextxy(48*x,18*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
    Ch = getch();
    if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
    if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) 
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,35*y/2,88*x,20*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    switch (Ch)
```

```
case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"a");
   outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"h");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"c");
    confirm_exit();
    break;
  default : break;
closegraph();
```

```
/***********************
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
/**********************
static void compare_solutions(void)
                      /* Clean the game field */
  setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,4*y,179: x/2,49*y/2);
 /**********************************
 setcolor(forecolor);
 pieslice(40*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* * */
 pieslice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
 pieslice(45*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* + */
 moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(40*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,10*y);
 outtextxy(40*x,15*y/2,"*");
 outtextxy(33*x,10*y,"/");
 outtextxy(46*x,10*y,"+");
  pieslice(42*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* d */
  pieslice(50*x,12*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
 moveto(42*x,12*y); lineto(45*x,10*y); lineto(50*x,12*y);
 pieslice(30*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* - */
  pieslice(38*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* c */
 moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,10*y); lineto(38*x,12*y);
 outtextxy(28*x,12*y,"-");
 outtextxy(38*x,25*y/2,"c");
  outtextxy(42*x,25*y/2,"d");
  outtextxy(51*x,12*y,"/");
  pieslice(45*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* e */
  pieslice(55*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* f */
  moveto(45*x,14*y); lineto(50*x,12*y); lineto(55*x,14*y);
  pieslice(25*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* a */
  pieslice(35*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* b */
  moveto(25*x,14*y); lineto(30*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,14*y);
 outtextxy(25*x,29*y/2,"a");
  outtextxy(35*x,29*y/2,"b");
```

```
outtextxy(45*x,29*y/2,"e");
 outtextxy(55*x,29*y/2,"f");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
                       /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
/*********************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
/*********************
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field */
  bar(3*x/2,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  /*******************
  setcolor(forecolor);
  pieslice (20*x,6*y,0,359,2); /* * */
  pieslice(15*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* ((a - b) / c */
  pieslice(25*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* (d + e / f) */
  moveto(15*x,8*y); lineto(20*x,6*y); lineto(25*x,8*y);
  outtextxy(20*x,11*y/2,"*");
  outtextxy(5*x,17*y/2,"((a - b) / c)");
  outtextxy(21*x,17*y/2,"(d + e / f)");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  /******************
  pieslice(60*x,6*y,0,359,2); /* * */
  pieslice(55*x,8*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
  pieslice(65*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* + */
  moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(60*x,6*y); lineto(65*x,8*y);
  outtextxy(60*x,11*y/2,"*");
  outtextxy(53*x,8*y,"/");
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
      outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
      if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
      setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
      setcolor(quitcolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
    case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
    case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
    case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
    case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
outtextxy(66*x,8*y,"+");
pieslice(62*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* d */
pieslice(70*x, 10*y, 0, 359, 2); /* (e / f) */
moveto(62*x,10*y); lineto(65*x,8*y); lineto(70*x,10*y);
pieslice(50*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* (a - b) */
pieslice(58*x,10*v,0,359,2); /* c */
moveto(50*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,8*y); lineto(58*x,10*y);
outtextxy(46*x,21*y/2,"(a - b)");
outtextxy(58*x,21*y/2,"c");
outtextxy(62*x,21*y/2,"d");
outtextxy(67*x,21*y/2,"(e/f)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
/*******************
pieslice(40*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* * */
piesiice(35*x,14*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
pieslice(45*x, 14*y, 0, 359, 2); /* + */
moveto(35*x,14*y); lineto(40*x,12*y); lineto(45*x,14*y);
outtextxy(40*x,23*y/2,"*");
outtextxy(33*x,14*y,"/");
outtextxy(46*x,14*y,"+");
pieslice(42*x,16*y,0,359,2); /* d */
pieslice(50*x,16*y,0,359,2); /*/*/
moveto(42*x,16*y); lineto(45*x,14*y); lineto(50*x,16*y);
pieslice(30*x,16*y,0,359,2); /* - */
pieslice(38*x,16*v,0,359,2); /* c */
moveto(30*x,16*y); lineto(35*x,14*y); lineto(38*x,16*y);
outtextxy(28*x,16*y,"-");
outtextxy(38*x,33*y/2,"c");
outtextxy(42*x,33*y/2,"d");
outtextxy(51*x,16*y,"/");
/***********************
pieslice(45*x,18*y,0,359,2); /* e */
pieslice(55*x,18*y,0,359,2); /* f */
moveto(45*x,18*y); lineto(50*x,16*y); lineto(55*x,18*y);
```

```
pieslice(25*x,18*y,0,359,2); /* a */
  pleslice(35*x,18*y,0,359,2); /* b */
  moveto(25*x,18*y); lineto(30*x,16*y); lineto(35*x,18*y);
  outtextxy(25*x,37*y/2,"a");
  outtextxy(35*x,37*y/2,"b");
  outtextxy(45*x,37*y/2,"e");
  outtextxy(55*x,37*y/2,"f");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
                          /* Clean the game field again */
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
}
        *****************
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,22*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,21*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
```

```
break;

case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
break;

case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
break;

default: break;
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : q453.c
               : Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
               : Apr. 4, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED
               : Apr. 4, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the third exercise about the binary
                   trees and traversals.
  MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
   #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
   #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
   #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
   #define ffblk
                      find t
   #define ff_name
                        name
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined( ZTC _)
   #define ffblk
                      FIND
   #define ff_name
                        name
   #define ff attrib
                       attribute
```

#endif

#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED /* function prototypes */ /* Utility functions */ static void init_graph (void); static void confirm_graph_exit (void); static void Pause (int i, int j); static void register_drivers (void); extern void settext (void); /* tutorial functions */ static void exer (void); **/******************** /* graphic initialization variables */ **/********************** int curr_mode; int graphdriver; int graphmode; int graph_error; int backcolor; int forecolor; int quitcolor; int x, y, MaxX, MaxY; /* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code **/************************** static void register_drivers(void) if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);

if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);

if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
{
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /******************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
   }
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE:
```

```
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
{
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/********************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
/*********************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 {
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
 struct _onkey_t *kblist;
 char ch;
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
 setcolor(quitcolor);
 kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
 outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
 ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N')))
    outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
```

```
ch = getch ();
 if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
}
switch (ch)
case 'y': closegraph();
      videoinit();
      exit(0);
      break;
case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
 case 'N': setcolor(hackcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y.69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
 default : break;
 }
hidecur();
if( mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
```

}

```
/* main routine that calls exer routine
void main()
{
 exer();
         ***********************
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
  char Ch;
  ini:_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 3");
  outtextxy(20*x,2*y,"Consider the following binary tree.");
  pieslice(40*x,3*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(35*x,5*/,0,359,2);
  pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,352,2);
  pieslice(30*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslicc(38*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(50*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(25*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(46*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(55*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(20*x,11*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(30*x,11*y,0,359,2);
```

```
pieslice(38*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(42*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2);
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
lineto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
lineto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
lineto(60*x,11*y);
moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(46*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
outtextxy(79*x/2,5*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(33*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(46*x,5*y,"C");
outtextxy(28*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(51*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(2^{3}*x,9*y,"G');
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"H");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y,"I");
outtextxy(47*x,9*y,"J");
outtextxy(56*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(20*x,23*y/2,"L");
outtextxy(30*x,23*y/2,"M");
outtextxy(38*x,23*y/2,"N");
outtextxy(42*x,23*y/2,"O");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"P");
outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"Q");
outtextxy(18*x,13*y,"Which one of the following statements is true ");
outtextxy(20*x,15*y,"a) H and M forms the left subtree of vertex B");
```

```
outtextxy(20*x,16*y,"b) J is the root of left subtree of vertex F");
outtextxy(20*x,17*y,"c) N is the right subtree of vertex E");
outtextxy(20*x,18*y,"d) All of the above statements are correct"):
outtextxy(18*x,20*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) {
   outtextxy(48*x,20*y," Please type a,b,c, or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))
   setcolor(backcolor):
   bar(50*x,19*y,88*x,19*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
1
switch (Ch)
 case 'a': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"a");
     outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"Sorry, that's not true!");
     outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"because, they form the");
     outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"left subtree of vertex E.");
     outtextxy(55*x,23*y,"The answer is 'b'.");
     break;
 case 'b': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"b");
     outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"Correct. You are doing fine!");
     break;
 case 'c': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"c");
     outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"No. N is the left subtree of');
     outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"the vertex I. The answer is");
     outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"'b'.");
     break;
 case 'd': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"d");
      outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"No. Because, if you carefully");
      outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"examine, you'll see that 'a'");
```

```
outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"and 'c' is wrong, so 'd' is.");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y,"The answer is 'b'");
break;

default : break;
}
Pause(15*x,24*y);
closegraph();
}
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Apr. 4, 1990
  REVISED
             : Apr. 4, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the fourth exercise about the
                   binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined( _ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
```

/* PROGRAM: q454.c

#endif

#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED /* function prototypes */ /* Utility functions */ static void init_graph (void); static void confirm_graph_exit (void); static void Pause (int i, int j); static void register_drivers (void); extern void settext (void); static void error_exit (int errnum); /* tutorial functions */ static void exer (void); static void example (void); static void show_alg (void); static void step_solution (void); static void compare_solutions (void); static void confirm_exit /* miscellaneou_ global variables int in_the_exercise = 1; /* graphic initialization variables **/******************* int curr_mode; int graphdriver; int graphmode; int graph_error; int backcoler: int forecolor;

int quitcolor;

int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;

```
/**********************************
                                         */
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) \leq 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT driver) < 0) exit(1);
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
graph error = graphresult();
if(graph_error < 0)
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 }
MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = Max X/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  switch (ch)
```

```
case 'y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   default : break;
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/****************
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
/***********************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) {
 closegraph();
 videoinit();
 exit(0);
/* main routine calls exer routine
void main()
exer();
```

```
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0.0.MaxX.MaxY):
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 4");
 /***********************************
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Give the preorder listing of the vertices for the following binary
                 tree.");
 pieslice(40*x,3*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(35*x,5*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(30*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(38*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(50*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(25*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(35*x.9*y.0.359.2);
 pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(46*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(55*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(20*x,11*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(30*x,11*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(38*x.11*y.0,359.2);
 pieslice(42*x,11*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2);
 moveto(20*x.11*y); lineto(25*x.9*y);
 lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
```

```
lineto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
lineto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
lineto(60*x,11*y);
moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(46*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
outtextxy(79*x/2,5*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(33*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(46*x,5*y,"C");
outtextxy(28*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(51*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(23*x,9*y,"G");
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"H");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y,"I");
outtextxy(47*x.9*y,"J");
outtextxy(56*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(20*x,23*y/2,"L");
outtextxy(30*x,23*y/2,"M");
outtextxy(38*x,23*y/2,"N");
outtextxy(42*x,23*y/2,"O");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"P");
outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"Q");
/******
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y,"
                        c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch():
```

```
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  }
  switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x.37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare solutions();
    break:
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
```

```
outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
      Pause(30*x,24*y);
      setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
      bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
      setcolor(forecolor);
      step_solution();
      break;
    case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
      confirm_exit();
      break;
    default : break;
  closegraph();
/****************
/* This routine gives preorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
    outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"PREORDER TRAVERSAL ALGORITHM OF A BINARY
TREE");
  outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Step 1 (visit) Visit the root.");
   outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"Step 2 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists, do a pre-
order");
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"
                         traversal.");
   outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"Step 3 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists, and do
a preorder");
  outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"
                         traversal.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
static void compare_solutions(void)
                 /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /************************
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Preorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(60*x,15*y);
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"A, B, D, G, L, E, H, M, I, N, C, F, J, O, P, K, Q");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor):
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Preorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(57*x,15*y);
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"A"); /* Visit the root A */
 Pause(30*x.24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
*********************
                                                          */
/* Go to left subtree, and do a preorder traversal again.
/************************
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(35*x,5*y); /* Visit B */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(6*x.16*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y.50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**************************
/* Go to left subtree, and do a preorder traversal again.
                                                         */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x.5*y); lineto(30*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y); /* Visit D */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(9*x.16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Go to left subtree, and do a preorder traversal again.
                                                          */
/**********************
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(25*x,9*y); lineto(30*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,7*y); Iineto(25*x,9*y); /* Visit G */
```

```
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(12*x,16*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
/* Go to left subtree, and do a preorder traversal again.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(25*x,9*y); lineto(20*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y); /* Visit L */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"L");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
/* Since L is a terminal node, it does not have a subtree, so go back
                                                               */
/* until the vertex B, and go to its right subtree, and visit root E
/*************************
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y); /* Visit E */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(18*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x.23*y.50*x.49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/* Go to left subtree of the vertex E.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x.9*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,9*y); lineto(38*x,7*y); /* Visit H */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"H");
Pause(30*x.24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
/* Go to left subtree of the vertex H.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,11*y). lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,11*y); Iineto(35*x,9*y); /* Visit M */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(24*x,16*y,"M");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Since M is a terminal node, it does not have a subtree, so go back
                                                      */
/* until the vertex E, and go to its right subtree, and visit root I
                                                      */
/************************
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(42*x,9*y); Iineto(38*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor):
```

```
moveto(42*x,9*y); lineto(38*x,7*y); /* Visit I */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"I");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Go to left subtree of the vertex I.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,11*y); Iineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(38*x.11*y); lineto(42*x,9*y); /* Visit N */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(30*x,16*y,"N");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Since N is a terminal node, it does not have a subtree, so go back
                                                           */
/* until the vertex A, and go to its right subtree, and visit root C.
                                                           */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y); /* Visit C */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(33*x,16*y,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y.50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/* The vertex C does not have a left subtree so, go to its right subtree
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,5*y); /* Visit F */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(36*x,16*v,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Go to left subtree of the vertex F.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x.7*y); lineto(46*x.9*y); /* Visit J */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(39*x,16*y,"J");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Go to left subtree of the vertex J.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(42*x.11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y); /* Visit O */
```

```
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(42*x,16*y,"O");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
/* Since O is a terminal node, it does not have a subtree, so go back
                                                              */
                                                              */
/* to the vertex J, and go to its right subtree, and visit the vertex P.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y); /* Visit P */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(45*x,16*y,"P");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
*/
/* Since P is a terminal node, it does not have a subtree, so go back
/* to the vertex F, and go to its right subtree, and visit the root K
                                                              */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y); /* Visit K */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(48*x,16*y,"K");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor):
```

```
********************
/* The vertex K does not have a left subtree so, go to its right subtree
                                                     */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lineto(60*x,11*y),
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lineto(60*x.11*y); /* Visit Q */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(51*x,16*y."Q");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
/* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,47*v/4,179*x/2,49*v/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Redraw the tree
moveto(20*x.11*y); lineto(25*x.9*y);
lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
lineto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
lineto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
lineto(60*x,11*y);
moveto(30*x.11*y); lineto(35*x.9*y);
lineto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x.5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
lineto(50*x.11*y);
moveto(46*x,9*y); Iineto(50*x,7*y);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit.");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   default : break;
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Apr. 4, 1990
 REVISED
               : Apr. 4, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the fifth exercise about the
                   binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : q455.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j):
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
static void error_exit (int errnum);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
static void example
                    (void);
static void show_alg
                    (void);
static void step_solution
                     (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm exit
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/*********************
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/*********************************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
puts(grapherromsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else (
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch:
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch():
     if((ch == 'y') \parallel (ch == 'n') \parallel (ch == 'Y') \parallel (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   1
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0):
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   default : break;
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
  settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
  settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
*****************
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 5");
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Give the preorder listing of the vertices for the following binary
                   tree.");
  /**********************************
 pieslice(40*x,3*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(30*x,5*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(50*x,5*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(25*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(55*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(20*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(30*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(40*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(60*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 moveto(20*x.9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
 lineto(30*x.5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
 lineto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
 lineto(60*x,9*y);
 moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 lineto(40*x,9*y);
 moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
```

```
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
lineto(50*x,9*y);
outtextxy(79*x/2,5*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(28*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(51*x,5*y,"C");
outtextxy(23*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(36*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(56*x,7*y,"G");
outtextxy(20*x,19*y/2,"H");
outtextxy(30*x,19*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(40*x,19*y/2,"J");
outtextxy(50*x,19*y/2,"K");
outtextxy(60*x,19*y/2,"L");
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch():
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) {
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
switch (Ch)
case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x,37*y/2,1^{7}9*x/2,21*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 show_alg();
 break;
case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
  outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
  outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
  bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  compare_solutions();
  break;
case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
  outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
  outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
  bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  step_solution();
  break;
case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
  confirm exit();
  break;
```

```
default : break;
}
closegraph();
```

```
/*************************
/* This routine gives preorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
1
   outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"PREORDER TRAVERSAL ALGORITHM OF A BINARY
TREE");
 outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Step 1 (visit) Visit the root.");
 outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"Step 2 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists, do a pre-
                   order");
 outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"
                     traversal.");
 outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"Step 3 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists, and do
                   a preorder");
 outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"
                     traversal.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/***********************
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
/************************
static void compare_solutions(void)
                   /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /**********************
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Preorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(42*x,15*y);
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"A, B, D, H, E, I, J, C, F, K, G, L");
 /*************************
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
                   /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
/***************************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
                   /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x.47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Preorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(42*x,15*y);
 outtextxy(3*x.16*y,"A"); /* Visit the root A */
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Go to left subtree, and do a preorder traversal again.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(30*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0.3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(30*x,5*y); /* Visit B */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(6*x.16*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Go to left subtree, and do a preorder traversal again.
                                                      */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x.5*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,7*y); /* Visit D */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************
/* Go to left subtree, and do a preorder traversal again.
/*********************
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(20*x,9*y); /* Visit H */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(12*x,16*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Since H is a terminal node, it does not have a subtree, so go back
/* until the vertex B, and go to its right subtree, and visit root E
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x.5*y): lineto(35*x,7*y); /* Visit E */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Go to left subtree of the vertex E.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y); /* Visit I */
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(18*x,16*y,"I");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
            *******************
/* Since I is a terminal node, it does not have a subtree, so go back
                                                        */
/* until the vertex E, and go to its right subtree, and visit root J
                                                        */
/***********************
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,9*y); /* Visit J */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"J");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* We have completed traversal of the left subtree of the root A. We now
                                                        */
/* will visit the right subtree of A.
                                                         */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x.3*y); lineto(50*x.5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(50*x,5*y); /* Visit C */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(24*x,16*y,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Go to left subtree of the vertex C.
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x.5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y); /* Visit F */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* The vertex F does not have a left subtree so, go to its right subtree
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,7*y); /* Visit K */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(30*x,16*y,"K");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/************************
/* Since K is a terminal node, it does not have a subtree, so go back
/* until the vertex C, and go to its right subtree, and visit root G
                                                                  */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y); /* Visit G */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(33*x,16*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* The vertex G does not have a left subtree so, go to its right subtree
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(60*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(60*x,9*y); /* Visit L */
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(36*x,16*y,"L");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
/* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Redraw the tree
/*********************************
moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
lineto(30*x.5*y); lineto(40*x.3*y);
lineto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
lineto(60*x,9*y);
moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
lineto(40*x.9*y);
moveto(30*x.5*y), lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(50*x 5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
lineto(50*x,9*y),
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch:
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit.");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch ();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   c se 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break:
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
    case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
    default : break;
```

```
/* PROGRAM: q456.c
  AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
  DATE
               : Apr. 4, 1990
  REVISED
              : Apr. 4, 1990
  DESCRIPTION: This program contains the sixth exercise about the
                   binary trees and traversals.
  MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                    /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
```

#endif

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void);
static void example
                   (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                   (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
/* miscellaneous global variables
/*********************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/**********************
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/********************
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
}
/*********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/*********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /*****************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 /*****************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /*******************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
```

```
case 'y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
  default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/***************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
                                                                    */
static void exer(void)
  char Ch;
 init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 6");
  /**********************
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Give the postorder listing of the vertices for the following bina-
                   ry tree.");
  /******************
  pieslice(40*x,3*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(30*x,5*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(50*x,5*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(25*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(55*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(20*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(30*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(40*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(60*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
  lineto(30*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
  lineto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
  lineto(60*x,9*y);
  moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  lineto(40*x,9*y);
  moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
```

```
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
lineto(50*x,9*y);
outtextxy(79*x/2,5*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(28*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(51*x,5*y,"C");
outtextxy(23*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(36*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(56*x,7*y,"G");
outtextxy(20*x,19*y/2,"H");
outtextxy(30*x,19*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(40*x,19*y/2,"J");
outtextxy(50*x,19*y/2,"K");
outtextxy(60*x,19*y/2,"L");
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
                        a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y,"
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"
                        b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch ():
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/**********************
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch ();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') \parallel (Ch == 'b') \parallel (Ch == 'c') \parallel (Ch == 'd')) 
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
  }
```

```
switch (Ch)
case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 show_alg();
 break;
case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 compare_solutions();
 break;
case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
 bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  step_solution();
 break;
case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
 confirm_exit();
  break;
```

```
default : break;
 }
 closegraph();
/* This routine gives postorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
/*********************
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"POSTORDER TRAVERSAL ALGORITHM OF A BINARY
TREE");
  outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Step 1 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists, do a pre-
order");
 outtextxy(2*x,16*y," traversal.");
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"Step 2 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists, and do
a preorder");
 outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"
                    traversal.");
 outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"Step 3 (visit) Visit the root.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
/***********************
static void compare_solutions(void)
  setcolor(backcolor);
                     /* Clean the game field */
  bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Postorder Listing");
```

```
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(42*x,15*y);
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"H, D, I, J, E, B, K, F, L, G, C, A");
 /*********************
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
                     /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
}
/**********************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
/**********************
static void step_solution(void)
                      /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Postorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(38*x,15*y);
 /***************
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"H"); /* Visit H */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /***************
 outtextxy(6*x,16*y,"D");
                          /* Visit D */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"I"); /* Visit I */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*****************
outtextxy(12*x,16*y,"J"); /* Visit J */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***************
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"E"); /* Visit J */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,5*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/******************
outtextxy(18*x,16*y,"B"); /* Visit B */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(30*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(30*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*******************
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"K"); /* Visit K */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(24*x,16*y,"F");
                      /* Visit F */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(50*x,5*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(50*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*****************
outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"L"); /* Visit L */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(60*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(60*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(30*x,16*y,"G"); /* Visit G */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(33*x,16*y,"C"); /* Visit C */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(36*x,16*y,"A"); /* Visit A */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Redraw the tree
/******************
moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
lineto(30*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
lineto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
lineto(60*x,9*y);
moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
lineto(40*x,9*y);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
lineto(50*x,9*y);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch(),
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2.49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   default : break;
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : q457.c
               : Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
 DATE
              : Apr. 5, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 5, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the seventh exercise about the
                   binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(_ ZTC_)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
```

#endif

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                       */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                    (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                    (void);
/* tutorial functions
                    */
static void exer
                     (void);
static void example
                       (void);
static void show_alg
                       (void);
static void step_solution
                        (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                        (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
/****************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
        ************
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
/************************
initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 /***********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))))
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   default : break;
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
  ************************
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0.0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,i)
int i j;
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine that calls exer routine
void main()
 exer();
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 7");
 /************************
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Give the postorder listing of the vertices for the following bina-
           ry tree.");
```

```
pieslice(40*x,3*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(35*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(38*x.7*y,0,359.2);
pieslice(50*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(25*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(46*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(55*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(20*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(38*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(42*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2);
moveto(20*x.11*y); lineto(25*x.9*y);
lineto(30*x.7*y); lineto(35*x.5*y);
lineto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
lineto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
lineto(60*x,11*y);
moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x.11*y);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(46*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
outtextxy(79*x/2,5*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(33*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(46*x,5*y,"C");
outtextxy(28*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(51*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(23*x,9*y,"G");
```

```
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"H");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y,"I");
outtextxy(47*x,9*y,"J");
outtextxy(56*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(20*x,23*y/2,"L");
outtextxy(30*x,23*y/2,"M");
outtextxy(38*x,23*y/2,"N");
outtextxy(42*x,23*y/2,"O");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"P");
outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"Q");
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"
                         b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {|}
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
    outtextxy(52*x,?0*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(50*x.37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b"),
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
    confirm_exit();
    break;
  default : break;
closegraph();
```

```
/*************************
/* This routine gives postorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
/*****************
static void show_alg(void)
 outtextxv(15*x,14*v."POSTORDER TRAVERSAL ALGORITHM OF A BINARY
                   TREE");
 outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Step 1 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists, do a pre-
                   order");
 outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"
                     traversal.");
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"Step 2 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists, and do
                   a preorder");
 outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"
                     traversal.");
 outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"Step 3 (visit) Visit the root.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setector(forecolor);
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
static void compare_solutions(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                       /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Postorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(60*x,15*y);
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"L, G, D, M, H, N, I, E, B, O, P, J, Q, K, F, C, A");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
                       /* Clean the game field again */
  bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
                      /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Postorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(53*x,15*y);
 /*********************************
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"L"); /* Visit L */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /*************************
 outtextxy(6*x,16*y,"G"); /* Visit G */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(30*x.7*y); lineto(25*x.9*y);
 setlinestyle(0.0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  outtextxy(9*x.16*y."D"); /* Visit D */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*******************************
outtextxy(12*x,16*y,"M"); /* Visit M */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x.11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"H"); /* Visit H */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*\sqrt{2});
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(18*x,16*y,"N"); /* Visit N */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,11*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(38*x,11*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"I"); /* Visit I */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor):
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(24*x,16*y,"E"); /* Visit E */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); Iineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
 setlinestyle(0.0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"B"); /* Visit B */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(30*x,16*y,"O"); /* Visit O */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(42*x,11*y); !ineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(33*x,16*y,"P"); /* Visit P */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x.11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(36*x,16*y,"J"); /* Visit J */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(39*x,16*y,"Q"); /* Visit Q */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(42*x,16*y,"K"); /* Visit K */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(45*x,16*y,"F"); /* Visit F */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(48*x,16*y,"C"); /* Visit C */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
outtextxy(51*x,16*y,"A"); /* Visit A */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                    *************
         Redraw the tree
moveto(20*x,11*y); Iineto(25*x,9*y);
```

```
lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
  lineto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
  lineto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
  lineto(60*x,11*y);
  moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
  lineto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
  lineto(38*x,11*y);
  moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
  moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
  lineto(50*x,11*y);
  moveto(46*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
                          ***********
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit.");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break:
```

```
case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    break;

case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    break;

default : break;
}
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
              : Apr. 4, 1990
 REVISED : Apr. 4, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the eighth exercise about the
                  binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkev.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC __)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : q458.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
static void example
                    (void);
static void show_alg
                    (void);
static void step_solution
                    (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                     (void);
/***********************
/* miscellaneous global variables
/*********************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/*********************
/* graphic initialization variables
/*********************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/*****************
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/**********************************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/*****************
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
         ***************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2.23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   default : break;
   }
  hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/****************
/* This function sets the text default values
/**************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
/******************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/**********************
                                                */
/* main routine that calls exer routine
/******************
void main()
 exer();
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
/********************
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 8");
 /*****************
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Give the inorder listing of the vertices for the following binary
```

```
pieslice(40*x,3*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(25*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(55*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(20*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(40*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(60*x,9*y,0,359,2);
moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
lineto(30*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
lineto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
lineto(60*x,9*y);
moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
lineto(40*x,9*y);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
lineto(50*x,9*y);
outtextxy(79*x/2,5*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(28*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(51*x,5*y,"C");
outtextxy(23*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(36*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(43*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(56*x,7*y,"G");
outtextxy(20*x,19*y/2,"H");
outtextxy(30*x,19*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(40*x,19*y/2,"J");
outtextxy(50*x,19*y/2,"K");
outtextxy(60*x,19*y/2,"L");
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
```

```
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
  Ch = getch();
  if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
     compare_solutions();
     break;
    case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
     outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
     outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
     bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     step_solution();
     break;
    case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
     confirm_exit();
     break;
    default : break;
  closegraph();
/* This routine gives inorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
/**********************
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"INORDER TRAVERSAL ALGORIΓΗΜ OF A BINARY
                     TREE");
  outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Step 1 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists, do a in-
                     order");
  outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"
                       traversal.");
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"Step 2 (visit) Visit the root.");
  outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"Step 3 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists, and do
                     a inorder");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"
                  traversal.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
/***********************************
static void compare_solutions(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                   /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,47*v/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Inorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(42*x,15*y);
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"H, D, B, I, E, J, A, F, K, C, G, L");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
                   /* Clean the game field again */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/********************************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
/****************
static void step_solution(void)
                       /* Clean the game field */
  setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Inorder Listing");
  moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(38*x,15*y);
  outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"H"); /* Visit H */
  setcolor(backcolor);
  moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
  setlinestyle(3,0,3);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
  setlinestyle(0,0,3);
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  /****************
  outtextxy(6*x,16*y,"D");
                         /* Visit D */
  setcolor(backcolor);
  moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
  setlinestyle(3,0,3);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
  setlinestyle(0,0,3);
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  /****************
  outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"B"); /* Visit B */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(12*x,16*y,"I"); /* Visit I */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"E"); /* Visit E */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/************
outtextxy(18*x,16*y,"J"); /* Visit J */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(30*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(40*x,3*y); lineto(30*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"A"); /* Visit A */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(24*x,16*y,"F"); /* Visit F */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /*****************
 outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"K"); /* Visit K */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(30*x,16*y,"C"); /* Visit C */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(33*x,16*y,"G"); /* Visit G */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(60*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(60*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(36*x,16*y,"L"); /* Visit L */
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*****************
/* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Redraw the tree
/**********************
moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
lineto(30*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
lineto(50*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
lineto(60*x,9*y);
moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
lineto(40*x,9*y);
moveto(30*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
moveto(50*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
lineto(50*x,9*y);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
{
  char ch;
  outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
  outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
      setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
                     {
    case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
    case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
    case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
    case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
    default : break;
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : q459.c
               : Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
 DATE
               : Apr. 5, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 5, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the ninth exercise about the
                   binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                    /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                       name
```

#define GRAPH_T_DEFINED

attribute

#define ff_attrib

#endif

```
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
static void example
                    (void);
static void show_alg
                    (void);
static void step_solution
                    (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                     (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/*********************************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
}
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/**********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /***********************
initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
puts(grapherronnsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
     *********************
settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) |
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break:
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break:
  default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/*********************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
/*************************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine calls exer routine
/**********************
void main()
exer();
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch:
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX.MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 9");
 /***********************
 outtextxy(2*x.2*y,"Give the inorder listing of the vertices for the following binary
             tree.");
         *****************
```

```
pieslice(40*x,3*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(35*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(38*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(25*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(46*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(55*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(20*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(38*x.11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(42*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2);
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
lineto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
lineto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
lineto(60*x,11*y);
moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(46*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
outtextxy(79*x/2,5*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(33*x,5*y,"B");
outtextxy(46*x,5*y,"C");
outtextxy(28*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"E");
outtextxy(51*x,7*y,"F");
outtextxy(23*x,9*y,"G");
```

```
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"H");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y,"I");
outtextxy(47*x,9*y,"J");
outtextxy(56*x,9*y,"K");
outtextxy(20*x,23*y/2,"L");
outtextxy(30*x,23*y/2,"M");
outtextxy(38*x,23*y/2,"N");
outtextxy(42*x,23*y/2,"O");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"P");
outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"Q");
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"
                        b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y,"
                        c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch():
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/****>.*******************************
 while (!((Ch == a') || (Ch == b') || (Ch == c') || (Ch == d'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   ba_1(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y, again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
    confirm_exit();
    break:
  default : break;
closegraph();
```

```
/* This routine gives inorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"INORDER TRAVERSAL ALGORITHM OF A BINARY
                    TREE");
  outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"Step 1 (go left) Go to the left subtree, if one exists, do a pre-
                    order");
  outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"
                      traversal.");
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"Step 2 (visit) Visit the root.");
  outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"Step 3 (go right) Go to the right subtree, if one exists, and do
                   a preorder");
  outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"
                      traversal.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
static void compare_solutions(void)
                        /* Clean the game field */
  setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  /********************
  outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Inorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); Iineto(60*x,15*y);
  outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"L, G, D, B, M, H, E, N, I, A, C, O, J, P, F, K, Q");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
                        /* Clean the game field again */
  bar(2*x.47*y/4.179*x/2.49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/***********************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                      /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Inorder Listing");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); Iineto(53*x,15*y);
 /*********************
 outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"L"); /* Visit L */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(0.0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  outtextxy(6*x.16*y,"G"); /* Visit G */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,3);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"D"); /* Visit D */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(12*x,16*y,"B"); /* Visit B */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"M"); /* Visit M */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(18*x,16*y,"H"); /* Visit H */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,9*v);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"E"); /* Visit E */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(24*x,16*y,"N"); /* Visit N */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(38*x,11*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(38*x,11*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"I"); /* Visit I */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(30*x,16*y,"A"); /* Visit A */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(40*x,3*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x.5*y); lineto(40*x.3*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(33*x,16*y,"C"); /* Visit C */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x.5*y); lineto(50*x.7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y.50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(36*x,16*y,"O"); /* Visit O */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(39*x,16*y,"J"); /* Visit J */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*************
outtextxy(42*x,16*y,"P"); /* Visit P */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(50*x,7*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(45*x,16*y,"F"); /* Visit F */
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lin_to(50*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x.24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(48*x,16*y,"K"); /* Visit K */
setcolor(backcolor);
moveto(55*x.9*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3.0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,9*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(51*x,16*y,"Q"); /* Visit Q */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/******************
/* Clean the game field again */
bar(3*x/2,47*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
Redraw the tree
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
```

```
lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
  lineto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
  lineto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
  lineto(60*x,11*y);
  moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
  lineto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
  lineto(38*x,11*y);
  moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
  moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
  lineto(50*x,11*y);
  moveto(46*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
/***********************
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit.");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
```

```
case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    break;

case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    break;

default : break;
}
```

/* PROGRAM : q4510.c **AUTHOR** : Atilla BAKAN DATE : Mar. 22, 1990 REVISED : Apr. 17, 1990 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the tenth exercise about the binary trees and traversals. MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0. */ /* header files */ #include <graphics.h> #include "cxldef.h" #include "cxlkey.h" #include "cxlmou.h" #if defined(TURBOC) /* Turbo C */ #include <dir.h> #else #include <direct.h> /* all others */ #endif #if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__) /* MSC/QuickC */ #define bioskey(a) _bios_keybrd(a) #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b) #define findnext(a) _dos_findnext(a) #define ffblk find t #define ff_name name /* Zortech C/C++ */ #elif defined(__ZTC__) #define ffblk **FIND** #define ff_name name

#define ff_attrib

#endif

attribute

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void);
static void example
                  (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                   (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                   (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
/********************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
/************************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/****************************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/*********************************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1):
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /*********************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
    quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
/***********************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') \parallel (ch == 'n') \parallel (ch == 'Y') \parallel (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  default : break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/*******************
static void settext(void)
{
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
}
```

```
*;
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine that calls exer routine
void main()
exer();
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,v/2,"EXERCISE 10");
 /*********************
 outtextxy(15*x,2*y,"Evaluate the following Polish notation expression");
 outtextxy(30*x,3*y,"+*+34-12-3/42");
 /*********************
```

```
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, as you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,18*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch ();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) 
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (Ch)
  case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
     outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"key to see it.");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
     bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     compare_solutions();
     break;
   case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"b");
     outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see step by step");
     outtextxy(52**,19**y,"solution. So press any key to ");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"continue.");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     setcelor(backcelor):
```

```
bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
step_solution();
break;
case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"c");
confirm_exit();
break;
default : break;
}
closegraph();
```

```
/*********************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
                                           */
/********************
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
              /* Clean the game field */
 bar(3*x/2,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /*********************
 outtextxy(30*x,8*y," + * + 3.4 - 1.2 - 3.74.2");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 /*****
 outtextxy(30*x,9*y,"=+*7-12-3/42");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 /***********************************
 outtextxy(30*x,10*y,"= +*7(-1)-3/42");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 /*********************
 outtextxy(30*x,11*y,"=+(-7)-3/42");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(30*x,12*y,"=+(-7)-32");
 Pause(30*x,24*v);
 /*********************
 outtextxy(30*x,13*y,"=+(-7)1");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(30*x,14*y,"=-6");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
             /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
}
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 cuttextxy(52*x,19*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch ();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,22*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,21*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   default : break;
    }
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : q4511.c
 AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
              : Apr. 5, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 5, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the eleventh exercise about the
                   binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_186) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                       name
  #define ff attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                        */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                    (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                    (void);
/* tutorial functions
                    */
static void exer
                     (void);
static void example
                       (void);
static void show_alg
                        (void);
static void step_solution
                        (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                        (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerhgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
1
/**************************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp. yasp:
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph error = graphresult();
 if (graph error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = geimaxx();
 MaxY = getinaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25:
 /************************
 settext();
 /*********************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) |
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE).
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED,
 forecoloi = WHITE;
            ****************
static void confirm__kraph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblis*
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_...ouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break:
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break:
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  default : break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/********************************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine that calls exer routine
void main()
exer();
/***********************
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
                                            */
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 11");
 outtextxy(15*x,2*y,"Evaluate the following Polish notation expression");
 outtextxy(30*x.3*v."+*4/62-+425"):
```

```
while (in the exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, as you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y,"
                         a) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,18*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) ||
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,35*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x.35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
     compare_solutions();
    break;
   case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"b");
     outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"continue.");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
step_solution();
break;
case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"c");
confirm_exit();
break;
default : break;
}
closegraph();
}
```

```
********************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
                                          */
static void step_solution(void)
              /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(3*x/2,4*y.179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(30*x,8*y," + *4/62 - +425");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(30*x,9*y,"=+*43-+425");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(30*x,10*y,"= +12-+425");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(30*x,11*y,"=+12-65");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 /*************************
 outtextxy(30*x,12*y,"=+121");
 Pause(30*x, 24*y);
 /***********************
 outtextxy(30*x,13*y,"=13");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 /* Clean the game field again */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You wanted to exit.");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"Are you sure?");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,22*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,21*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
    case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
    default : break;
}
```

```
: Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
 DATE
              : Apr. 6, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 6, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the twelfth exercise about the
                   binary trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : q4512.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void);
static void example
                   (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                   (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                    (void);
/****************
/* miscellaneous global variables
/*********************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
                                                              */
/*****
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
                                               */
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
}
/**********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
                                              */
/****************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /*****************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /**********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1):
 }
 /************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /*******************
 settext();
 /****************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
                   ********************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist:
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  default : break;
   }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/****************
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
{
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
*/
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/************************
/* main routine that calls exer routine
/********************
void main()
exer();
/*********************
/* Routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 12");
 /*****************
 outtextxy(10*x,2*y,"Evaluate the following reverse Polish notation expression");
 outtextxy(30*x,3*y,"23+46--5*4+");
```

```
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, as you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')))
   outtextxy(48*x,18*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,35*y/2,88*x,20*v);
   setcolor(forecolor);
    }
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"a");
    outtexixy(52*x,18*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
     outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"key to see it.");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y):
     bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2):
     setcolor(forecolor);
     compare_solutions();
     break;
   case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"b");
     outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see step by step");
     outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"continue.");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(50*x,35*y/2,17^*x/2,22*y);
bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
step_solution();
break;
case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"c");
confirm_exit();
break;
default : break;
}
}
closegraph();
}
```

```
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
                                       */
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
             /* Clean the game field */
 bar(3*x/2,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(30*x,8*y," 2 3 + 4 6 - - 5 * 4 +");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 /**********************
 outtextxy(30*x,9*y,"=546--5*4+");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(30*x,10*y,"= 5(-2) - 5*4+");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 outtextxv(30*x,11*y,"=75*4+");
 Pause(3^*x,24*y);
 outtextxy(30*x,12*y,"=354+");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 /*********************
 outtextxy(30*x,13*y,"=39");
 Pause(30*x,24*v):
 /*****************
              /* Clean the game field again */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,4*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,22*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,21*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2.22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   default : break;
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : sort.c
  AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
  DATE
               : Mar. 12, 1990
  REVISED
             : Apr. 8, 1990
  DESCRIPTION: This program contains the tutorial for sorting and searching
                   in binary trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include cess.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlstr.h"
#include "cxlvid.h"
#include "cxlwin.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                       /* Zonech C/C++ */
```

#define ffblk

#define ff_name

FIND

name

```
#define ff attrib
                        attribute
#endif
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                           */
static void add shadow
                         (void);
static void confirm_quit (void);
static void disp_sure_msg (void);
static void error_exit (int errnum);
static void initialize (void);
static void move_window (int nsrow, int scol);
static void normal_exit (void);
static void Pageup
                       (void);
static void Pagedown
                         (void);
static void press_a_key (int wrow);
static void pre_help
                       (void);
static void quit_window (void);
static void restore_cursor(void);
static void short_delay (void);
static void size_window (int nerow,int necol);
/* tutorial functions
                       */
static void sort_search
                           (void);
static void definition_4_6_1 (void);
static void ex_sort_1
                          (void);
static void ex_sort_2
                          (void);
static void ex_sort_3
                          (void);
static void ex_sort_4
                          (void);
static void construct
                          (void);
static void sorting
                         (void);
static void searching
                          (void);
static void exercises
                          (void);
static void exerl
                        (void);
```

```
static void exer2
                      (void);
static void exer3
                      (void);
static void exer4
                      (void);
static void exer5
                      (void);
static void P1
                     (void);
static void P2
                     (void);
static void P3
                     (void);
static void P4
                     (void);
static void P5
                     (void);
static void P6
                     (void);
static void P7
                     (void);
static void P8
                     (void);
static void P9
                     (void);
static void P10
                     (void);
static void P11
                     (void);
static void P12
                     (void);
static void P13
                     (void);
static void P14
                     (void);
static void P15
                     (void);
                                                                             */
/* miscellaneous global variables
/*********************
static int *savescrn,crow,ccol;
static WINDOW w[10];
static char ssan[10];
/* error message table
/******************
static char *error_text[]= {
  NULL, /* ermum = 0, no error */
  NULL, /* errnum == 1, windowing error */
  "Syntax: CXLDEMO [-switches]\n\n"
    "\t -c = CGA snow elimination\n"
    "\t -b = BIOS screen writing\n"
```

```
"\t -m = force monochrome text attributes",
 "Memory allocation error"
};
/* miscellaneous defines
#define SHORT_DELAY 18
#define H WINTITLE 33
/* this function will add a shadow to the active window
/**********************
static void add_shadow(void)
 wshadow(LGREYI_BLACK);
/* this function pops open a window and confirms that the user really
/* wants to quit the demo. If so, it terminates the demo program.
/***********************
static void confirm_quit(void)
 struct _onkey_t *kblist;
 kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
 if(!wopen(9,26,13,55,0,WHITEL_BROWN,WHITEL_BROWN)) error_exit(1);
 add shadow();
 wputs("\n Quit demo, are you sure? \033A\156Y\b");
 clearkeys();
 showcur();
 if(wgetchf("YN", 'Y')=='Y') normal_exit();
 wclose();
 hidecur();
```

```
if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* this function is called by the pull-down demo for a prompt
static void disp_sure_msg(void)
 wprints(0,2,WHITEI_BLUE,"Are you sure?");
/* this function handles abnormal termination. If it is passed an
                                                     */
/* error code of 1, then it is a windowing system error. Otherwise
                                                    */
/* the error message is looked up in the error message table.
static void error_exit(int errnum)
 if(errnum) {
   printf("\n%s\n",(errnum==1)?werrmsg():error_text[errnum]);
   exit(errnum);
/* this function initializes CXL's video, mouse, keyboard, and help systems
/***********************
static void initialize(void)
 /* initialize the CXL video system and save current screen info */
 videoinit();
 readcur(&crow,&ccoi);
 if((savescm=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
 /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
```

```
if(msinit()) {
   mssupport(MS_FULL);
   msgotoxy(12,49);
 /* attach [Alt-X] to the confirm_quit() function */
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
 /* attach [Ctrl Pageup] to the Pageup() function */
 setonkey(0x8400,Pageup,0);
 /* attach [Ctrl Pagedown] to the Pagedown() function */
 setonkey(0x7600,Pagedown,0);
 /* initialize help system, help key = [F1] */
 whelpdef("CXLDEMO.HLP",0x3b00,YELLOWI_RED,LREDI_RED,
         WHITEI_RED,REDI_LGREY,pre_help);
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to previous window.
/****************************
static void Pageup(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle - 1);
              *********************
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to next window.
/************************
static void Pagedown(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
```

```
handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle + 1);
static void pre_help(void)
 add_shadow();
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
          *******************
/* this function handles normal termination. The original screen and cursor
                                                       */
/* coordinates are restored before exiting to DOS with ERRORLEVEL 0.
                                                       */
static void normal_exit(void)
 srestore(savescrn);
 gotoxy_(crow.ccol);
 if(_mouse) mshidecur();
 showcur();
 exit(0);
/* this function displays a pause message then pauses for a keypress
/***********************
static void press_a_key(int wrow)
 register int attrl;
 register int attr2;
 attr1=(YELLOW)|((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 attr2=(LGREY)|((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 wcenters(wrow,attr1,"Press a key");
 wprints(wrow,0,LGREY!_RED,"Pgup/Pgdn");
```

```
hidecur();
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_quit();
 wcenters(wrow,attr1,"
                   ");
 wprints(wrow,0,attr2,"
                   ");
     **************
/* This routine causes short dealys during execution
static void short_delay(void)
1
 delay_(SHORT_DELAY);
/* this function is called by the pull-down menu demo anytime
/* the selection bar moves on or off the [Q]uit menu items.
static void quit_window(void)
 static WINDOW handle=0;
 if(handle) {
   wactiv(handle);
   wclose();
   handle=0;
 }
 else {
   handle=wopen(14,41,17,70,0,YELLOWI_RED,WHITEI_RED);
   wputs(" Quit takes you back to the\n demo program's main menu.");
```

```
/* shows the cursor again if it has been hidden
static void restore_cursor(void)
 wtextattr(WHITEI_MAGENTA);
 showcur();
/***********************
/* enlarges or shrinks the windows
static void size_window(int nerow,int necol)
 wsize(nerow,necol);
 short_delay();
/* moves the active window to a given screen coordinates
static void move_window(int nsrow,int nscol)
 if(wmove(nsrow,nscol)) error_exit(1);
 short_delay();
1
/* this routine calls sort_search() routine whenever Pageup or Pagedown
/* keys are pressed.
void P1()
 wcloseall();
 sort_search();
```

```
*********************
/* this routine calls definition 4-6-1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P2()
 wcloseall();
 definition_4_6_1();
/* this routine calls ex_sort_1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                     */
void P3()
 wcloseall();
 ex_sort_1();
/* this routine calls construct routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
                                      */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P4()
 wcloseall();
 construct();
/* this routine calls ex_sort_2 routine whenever Pageup or
                                     */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P5()
 wcloseall();
 ex_sort_2();
```

```
********************
/* this routine calls sorting routine whenever Pageup or
                                       */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P6()
 wcloseall();
 sorting();
/**************************
                                       */
/* this routine calls ex_sort_3 routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                       */
void P7()
 wcloseall();
 ex_sort_3();
/* this routine that calls searching routine whenever Pageup or
                                       */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P8()
 wcloseall();
 searching();
/* this routine that calls ex_sort_4 routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P9()
 wcloseall();
 ex_sort_4();
```

```
/* this routine calls exercises routine whenever Pageup or
                                  */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                  */
void P10()
 wcloseall();
 exercises();
/* this routine calls exer1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                  */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P11()
 wcloseall();
 exerl();
/* this routine calls exer2 routine whenever Pageup or
                                  */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P12()
 wcloseall();
 exer2();
/* this routine calls exer3 routine whenever Pageup or
                                  */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P13()
 wcloseall();
 exer3();
}
```

```
/**********************
/* this routine calls exer4 routine whenever Pageup or
                                   */
                                   */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P14()
 wcloseall();
 exer4();
*/
/* this routine calls exer5 routine whenever Pageup or
                                   */
/* Page-lown keys are pressed.
void P15()
 wcloseali();
 exer5();
1
/* main routine, calls minimal spanning tree tutorial
void main()
initialize();
sort_search();
```

```
**********************
/* This routine calls definition, example and algorithm routines about
                                                                   */
/* sorting and searching in binary trees.
                                                                   */
/*********************
static void sort search(void)
 register int *scrn;
 if((scm=ssave())==NULL) error exit(3);
 cclrscm(LGREY| BLUE);
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the definition_4_6_1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P2,0);
 /***********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,20,15,60,3,WHITE]_BLACK,RED|CYAN))==0) error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Sorting and Searching]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" Maintaining a large data set is a common problem for data"
        "processors. This consists not only of updating the data set"
        "by adding and deleting, but also of searching the data for"
        " a particular for a particular piece of of information.");
 press_a_key(8);
 wslide(0,0);
 short delay();
 /********************
 if((w[2]=wopen(5,20,18,60,3,WHITEl\_BLACK,BLACK|CYAN))==0)
         error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" Suppose, for instance, that a company X maintains a list"
         " of its customers. When an order is received, the company must"
         " search this list to determine if the order is from an old or"
         " a new customer. If the order is from a new customer, then"
         "this customer's name must be added to the list. Moreover."
```

```
"when a customer goes out of business, that customer's name"
      " must be removed from the list.");
press_a_key(11);
wslide(11,0);
short_delay();
if((w[3]=wopen(5,20,17,60,3,WHITEl_BLACK,REDl_CYAN))==0) error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Sorting and Searching]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
add shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" One way, maybe the easiest one, to maintain such a list is"
       " to keep the data, let's say in an array in the order in which"
       "they are received. As we said above, this method enables items"
       " to be added to the list easily; for instance, if a new name"
       " to be added, this name can be added to the end of the existing"
       " array.");
press_a_key(10);
wslide(0,39);
short delay();
if((w[4]=wopen(5,20,17,60,3,WHITEI_BLACK,BLACKI_CYAN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Sorting and Searching]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
wputsw(" However, this method makes it very time consuming"
        " to determine if a particular name is in the list. In this"
       " case, to be able to find this name, the whole array"
       " is to be gone through. If the size of the array is small"
       "there is no problem, but, if we are talking about a big"
       " company, then we are in trouble.");
press_a_key(10);
wslide(12,39);
short delay();
```

```
if((w[5]=wopen(5,15,16,65,3,WHITEl_BLACK,WHITEl_BLUE))==0)
         error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Sorting and Searching]",TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
add shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" Another approach is to keep the list in alphabetical order."
         "So it would be easier to search the list for a particular"
         " name. However, adding or deleting from the list is more"
        " difficult because of the need to reposition the entries when"
        " an item is added or deleted. Like previous one, this process"
        " is prohibitive if the list is very long.");
press_a_key(9);
wslide(0,20);
short delay():
/***********************
if((w[6]=wopen(5,15,17,65,3,WHITEl_BLACK,WHITEl_BLUE))==0)
         error exit(1);
wtitle("[Sorting and Searching]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" The other approach is to store the data at the vertices of"
         " a binary tree.");
                 How is this done ?\n");
wputs("\n
wputsw(" Actually, we came to the topic of this section which we"
         " intentionally left to the last.");
wputs("\n\n
             Sorting and searching in binary trees.\n\n");
wputsw(" To do this we've got to talk about a new concept,"
        " 'binary search trees'.");
press_a_key(10);
wslide(12,20);
short_delay();
wcloseall();
definition_4_6_1();
srestore(scrn);
```

```
********************
/* This routine gives the definition of a binary search tree
static void definition_4_6_1(void)
 /************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the sort search() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P1,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex sort 1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P3,0);
  /***********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,19,65,3,WHITE| BLACK,WHITE| GREEN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("|Binary Search Trees - Definition 4_6_1]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" A binary search tree for the list is a binary tree in which"
         "each vertex is labeled by an element of the list such that:");
 wputs('\n (1) No two vertices have the same label\n");
 wputsw(" (2) If vertex U belongs to the left subtree of vertex V,"
         " then U \leq V.");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" (3) If vertex W belongs to the right subtree of vertex V,"
         " then V \leq W.");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Thus, for each vertex V, all descendants of V in the left"
         "subtree of V precede V, and all descendants of V in the right"
         " subtree of V follow V.");
 press_a_key(12);
 short_delay():
 wslide(0,0);
 short_delay();
 ex sort 1();
```

```
/* This routine gives an example for typical binary search trees
/********************
static void ex_sort_1 (void)
 /************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the definition_4_6_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P2,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the construct() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P4,0);
 /***********************
 if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,WHITEl\_BLACK,WHITEl\_LGREY))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees - Example_4_1]",TCENTER,_LGREYIBROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Do you want to see an example ?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp461.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 construct();
1
```

```
*******************
/* This routine gives the algorithm to construct a binary search tree
static void construct(void)
 /************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_sort_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P3,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_sort_2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P5,0);
 /**********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,13,65,3,WHITEl_BLACK,WHITEl_RED))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Tree Construction]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" There is a systematic way to construct a binary search tree"
        " for a list. The basic idea is to put smaller elements as left"
       " children and larger elements as right children.");
  wputs("n");
  wputsw(" Following is the algorithm to construct a binary search tree"
        " from a given list.");
 press_a_key(6);
 wclose();
 short_delay();
  if((w[2]=wopen(0,10,24,65,3,WH'TEl_BLACK,BLACKl_CYAN))==0)
         error_exit(1);
  wtitle("[Binary Search Tree Construction Algorithm]",
       TCENTER,_LGREYIBROWN);
  add_shadow();
  whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
  wputsw(" This algorithm constructs a binary search tree with"
        " vertices labeled A1, A2,...,An, where A1, A2,...,An are"
        "distinct. In the algorithm we refer to a vertex by its label.");
```

```
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" Step 1 (start). Construct a root and label it A1. If n = 1,"
         " we are done; otherwise, let V = A1 and k = 2.");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" Step 2 (if smaller, go left). If V <= A1, go to Step 3."
         "Otherwise, we have Ak <= V.");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" (a) If V has no left child, construct a left child L for"
         " V and label L with Ak. If k = n, we are done; otherwise,"
         " increase k by 1, set V = A1, and go to Step 2.");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" (b) Otherwise, if V has a left child L, set V = L, and"
         " go to Step 2.");
wputs("n");
wputs(" Step 3 (if larger, go right). We have V \le Ak \cdot n");
wputsw(" (a) If V has no right child, construct a right child R for"
         " V and label R with Ak. If k = n, we are done; otherwise,"
        " increase k by 1, set V = A1, and go to Step 2.");
wputs("\n");
wputsw(" (b) Otherwise, if V has a right child R, set V = R, and"
         " go to Step 2.");
press_a_key(22);
short_delay();
ex_sort_2();
short_delay();
```

```
/* This routine gives an example of a binary search tree construction
/******************
static void ex_sort_2 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the construct() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P4,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the sorting() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P6,0);
 /*********************
 if((w[3]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,WHITEl_BLACK,WHITEl_LGREY))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees - Example_4_2]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("n");
 wputsw(" We need to show an example.");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp462.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 sorting();
1
```

```
/* This routine teaches how a given list is sorted by using binary search trees.
static void sorting(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_sort_2() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P5,0);
 /************************/
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_sort_3() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P7,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,17,54,3,WHITEl_BLACK,WHITEl_RED))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Sorting with Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" While we were introducing this section we talked about"
        " sorting. As you all know, there are so many sorting"
        "techniques. Since our particular concern is on binary"
       " search trees for now, we will show you how binary trees can"
       "be used for having sorted list of elements and won't cover"
       " any other sorting technique.");
 press_a_key(10);
 wslide(0,0);
 short_delay();
 if((w[2]=wopen(0,15,24,54,3,WHITEl_BLACK,REDl_LGREY))==0)
         error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Sorting with Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" It wouldn't be a good idea to use binary search trees"
        " just for sorting purposes, since there are better sorting"
        "techniques. For instance, if large databases are in question,"
        " it might be costly to use binary trees. Because, to build the"
```

```
"tree then to make a traversal on each one of the vertexes (since"
       "we are talking about having a sorted print out of the list, we"
       "have to look at each distinct element, an print it somehow.)"
       " will require us to visit the same vertex at least twice."
       "But on the other hand, if have already been maintaining the"
       " records in a binary search tree and we are asked to give a"
       "sorted list of, let's say employees, by their last names"
       " this technique which we are about to talk about, will no"
      " doubt be helpful, moreover will be necessary.");
press_a_key(22);
wslide(0,39);
short_delay();
if((w[3]=wopen(5,15,14,54,3,WHITEl_BLACK,REDl_GREEN))==0)
         error exit(1);
wtitle("[Sorting with Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" This so-called sorting technique with binary search trees"
        " is no more than making an inorder traversal in a binary search"
        " tree. As you all remember, in this traversal we were visiting"
        " the vertices in the left_child-parent-right_child order.");
press_a_key(7);
wslide(13,0);
short_delay();
ex_sort_3();
```

```
/***********************
/* This routine gives an inorder traversal of a binary search tree and
/* consequently prints the sorted list of the elements in the tree.
static void ex_sort_3 (void)
 /****
 /* attach [Pageup] to the sorting() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P6,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the searching() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P8,0);
 /*********************
 if((w[4]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,WHITEl_BLACK,REDl_BLACK))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Sorting with Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" We feel like its a good time for an example. Do You?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp463.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 searching();
```

```
/* This routine teaches how a particular element is searched in a binary
                                                          */
/* search tree.
                                                            */
static void searching(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_sort_3() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P7,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_sort_4() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P9,0);
 /*********************/
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,12,65,3,WHITE|BLACK,WHITE|CYAN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Sorting with Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" We now came to the last topic of this section, 'searching'"
        "The search algorithm is quite simple. That's why we give"
        " a verbal description and leave it to you to express search"
        " as a formal recursive algorithm.");
 press_a_key(5);
 wslide(0,15);
 /********************
 if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,15,65,3,WHITEl_BLACK,BLACK|\_GREEN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Sorting with Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs(" The algorithm works like this :\n");
 wputsw(" Start with the root of the tree, if the search key equals"
       " the vertex key, the search halts.");
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" If the search key is less than the vertex key, the left subtree"
       " is searched, if it is not empty.");
```

```
wputsw(" Otherwise, the right subtree is searched, if it is not empty.");
 press_a_key(8);
 wslide(8.15);
 short_delay();
 ex_sort_4();
/* This routine gives an example of search implementation on a binary
                                                    */
/* search tree.
                                                    */
/*********************
static void ex_sort_4 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the searching() function:
                                  */
 setonkey(0x4900,P8,0);
 /********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exercises() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P10,0);
 if((w[3]=wopen(5,10,10,70,3,WHITEl_BLACK,REDl_BLACK))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 title("[Sorting with Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n You see, it is very easy. Now how about an example?");
 press_a_key(3);
 wslide(19,10);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"exa:np464.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exercises();
```

```
/* This routine makes a small quiz about the binary search trees.
void exercises(void)
 register int *screen;
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_sort_4() function
                             */
 seionkey(0x4900,P9,0);
 /* attach [Page, swn] to the exer1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P11,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,WHITE|\_RED))==0)
       error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("va");
 wputsw(" We have completed our presentation of this section. Are"
      "you ready for a pop quiz?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wclose():
 if((screen=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3); {
 exer1();
 /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
  if(msinit()) {
   mssupport(MS_FULL);
   msgotoxy(12,49);
   1
 srestore(screen);
```

```
/***********************
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.6.1
static void exer1(void)
 */
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_sort_4() function
 setonkey(0x4900,P9,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P12,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, _LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the first question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q461.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer2();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.6.2
static void exer2(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer1() function
                           */
 setonkey(0x4900,P11,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer3() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P13,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the second question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q462.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer3();
```

```
***********************
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.6.3
static void exer3(void)
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer2() function
                                */
 setonkey(0x4900,P12,0);
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer4() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P14,0);
 /***********************
 if((w|1)=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYAN|\_GREEN,WHITE|RED))==0)
       error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, _LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
           Here is the third question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q463.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer4();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.6.4
static void exer4(void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer3() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P13,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer5() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P15,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the forth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q464.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYLBLUE);
 exer5();
```

```
/* Durning function to call the actual exercise 4.6.5
/**********************
static void exer5(void)
 /********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer4() function
                                */
 setonkey(0x4900,P14,0);
 /**********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
           Here is the fifth question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q465.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 normal_exit();
```

/* PROGRAM : examp461.c
AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
DATE : Apr. 18, 1990

REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for a binary seach tree.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff name
                        name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/*********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /*********************
 if (graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 /***********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /*********************
 /********************
 if ((g.uplanode -- CGAHI) !! (graphmode == MCGAMED) !! (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   }
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
/* This function sets the text default values
                                               */
/*********************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/********************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
/***********************
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) {
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
  exit(0);
 }
/*********************
/* main routine, calls exer routine
/**********************
void main()
 exer();
```

```
*********************
/* This routine illustrates a binary search tree
                                                                    */
void exer()
{
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-6-1");
  /********************
  pieslice(45*x,4*y,0,359,2); /* Mary
                                   */
  pieslice(30*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* Hande */
  pieslice(60*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* Tom
                                   */
  moveto(30*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,4*y); lineto(60*x,7*y);
  outtextxy(42*x,7*y/2,"Mary");
  outtextxy(23*x,7*y,"Hande");
  outtextxy(61*x,7*y,"Tom");
  pieslice(20*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Atilla
  pieslice(40*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Kim
  pieslice(50*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Pat
  pieslice(70*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Yavuz
                                     */
  outtextxy(16*x,21*y/2,"Atilla");
  outtextxy(35*x,10*y,"Kim");
  outtextxy(52*x,10*y,"Pat");
  outtextxy(67*x,21*y/2,"Yavuz");
  moveto(20*x,10*y); lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,10*y);
  moveto(50*x,10*y); lineto(60*x,7*y); lineto(70*x,10*y);
  pieslice(35*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Hasene */
  pieslice(45*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Mantak */
  pieslice(55*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Sam
  outtextxy(31*x,27*y/2,"Hasene");
  outtextxy(42*x,27*y/2,"Mantak");
  outtextxy(54*x,27*y/2,"Sam");
  moveto(35*x,13*y); lineto(40*x,10*y); lineto(45*x,13*y);
  moveto(50*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,13*y);
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"In this example of binary search tree every intermediate ver-
                  tex is alphabet-");
outtextxy(2*x,16*y,"ically greater than its left child and less than its right child");
outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"Adding a new name to tree is simple because we need only in-
                   clude one vertex");
outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"and edge in the tree, and also searching this tree for a particu-
                   lar name");
outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"requires no more than four comparisons if we search the tree
                   properly");
                           ******************
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
setcolor(forecolor);
rectangle(x,y/2,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"In this example you see two possible binary search trees for ");
outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"
                         1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
/**********************
pieslice(25*x,6*y,0,359,2); /* 6 */
pieslice(15*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* 4 */
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* 9 */
moveto(15*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,6*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
outtextxy(25*x,11*y/2,"6");
outtextxy(13*x,9*y,"4");
outtextxy(36*x,9*y,"9");
pieslice(5*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* 1 */
pieslice(20*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* 5 */
pieslice(30*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* 8 */
pieslice(45*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* 10 */
outtextxy(3*x,12*y,"1");
outtextxy(20*x,25*y/2,"5");
outtextxy(30*x,25*y/2,"8");
outtextxy(45*x,25*y/2,"10");
moveto(5*x,12*y); lineto(15*x,9*y); lineto(20*x,12*y);
```

```
moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,12*y);
pieslice(10*x,15*y,0,359,2); /* 2 */
outtextxy(11*x,31*y/2,"2");
moveto(5*x,12*y); lineto(10*x,15*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                 ******************
pieslice(75*x,6*y,0,359,2); /* 8 */
pieslice(70*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* 6 */
pieslice(80*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* 9 */
moveto(70*x,8*y); lineto(75*x,6*y); lineto(80*x,8*y);
outtextxy(75*x,11*y/2,"8");
outtextxy(68*x,8*y,"6");
outtextxy(82*x,8*y,"9");
pieslice(67*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* 5 */
pieslice(64*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* 4 */
pieslice(61*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* 2 */
pieslice(58*x,16*y,0,359,2); /* 1 */
pieslice(83*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* 10 */
moveto(70*x,8*y); lineto(67*x,10*y); lineto(64*x,12*y);
lineto(61*x,14*y); lineto(58*x,16*y);
moveto(80*x,8*y); lineto(83*x,10*y);
outtextxy(65*x,10*y,"5");
outtextxy(62*x,12*y,"4");
outtextxy(59*x,14*y,"2");
outtextxy(58*x,33*y/2,"1");
outtextxy(83*x,21*y/2,"10");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : examp462.c

AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN

DATE : Apr. 18, 1990

REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990
```

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for constructing a binary search tree.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include < graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                     /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find t
  #define ff_name
                        name
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined( ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff name
                         name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                      */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                   (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                   (void);
/* tutorial functions
                   */
static void exer
                    (void);
/**************
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerb; idriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /**********************************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 /*************************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
   ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE,
 else (
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
****************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break:
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break:
  default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/***********************
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0.4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
 exer();
```

```
********************
/* This routine illustrates construction of a binary search tree.
                                                               */
void exer()
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-6-2");
  /****************************
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Now we will try to give you an example about binary search
                 tree construction");
 outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"We will show you how we applied the binary search tree con-
                 suriction algorithm");
 outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"on the list 'H, F, N, D, G, L, O, B, E, J, M, A, C, I, K' step by
                 step.");
  outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Step by step application of the Alg.");
 moveto(43*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Begin construction starting with the");
 outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"first letter in the list H. Construct");
  outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"the root and label it with H.");
 pieslice(27*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* H */
  outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"H");
  setlinestyle(3,0,1);
 moveto(44*x.17*y/2); lineto(89*x,17*y/2);
  setlinestyle(0.0.3);
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
```

```
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"Take the next element F from the list.");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"Compare it with root, it is smaller so");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"go left. There is no left child, const-");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"ruct it and label it with F.");
pieslice(17*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* F */
outtextxy(15*x,7*y,"F");
moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,25*y/2); lineto(89*x,25*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"Take the next element N from the list.");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"Compare it with root, it is larger so");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"go right. There is no right child, con-");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"struct it and label it with N.");
pieslice(37*x.7*y,0,359,2); /* N */
outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"N");
moveto(27*x.5*y); lineto(37*x.7*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,33*y/2); lineto(89*x,33*y/2);
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"Take D from the list. Compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"the root, it is smaller so go left.");
outtextxv(44*x,19*y,"There is a left child so this time");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"compare D with left child F. Since");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"D \le F go left again. There is no left");
outtextxy(44*x,22*y,"child, construct it, then label it with");
outtextxy(44*x,23*y,"D.");
pieslice(12*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* D */
outtextxy(10*x,9*y,"D");
moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/************************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Take G from the list. Compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"the root; it is smaller, then go left,");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"it is greater than left child, go right");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"there is no right child, construct it");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"and label it with G.");
pieslice(22*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
outtextxy(22*x,19*y/2,"G");
moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(22*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,21*y/2); lineto(89*x,21*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                 *************
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"Take L from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"the root; it is larger, then go right,");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"it is smaller than right child, go left");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"there is no left child, construct it");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"and label it with L.");
pieslice(32*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* L */
outtextxy(30*x,9*y,"L");
moveto(32*x,9*y); Iineto(37*x,7*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,1),
moveto(44*x,31*y/2); lineto(89*x,31*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor):
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"Take O from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"the root; it is larger, then go right,");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"it is larger than right child, go right");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"there is no right child, construct it");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"and label it with O.");
pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* O */
outtextxy(42*x,19*y/2,"O");
moveto(37*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor):
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Take B from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"the root(H); it is smaller, then go left,");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"it is smaller than left child(F),go left");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"it is still smaller than left child(D)");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"then go left again. But as you see D");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"has no left child, so construct one");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"and label it with B.");
pieslice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
outtextxy(5*x,11*y,"B");
moveto(7*x,11*y); Iineto(12*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3.0.1);
moveto(44*x,25*y/2); lineto(89*x,25*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"Take E from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"the root(H); it is smaller, then go left");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"it : smaller than left child(F),go left");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"it is larger than left child(D),go right");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"But as you see D has no right child, so");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y," construct one and label it with E.");
pieslice(17*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* E */
outtextxy(17*x,23*y/2,"E");
moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                 ************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Take J from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"the root(H); it is larger, then go right");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"it is smaller than right child(N),go left");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"it is still smaller than left child(L)");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"then go left again. But as you see L");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"has no left child, so construct one");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"and label it with J.");
pieslice(27*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* J */
outtextxy(24*x,11*y,"J");
moveto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,25*y/2); lineto(89*x,25*y/2);
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
*********
outtextxv(44*x.13*v."Take M from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"the root(H);it is larger, then go right");
outtextxv(44*x.15*v, "again, it is smaller than right child(N)");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"go left, but it is larger than left");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"child(L), go right. But as you see L,has");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"no right child, so construct one and");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"label it with M.");
pieslice(37*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* M */
outtextxy(37*x,23*y/2,"M");
moveto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Take A from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"the root(H); it is smaller, then go left");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"it is smaller than left child(F),go left");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"it is still smaller than left child(D)");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"then go left again. Again it is smaller");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"than left child(B) so go left, but B");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"has no left child, so construct one");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"and label it with A.");
pieslice(2*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* A */
outtextxy(2*x,27*y/2,"A");
moveto(2*x,13*y); lineto(7*x,11*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x.27*y/2); lineto(89*x.27*y/2);
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
                *************
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"Take C from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"the root(H); it is smaller, then go left");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"it is smaller than left child(F),go left");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"it is smaller than left child(D),go left");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"Again it is larger than left child(B) so");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"go right, but B has no right child, so"):
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"construct one and label it with C.");
pieslice(12*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
outtextxy(12*x,27*y/2,"C");
moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,13*y);
Pause(30*x.24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/****************
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Take I from the list, compare it with");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"the root(H); it is larger, then go right,");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"it is smaller than right child(N),go left");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"it is still smaller than left child(L)");
 outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"then go left again. But as you see I");
 outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"is still smaller than J, go left again.");
 outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"But J has no left child, so construct ");
 outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"one and label it with I.");
 pieslice(22*x.13*y,0,359,2); /*1*/
 outtextxy(22*x,27*y/2,"I");
 moveto(22*x,13*y); lineto(27*x,11*y);
 setlinestyle(3,0,1);
 moveto(44*x,27*y/2); lineto(89*x,27*y/2);
 setlinestyle(0,0,3);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"Take K from the list, compare it with");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"the root(H); it is larger, then go right");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"again, it is smaller than right child(N)");
outtextxy(44*x,17*y,"go left, it is still smaller than left");
outtextxy(44*x,18*y,"child(L), go right. This time it is lar-");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y,"ger than left child(J), so go right.But");
outtextxy(44*x,20*y,"J has no right child, so construct one");
outtextxy(44*x,21*y,"and label it with K.");
pieslice(32*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* K */
outtextxy(32*x,27*y/2,"K");
moveto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,13*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"As you see, we constructed a binary tree");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"with the given list of letters. Further-");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"more, labels for the left descendants");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"(those on the left side) are smaller than");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"the label for the parent, and labels for");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"the right descendants are larger. Thus");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"by using the algorithm, we did construc-");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"a binary search tree.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

/* PROGRAM : examp463.c

AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN

DATE : Apr. 18, 1990

REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for sorting a given list using bnary search tree.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                           /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                      /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff_name
                        name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                     */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                  (int i, int i);
static void register drivers (void);
extern void settext
                  (void);
/* tutorial functions
                  */
static void exer
                   (void);
/***************
                                                                    */
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor,
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/*********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
1
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = \Gamma \vdash T \vdash CT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 /***********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
   ATT400MED) | (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == \( \Lambda TT400HI \)) {
   setfillstyle(SULID_FILL, BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WillTE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
      setcolor(quitcolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
          exit(0);
          break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
          bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break;
 default : break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
                                             */
/******************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
 exer();
```

```
***************
/* This routine illustrates sorting via a binary search tree.
void exer()
  init_graph();
  setcolor(forecolor);
  bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
  rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
  outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-6-3");
  /*********************
  outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"If you remember, we have used this example both while we
                  were talking about");
  outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"traversals and constructing binary search trees. We insist on
                  using the same");
  outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"example, because we think that it will be helpful for you to com-
                  pare");
  /*********************
  pieslice(27*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* H */
  pieslice(17*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* F */
  pieslice(37*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* N */
  moveto(17*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,5*y); lineto(37*x,7*y);
  outtextxy(27*x,9*y/2,"H");
  outtextxy(15*x,7*y,"F");
  outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"N");
  pieslice(12*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* D */
  pieslice(22*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* G */
  pieslice(32*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* L */
  pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* O */
  moveto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,7*y); lineto(22*x,9*y);
  moveto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
  outtextxy(10*x,9*y,"D");
  outtextxy(22*x,19*y/2,"G");
  outtextxy(30*x,9*y,"L");
  outtextxy(42*x,19*y/2,"O");
  pieslice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
```

```
pieslice(17*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* E */
pieslice(27*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* J */
pieslice(37*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* M */
moveto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,9*y); lineto(17*x,11*y);
moveto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,9*y); lineto(37*x,11*y);
outtextxy(5*x,11*y,"B");
out(17*x,23*y/2,"E");
outtextxy(24*x,11*y,"J");
outtextxy(37*x,23*y/2,"M");
pieslice(2*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* A */
pieslice(12*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(22*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* I */
pieslice(32*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* K */
moveto(2*x,13*y); lineto(7*x,11*y); lineto(12*x,13*y);
moveto(22*x,13*y); lineto(27*x,11*y); lineto(32*x,13*y);
outtextxy(2*x,27*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(12*x,27*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(22*x,27*y/2,"I");
outtextxy(32*x,27*y/2,"K");
/*********************
outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Notes");
moveto(43*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"Inorder Listing");
moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,15*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Since you all know what we are doing,");
outtextxy(44*x,7*y,"this time we won't tell you the detailed");
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"steps. We want to draw your attention");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"on the outcoming inorder listing.");
outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"A");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/****************
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*****************
outtextxy(7*x,16*y,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
outtextxy(9*x,16*y,"D");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(11*x,16*y,"E");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(13*x,16*y,"F");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"G");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/******************
outtextxy(17*x,16*y,"H");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(19*x,16*y,"I");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*****************
outtextxy(21*x,16*y,"J");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/******************
outtextxy(23*x,16*y,"K");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outteatxy(25*x,16*y,"L");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(27*x,16*y,"M");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(29*x,16*y,"N");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**************
outtextxy(31*x,16*y,"O");
/**********************
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,19*y/2); lineto(89*x,19*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"As you all see, the inorder listing is");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"in alphabetical order. This way we have");
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"showed you one of the posible and easi-");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"est ways to implement sorting. But as ");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"we said earlier, if only sorting is in");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"question, there are better and easier ");
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"ways to implement sorting.");
/****************
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

/* PROGRAM : examp464.c
AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
DATE : Apr. 18, 1990
REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for searching on a binary search tree.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
                                            /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                      /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                  /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                        _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                        _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                      find_t
  #define ff_name
                        name
                                         /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                       FIND
  #define ff_name
                         name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                      */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                   (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                   (void);
/* tutorial functions
                   */
static void exer
                    (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
                          ***********
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/***********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/*****************************
static void register drivers(void)
  if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
  if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
  if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
                                                      */
/***********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /*************************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 1
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) |
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
          videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
         videoinit();
         exit(0);
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
         bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     break;
 default : break;
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0.0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
 exer();
```

```
/* This routine illustrates searching in a binary search tree.
/**********************
void exer()
  init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-6-4");
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"On this binary search tree we will first search for A, then L.");
 pieslice(17*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* K */
 pieslice(12*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* B */
 pieslice(22*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* T */
 moveto(12*x.7*y); lineto(17*x.5*y); lineto(22*x.7*y);
 outtextxy(17*x,9*y/2,"K");
 outtextxy(10*x,7*y,"B");
 outtextxy(24*x,7*y,"T");
 pieslice(17*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* L */
 pieslice(27*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Z */
 moveto(17*x,9*y); lineto(22*x,7*y); lineto(27*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(17*x,19*y/2,"L");
 outtextxy(27*x,19*y/2,"Z");
 outtextxy(44*x,5*y,"Notes");
 moveto(43*x,11*y/2); lineto(89*x,11*y/2);
 outtextxy(3*x,29*y/2,"The nodes that we searched so far");
 moveto(2*x,15*y); lineto(40*x,15*y);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  /*********************
 outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"The search starts at the root, K. Since");
 outtextxy(44*x.7*y."A < K, the search moves down the left");
 outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"subtree of K.");
 outtextxy(3*x.16*y, "K");
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,17*y/2); lineto(89*x,17*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x.24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"We now at the left subtree(B) of root");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"K. Since A < B, the search would move");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"down to the left subtree of B.");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"B");
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,23*y/2); lineto(89*x,23*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"However, B has no left subtree, so the");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"search terminates, with the item not");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"found.");
outtextxy(7*x,16*y,"Item not found!");
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,17*y/2); lineto(89*x,17*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
bar(43*x,23*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
bar(3*x,61*y/4,43*x,20*y);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,6*y,"Now consider searching for the key L.");
outtextxy(44*x.7*y, "Since L > K, the search moves down the");
```

```
outtextxy(44*x,8*y,"right subtree of K.");
outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"K");
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,17*y/2); lineto(89*x,17*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"Now we are at the right subtree(T) of");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"the root K. L < T, so the next move");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"is down to the left subtree of T.");
outtextxy(5*x,16*y,"T");
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,23*y/2); lineto(89*x,23*y/2);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,70*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**************************
outtextxy(44*x,12*y,"Now we are at the left subtree(L) of T.");
outtextxy(44*x,13*y,"Since this is the same as the search");
outtextxy(44*x,14*y,"key, the search terminates, with the");
outtextxy(44*x,15*y,"item found.");
outtextxy(7*x,16*y,"L (Item found)");
setlinestyle(3,0,1);
moveto(44*x,31*y/2); lineto(89*x,31*y/2);
setlinestyle(0.0,3);
outtextxy(44*x,16*y,"We hope that you got the idea.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit():
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
               : Apr. 4, 1990
 DATE
  REVISED
               : Apr. 18, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the first exercise about the
                   binary search trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC_)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM: q461.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                 */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
              (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
               (void);
/* tutorial functions
               */
static void exer
               (void);
static void show_alg
                 (void);
static void step_solution:
                 (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                  (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
*/
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quiccolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/********************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
}
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/*********************************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /*****************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /*********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1):
 }
 /***********************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = Max Y/25;
 /*********************
 settext();
 /***********************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
    backcolor = BLACK;
    quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
    backcolor = BLUE;
    quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
}
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch ();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
    outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
    ch = getch ();
    if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
    setcolor(quitcolor);
  }
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
        break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
  default : break;
   }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/**********************
static void settext(void)
{
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
}
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
/**********************
void main()
exer();
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 1");
 outtextxy(5*x,2*y,"Construct a binary search tree for the following sequence of let-
            ters.");
 outtextxy(10*x,3*y,"N, O, F, T, D, J, I, B, L, Q, U, K, P, A, V, S, G,");
```

```
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Piease type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch ();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) 
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
      bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
      setcolor(forecolor);
      compare_solutions();
      break;
    case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
      outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
      outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
      outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
      Pause(30*x,24*y);
      setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
      bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
      setcolor(forecolor);
      step_solution();
      break;
    case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
      confirm_exit();
      break;
    default : break;
   }
 }
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
}
```

```
/* This routine gives preorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(15*x,5*y,"BINARY SEARCH TREE CONSTRUCTION ALGO-
                     RITHM");
  outtextxy(2*x,7*y,"Step 1 (start). Construct a root and label it A1. If n = 1, we are
                    done;");
  outtextxy(2*x,8*y,"otherwise, let V = A1 and k = 2.");
  outtextxy(2*x,10*y,"Step 2 (if smaller, go left). If V \le A1, go to Step 3. Other-
                    wise, we have");
  outtextxy(2*x,11*y,"Ak <= V.");
  outtextxy(2*x,13*y," (a) If V has no left child, construct a left child L for V and la-
                    bel L ");
  outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"with Ak. If k = n, we are done; otherwise, increase k by 1, set
                    V = A1, and ");
  outtextxy(2*x,15*y,"go to Step 2.");
  outtextxy(2*x,16*y," (b) Otherwise, if V has a left child L, set V = L, and go to
                     Step 2.");
  outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"Step 3 (if larger, go right). We have V \le Ak."):
  outtextxy(2*x,19*y," (a) If V has no right child, construct a right child R for V and
                     label R ");
  outtextxy(2*x,20*y, "with Ak. If k = n, we are done; otherwise, increase k by 1, set
                    V = A1, and");
  outtextxy(2*x,21*y,"go to Step 2.");
  outtextxy(2*x,22*y," (b) Otherwise, if V has a right child R, set V = R, and go to
                     Step 2.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,7*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
                                                                          */
/*********************
static void compare_solutions(void)
                          /* Clean the game field */
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,7*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  /*****************
  pieslice(40*x,5*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(30*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(38*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(42*x,11*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(46*x,11*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(55*x, 11*y, 0, 359, 2);
  pieslice(20*x,13*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(30*x,13*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(38*x,13*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(42*x,13*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(50*x,13*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(60*x,13*y,0,359,2);
  moveto(20*x,13*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
  lineto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
  lineto(40*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
  lineto(50*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
  lineto(60*x,13*y);
  moveto(30*x,13*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
  lineto(38*x,9*y); lineto(42*x,11*y);
  lineto(38*x,13*y);
  moveto(35*x,7*y); lineto(38*x,9*y);
  moveto(42*x,13*y); lineto(46*x,11*y);
```

```
lineto(50*x,13*y);
 moveto(46*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(79*x/2,9*y/2,"N");
 outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"F");
 outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"O");
 outtextxy(28*x,9*y,"D");
 outtextxy(39*x,9*y,"J");
 outtextxy(51*x,9*y,"T");
 outtextxy(23*x,11*y,"B");
 outtextxy(33*x,11*y,"I");
 outtextxy(43*x,11*y,"L");
 outtextxy(47*x,11*y,"Q");
 outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"U");
 outtextxy(20*x,27*y/2,"A");
 outtextxy(30*x,27*y/2,"G");
 outextxy(38*x,27*y/2,"K");
 outtextxy(42*x,27*y/2,"P");
 outtextxy(50*x,27*y/2,"S");
 outtextxy(60*x,27*y/2,"V");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
                         /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,7*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
}
```

```
***********************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercice
                                                         */
/**********************
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,7*y/2 179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 pieslice(40*x,5*y,0,359,2);
 outtextxy(79*x/2,9*y/2,"N");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /*********************
 pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"O");
 moveto(40*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /********************
 pieslice(35*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 outtextxy(33*x,7*y,"F");
 moveto(40*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /********************
 pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2);
 outtextxy(51*x,9*y,"T");
 moveto(50*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
pieslice(30*x,9*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(28*x,9*y,"D");
moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*******************
pieslice(38*x,9*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(39*x,9*y,"J");
moveto(38*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*******************
pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(33*x,11*y,"I");
moveto(35*x,11*y); lineto(38*x,9*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*****************
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(23*x,11*y,"B");
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
pieslice(42*x,11*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(43*x,11*y,"L");
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(38*x,9*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(46*x,11*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(47*x,11*y,"O");
moveto(46*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"U");
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(38*x,13*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(38*x,27*y/2,"K");
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(38*x,13*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/****************
pieslice(42*x,13*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(42*x,27*y/2,"P");
moveto(46*x,11*y); lineto(42*x,13*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*****************
pieslice(20*x,13*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(20*x,27*y/2,"A");
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(20*x,13*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
pieslice(60*x,13*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(60*x,27*y/2,"V");
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(60*x,13*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/********************
pieslice(50*x,13*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(50*x,27*y/2,"S");
moveto(46*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,13*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/******************
pieslice(30*x,13*y,0,359,2);
outtextxy(30*x,27*y/2,"G");
moveto(35*x,11*y); lineto(30*x,13*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
setcolor(backcolor);
                     /* Clean the game field */
```

```
bar(2*x,7*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
                           ************
static void confirm_evi+(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   default : break;
}
```

```
AUTHOR
                : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
                : Apr. 4, 1990
 REVISED
               : Apr. 18, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the second exercise about the
                   binary search trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                            C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : q462.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                      */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                  (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                   (void);
/* tutorial functions
                   */
static void exer
                    (void);
static void show_alg
                      (void);
static void step_solution
                      (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                       (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
/**********************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
                                                                        */
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
*/
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
1
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
                                        */
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
graph_error = graphresult();
 if (graph\_error < 0)
puts(grapherromsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /**********************
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
        exit(0):
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   default : break;
   }
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j,
1
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/***********************
                                           */
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
exer();
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch:
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 2");
 outtextxy(5*x,2*y,"Construct a binary search tree for the following sequence of
           names.");
```

```
outtextxy(5*x,3*y,"Mary, Jack, John, Chris, Natalie, Denise, Vanna, Tom, Queen,
                  Tony, Mona");
outtextxy(5*x,4*y,"Bill, Jean, Zamphir");
/**********************
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y," d) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,19*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,19*y," Please type a, b, c or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,37*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see the algorithm ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x.37*y/2.179*x/2.21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break:
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y."You want to compare your solu-");
```

```
outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x.37*y/2.179*x/2.22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"c");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You want to see step by step");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
    outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    step_solution();
    break;
  case 'd': outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"d");
    confirm_exit();
    break;
  default : break;
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

}

```
*********************
/* This routine gives preorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
static void show alg(void)
  outtextxy(15*x,5*y,"BINARY SEARCH TREE CONSTRUCTION ALGO-
                     RITHM");
  outtextxy(2*x,7*y,"Step 1 (start). Construct a root and label it A1. If n = 1, we are
                    done;");
  outtextxy(2*x,8*y,"otherwise, let V = A1 and k = 2.");
  outtextxy(2*x,10*y,"Step 2 (if smaller, go left). If V \le A1, go to Step 3. Other-
                    wise, we have");
  outtextxy(2*x.11*y,"Ak \le V.");
  outtextxy(2*x,12*y," (a) If V has no left child, construct a left child L for V and la-
                     bel L ");
  outtextxy(2*x.13*y,"with Ak. If k = n, we are done; otherwise, increase k by 1, set
                     V = A1, and ");
  outtextxy(2*x,14*y,"go to Step 2.");
  outtextxy(2*x.15*y," (b) Otherwise, if V has a left child L, set V = L, and go to
                      Step 2.");
  outtextxy(2*x,17*y,"Step 3 (if larger, go right). We have V \le Ak.");
  outtextxy(2*x,18*y," (a) If V has no right child, construct a right child R for V and
                     label R ");
  outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"with Ak. If k = n, we are done; otherwise, increase k by 1, set
                     V = A1, and");
  outtextxy(2*x,20*y,"go to Step 2.");
  outtextxy(2*x,21*y,") (b) Otherwise, if V has a right child R, set V = R, and go to
                     Step 2.");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,9*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
static void compare_solutions(void)
  setcolor(backcolor);
                         /* Clean the game field */
  bar(2*x,9*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  pieslice(40*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                            /* Mary */
                             /* John */
  pieslice(25*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Natalie */
  pieslice(55*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Jack */
  pieslice(20*x,9*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Mona */
  pieslice (60*x, 9*y, 0, 359, 2);
                             /* Vanna */
                             /* Chris */
  pieslice(15*x,11*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Jean */
  pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Tom */
  pieslice(65*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Zamphir */
  pieslice(10*x,13*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Bill */
                             /* Denise */
  pieslice(20*x.13*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(50*x,13*y,0,359,2);
                             /* Queen */
  pieslice(60*x,13*y,0,359,2);
                              /* Tony */
  moveto(10*x,13*y); lineto(15*x,11*y);
  lineto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
  lineto(40*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
  lineto(60*x,9*y); lineto(65*x,11*y);
  moveto(20*x.13*y); lineto(15*x,11*y);
  moveto(25*x.11*y); lineto(20*x,9*y);
  moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
  moveto(50*x,13*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
  lineto(60*x,9*y);
  moveto(60*x.13*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
  outtextxy(37*x,19*y/4,"Mary");
  outtextxy(19*x,7*y,"John");
  outtextxy(56*x,7*y,"Natalie");
```

```
outtextxy(14*x,9*y,"Jack");
 outtextxy(47*x,19*y/2,"Mona");
 outtextxy(61*x,9*y,"Vanna");
 outtextxy(8*x,11*y,"Chris");
 outtextxy(22*x,23*y/2,"Jean");
 outtextxy(50*x,11*y,"Tom");
 outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"Zamphir");
 outtextxy(7*x,27*y/2,"Bill");
 outtextxy(16*x,27*y/2,"Denise");
 outtextxy(47*x,27*y/2,"Queen");
 outtextxy(58*x,27*y/2,"Tony");
  /******************
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
                      /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,9*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
}
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                      /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,9*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  /***********************
 pieslice(40*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                          /* Mary */
 outtextxy(37*x,19*y/4,"Mary");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 pieslice(25*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* John */
```

```
outtextxy(19*x,7*y,"John");
moveto(40*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************
pieslice(20*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Jack */
outtextxy(14*x,9*y,"Jack");
moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x.24*y):
setcolor(backcolor):
bar(29*x,23*v,50*x,49*v/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(15*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Chris */
outtextxy(8*x,11*y,"Chris");
moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(15*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(55*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* Natalie */
outtextxy(56*x,7*y,"Natalie");
moveto(40*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*************************
pieslice(20*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Denise */
outtextxy(17*x,27*y/2,"Denise");
moveto(20*x,13*y); lineto(15*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(60*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                    /* Vanna */
outtextxy(61*x,9*y,"Vanna");
moveto(60*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                     /* Tom */
outtextxy(50*x,11*y,"Toin");
moveto(60*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************
pieslice(50*x,13*y,0,359,2);
                      /* Queen */
outtextxy(47*x,27*y/2,"Queen");
moveto(50*x,13*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(60*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Tony */
outtextxy(58*x,27*y/2,"Tony");
moveto(60*x,13*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Mona */
```

```
outtextxy(47*x,19*y/2,"Mona");
moveto(50*x,9*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(10*x,13*y,0,359,2);
                         /* Bill */
outtextxy(7*x,27*y/2,"Bill");
moveto(10*x,13*y); lineto(15*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                         /* Jean */
outtextxy(22*x,23*y/2,"Jean");
moveto(20*x,9*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/********************
pieslice(65*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Zamphir */
outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"Zamphir");
moveto(60*x,9*y); lineto(65*x,11*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***************
                      /* Clean the game field */
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(2*x,9*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
  char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"You wanted to exit.");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Are you sure?");
  outtextxy(52*x,21*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,23*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
          break:
    case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
          bar(46*x,37*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
          setcolor(forecolor);
          break;
    default : break;
```

```
: Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
 DATE
               : Apr. 4, 1990
 REVISED
             : Apr. 18, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the third exercise about the binary
                  search trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                          C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define bioskey(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM: q463.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void);
static void show_alg
                   (void);
static void step_solution
                   (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                    (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
/***********************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/**********************
/* graphic initialization variables
                                                              */
/****************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecour;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
}
/********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 v = MaxY/25:
 settext():
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
    backcolor = BLACK;
    quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
    backcolor = BLUE;
    quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N')))
    outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
    ch = getch ();
    if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   }
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  default : break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
/**********************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
}
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,i)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
/*********************
void main()
{
exer();
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
                                           */
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 3");
 outtextxy(20*x,2*y,"Consider the following binary tree.");
 pieslice(40*x,3*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(35*x,5*y,0,359,2);
```

```
pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(38*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(25*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(42*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(46*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(55*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(20*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(38*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(42*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2);
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,9*y);
lineto(30*x,7*y); lineto(35*x,5*y);
lineto(40*x,3*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
lineto(50*x,7*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
lineto(60*x,11*y);
moveto(30*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,7*y); lineto(42*x,9*y);
lineto(38*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,5*y); lineto(38*x,7*y);
moveto(42*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,9*y);
lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(46*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,7*y);
outtextxy(41*x,3*y,"N");
outtextxy(33*x,5*y,"F");
outtextxy(46*x,5*y,"O");
outtextxy(28*x,7*y,"D");
outtextxy(39*x,7*y,"J");
outtextxy(51*x,7*y,"T");
outtextxy(23*x,9*y,"B");
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"I");
outtextxy(43*x,9*y,"L");
```

```
outtextxy(47*x,9*y,"O");
outtextxy(56*x,9*y,"U");
outtextxy(20*x,23*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(30*x,23*y/2,"G");
outtextxy(38*x,23*y/2,"K");
outtextxy(42*x,23*y/2,"P");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"S");
outtextxy(60*x,23*y/2,"V");
outtextxy(18*x,13*y,"Which one of the following statements is false?");
outtextxy(20*x,15*y,"a) Search pattern for C is 'N, F, D, B, Item not found'.");
outtextxy(20*x,16*y,"b) Search pattern for Q is 'N, O, T, Q, Item found'.");
outtextxy(20*x,17*y,"c) M would be added to the list as right child of K.");
outtextxy(20*x,18*y,"d) R would be added to the list as left child of S.");
outtextxy(18*x,20*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,20*y," Please type a,b,c, or d"\;
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x.19*y.88*x.21*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
 switch (Ch)
 case 'a': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"a");
      outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"No, the statement is true!");
      outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"If C were in the tree, it");
      outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"would be B's right child.");
      outtextxy(55*x,23*y,"As you see, this not the case.");
      outtextxy(55*x,24*y,"The answer is 'c'.");
      break:
 case 'b': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"b");
      outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"No, the statement is true!");
```

```
outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"Q is in the tree and since");
       outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"Q>N, Q>O, Q<T, and Q=Q the");
       outtextxy(55*x,23*y,"search pattern is correct.");
       outtextxy(55*x,24*y,"The answer is 'c'.");
       break;
   case 'c': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"c");
       outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"You are right. Congratulations");
       break;
   case 'd': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"d");
       outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"No, the statement is true!");
       outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"Because, R>N, R>O, R<T, R>Q");
       outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"and R<S.");
       outtextxy(55*x,23*y,"The answer is 'c'.");
       break;
   default : break;
   }
   Pause(15*x,24*y);
   closegraph();
   videoinit();
}
```

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
  DATE
               : Apr. 8, 1990
  REVISED
              : Apr. 18, 1990
  DESCRIPTION: This program contains the fourth exercise about the
                   binary search trees.
  MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     fir.d_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined( ZTC )
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM: q464.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                      */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                  (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                   (void);
/* tutorial functions
                   */
static void exer
                    (void);
static void show_alg
                      (void);
static void step_solution
                       (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                       (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
/*****************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor:
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
*/
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA driver) < 0) exit(1);
if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
graphdriver = DETECT;
initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
graph_error = graphresult();
if(graph\_error < 0)
puts(grapherronnsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 1
/************************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80:
 y = MaxY/25;
/***********************
settext();
if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
/*************************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {}
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break:
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   default : break;
   }
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
       *******************
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
*/
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
                                         */
void main()
exer();
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 4");
 /* a */
 pieslice(10*x,5*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(7*x,7*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(13*x.7*y,0,359,2);
```

```
pieslice(3*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(17*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(7*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(13*x,11*y,0,359,2);
moveto(13*x,11*y); lineto(17*x,9*y);
lineto(13*x,7*y); lineto(10*x,5*y);
lineto(7*x,7*y); lineto(3*x,9*y);
lineto(7*x,11*y);
outtextxy(10*x,9*y/2,"A");
outtextxy(5*x,7*y,"B");
outtextxy(14*x,7*y,"C");
outtextxy(3*x/2,9*y,"D");
outtextxy(18*x,9*y,"E");
outtextxy(7*x,23*y/2,"F");
outtextxy(13*x,23*y/2,"G");
outtextxy(10*x,13*y,"(a)");
/***********
pieslice(24*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                                  /* b */
pieslice(26*x,6*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(28*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(30*x,8*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(32*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(34*x,10*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(36*x,11*y,0,359,2);
moveto(24*x,5*y); lineto(26*x,6*y);
lineto(28*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,8*y);
lineto(32*x,9*y); lineto(34*x,10*y);
lineto(36*x,11*y);
outtextxy(25*x,5*y,"A");
outtextxy(27*x,6*y,"B");
outtextxy(29*x,7*y,"C");
outtextxy(31*x,8*y,"D");
outtextxy(33*x,9*y,"E");
outtextxy(35*x,10*y,"F");
outtextxy(37*x,11*y,"G");
outtextxy(30*x,13*y,"(b)");
```

```
/* c */
pieslice(44*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(46*x,10*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(48*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(50*x,8*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(52*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(54*x,6*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(56*x,5*y,0,359,2);
moveto(44*x,11*y); lineto(46*x,10*y);
lineto(48*x,9*y); lineto(50*x,8*y);
lineto(52*x,7*y); lineto(54*x,6*y);
lineto(56*x,5*y);
outtextxy(42*x,11*y,"7");
outtextxy(44*x,10*y,"6");
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"5");
outtextxy(48*x,8*y,"4");
outtextxy(50*x,7*y,"3");
outtextxy(52*x,6*y,"2");
outtextxy(54*x,5*y,"1");
outtextxy(50*x,13*y,"(c)");
pieslice(64*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                                  /* d */
pieslice(68*x,5*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(72*x,7*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(68*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(76*x,9*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(72*x,11*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(80*x,11*y,0,359,2);
moveto(64*x,7*y); lineto(68*x,5*y);
lineto(72*x,7*y); lineto(76*x,9*y);
lineto(80*x,11*y);
moveto(72*x,7*y); lineto(68*x,9*y);
moveto(76*x,9*y); lineto(72*x,11*y);
outtextxy(68*x,9*y/2,"2");
outtextxy(62*x,7*y,"1");
outtextxy(73*x,7*y,"3");
```

```
outtextxy(66*x,9*y,"4");
outtextxy(77*x,9*y,"6");
outtextxy(72*x,23*y/2,"5");
outtextxy(80*x,23*y/2,"7");
outtextxy(70*x,13*y,"(d)");
outtextxy(10*x,2*y,"Which one of the following graphs is a binary search tree?");
outtextxy(10*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
   outtextxy(48*x,18*y," Please type a,b,c, or d");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit():
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,17*y,88*x,19*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
 }
switch (Ch)
 case 'a': outtextxy(42*x,18*y,"a");
     outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"No. This is not a binary search");
     outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"tree, because the order of the");
     outtextxy(47*x,20*y,"elements is not proper. For example");
     outtextxy(47*x,21*y,"take B, since B>A, it must be on the");
     outtextxy(47*x,22*y,"right subtree of the root A. There");
     outtextxy(47*x,23*y,"are other examples, as well.");
     outtextxy(47*x,24*y,"The answer is 'b'");
     Pause(8*x,24*y);
     break:
 case 'b': outtextxy(42*x,18*y,"b");
     outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"That's right! Congratulations");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     break:
 case 'c': outtextxy(42*x,18*y,"c");
      outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"No. This is not a binary search");
```

```
outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"tree, because the order of the");
    outtextxy(47*x,20*y,"elements is not proper. Everything");
    outtextxy(47*x,21*y,"on the left subtree of 1 supposed");
    outleatxy(47*x,22*y,"to be on its right subtree since");
    outtextxy(47*x,23*y,"1 is less than all of them.");
    outtextxy(47*x,24*y,"The answer is 'b'");
    Pause(8*x,24*y);
    break;
case 'd': outtextxy(42*x,18*y,"d");
    outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"No. This is not a binary search");
    outtextxy(47*x,19*y,"tree, because the order of the");
    outtextxy(47*x,20*y,"elements is not proper. Because");
    outtextxy(47*x,21*y,"since 4>3, it must be on the");
    outtextxy(47*x,22*y,"right subtree of the vertex 3.");
    outtextxy(47*x,23*y,"The answer is 'b'");
    Pause(30*\pi,24*y);
    break;
default : break;
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

}

```
AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
               : Apr. 8, 1990
 REVISED
              : Apr. 18, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the fifth exercise about the
                   binary search trees.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC __)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                     /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM: q465.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                  */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
               (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
               (void);
/* tutorial functions
               */
static void exer
                (void);
static void show_alg
                  (void);
static void step_solution
                  (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                  (void);
/*********************
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/***********************************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/************************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/*********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/**********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /*********************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /******************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /*********************
 /***********************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
    backcolor = BLACK;
    quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
    quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
}
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch ();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch ();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
  }
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  default : break;
   }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
                                                                  */
/*******************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
}
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
exer();
/***********************
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
                                           */
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 5");
 /***********************
 outtextxy(2*x,2*y,"Give sorted list of the following sequence of names by using bi-
            nary search");
```

```
outtextxy(2*x,3*y,"tree approach: Natalie, Jack, John, Vanna, Mary, Zamphir,
                   Chris, Denise,");
outtextxy(2*x,4*y,"
                            Tony, Quincy, Tom, Bill, Jean, Mona");
/*********************
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, if you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y," a) I want to see the algorithm again.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y," b) I want to see the solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c'))) {
   outtextxy(48*x,18*y," Please type a, b, or c");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,35*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
  }
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,18*v,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see the algorithm");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"again. Press any key to continue.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,21*y);
    bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    show_alg();
    break;
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see the solution.");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"Press any key to continue.");
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
      setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
     bar(2*x,13*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
      setcolor(forecolor);
     step_solution();
     break;
    case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"c");
     confirm_exit();
     break;
    default : break;
   }
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
}
/* This routine gives preorder traversal of a binary tree algorithm
/*********************
static void show_alg(void)
  outtextxy(2*x,5*y,"1. Apply the following (BFS) algorithm to construct binary
                    search tree."):
  outtextxy(3*x,6*y,"Step 1 (start). Construct a root and label it A1. If n = 1, we are
                    done;");
  outtextxy(3*x,7*y,"otherwise, let V = A1 and k = 2.");
  outtextxy(3*x,8*y,"Step 2 (if smaller, go left). If V \le A1, go to Step 3. Other-
                    wise, we have");
  outtextxy(3*x,9*y,"Ak \le V.");
  outtextxy(3*x,10*y," (a) If V has no left child, construct a left child L for V and la-
                    bel L ");
  outtextxy(3*x,11*y,"with Ak. If k = n, we are done; otherwise, increase k by 1, set
                    V = A1, and ");
  outtextxy(3*x,12*y,"go to Step 2.");
```

```
outtextxy(3*x,13*y," (b) Otherwise, if V has a left child L, set V = L, and go to
                     Step 2.");
outtextxy(3*x,14*y, "Step 3 (if larger, go right). We have V \le Ak.");
outtextxy(3*x,15*y," (a) If V has no right child, construct a right child R for V and
                      label R ");
outtextxy(3*x,16*y,"with Ak. If k = n, we are done; otherwise, increase k by 1, set
                      V = A1, and");
outtextxy(3*x,17*y,"go to Step 2.");
outtextxy(3*x,18*y," (b) Otherwise, if V has a right child R, set V = R, and go to
                      Step 2.");
outtextxy(2*x,20*y,"2. Apply following (inorder traversal) algorithm to get the
                      sorted list.");
outtextxy(3*x,21*y,"Step 1 Go to the left subtree, if one exists, do a preorder tra-
                      versal");
outtextxy(3*x,22*y,"Step 2 Visit the root.");
outtextxy(3*x,23*y,"Step 3 Go to the right subtree, if one exists, and do a preorder
                      traversal.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(2*x,9*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

}

```
*********************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
                                                        */
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,9*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 pieslice(40*x,5*y,0,359,2);
                       /* Natalie */
 outtextxy(36*x,19*y/4,"Natalie");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor):
 pieslice(25*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                       /* Jack */
 moveto(40*x,5*y); lineto(25*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(19*x,7*y,"Jack");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  /***********************
 pieslice(30*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                       /* John */
 moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
 outtextxy(31*x,9*y,"John");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  /*****************
  pieslice(55*x,7*y,0,359,2);
                       /* Vanna */
 moveto(40*x,5*y); lineto(55*x,7*y);
 outtextxy(56*x,7*y,"Vanna");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/*********************
                     /* Mary */
pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2);
moveto(30*x,9*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
outtextxy(36*x,11*y,"Mary");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************************
pieslice(60*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                      /* Zamphir */
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(60*x,9*y);
outtextxy(56*x,19*y/2,"Zamphir");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/***********************
pieslice(15*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                     /* Chris */
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
outtextxy(9*x,9*y,"Chris");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(20*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Denise */
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
outtextxy(15*x,23*y/2,"Denise");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2);
                       /* Tony */
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
outtextxy(51*x,9*y,"Tony");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(45*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Quincy */
moveto(45*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
outtextxy(46*x,11*y,"Quincy");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/********************
pieslice(50*x,13*y,0,359,2);
                      /* Tom
                               */
moveto(45*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,13*y);
outtextxy(48*x,27*y/2,"Tom");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
pieslice(10*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Bill */
moveto(10*x,11*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
outtextxy(8*x,23*y/2,"Bill");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2);
                        /* Jean */
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
outtextxy(24*x,23*y/2,"Jean");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
setcolor(backcolor):
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor):
/********************
pieslice(40*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Mona */
moveto(40*x,13*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
outtextxy(37*x,27*y/2,"Mona");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
outtextxy(7*x,14*y,"We now will apply inorder traversal to obtain the sorted
                 list:");
outtextxy(30*x,31*y/2,"Inorder Listing (Sorted listing)");
moveto(2*x,16*y); lineto(89*x,16*y);
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x.49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
outtextxy(3*x,17*y,"Bill,"); /* Visit Bill */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(10*x,11*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(10*x,11*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
/**********************
outtextxy(9*x,17*y,"Chris,"); /* Visit Chris */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
```

```
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(20*x,11*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
/********************
outtextxy(16*x,17*y,"Denise,"); /* Visit Denise */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(15*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(24*x,17*y,"Jack,"); /* Visit Jack */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
/*****************
outtextxy(30*x,17*y,"Jean,"); /* Visit Jean */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
/****************
outtextxy(36*x,17*y,"John,"); /* Visit John */
```

```
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(35*x,11*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,11*y); lineto(30*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(42*x,17*y,"Mary,"); /* Visit Mary */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(35*x,11*y); lineto(40*x,13*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(35*x,11*y); lineto(40*x,13*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
/**********************
outtextxy(48*x,17*y,"Mona,"); /* Visit Mona */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(25*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,5*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(54*x,17*y,"Quincy"); /* Visit Quincy */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(45*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,13*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
moveto(45*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,13*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(62*x,17*y,"Tom"); /* Visit Tom */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(45*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(45*x,11*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
/*****************
outtextxy(67*x,17*y,"Tony"); /* Visit Tony */
Pause(30*x,24*v);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(73*x,17*y,"Vanna"); /* Visit Vanna */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(60*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(3,0,3);
setcolor(forecolor);
moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(60*x,9*y);
setlinestyle(0,0,3);
outtextxy(81*x,17*y,"Zamphir"); /* Visit Zamphir */
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
```

```
bar(29*x,23*y,50*x,49*y/2);
  moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,5*y);
  setlinestyle(3,0,3);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  moveto(55*x,7*y); lineto(40*x,5*y);
  setlinestyle(0,0,3);
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
                          /* Clean the game field again */
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(2*x,17*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
static void confirm_exit(void)
{
 char ch:
 outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
     outtextxy(53*x,22*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,22*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
  switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
        breal;;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
```

```
case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    break;

case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(40*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    break;

default : break;
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : lang.c
  AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
          : Mar. 17, 1990
             : Apr. 7, 1990
  REVISED
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the tutorial for an application
                  of trees, namely language syntax.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <process.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#include "cxlstr.h"
#include "cxlvid.h"
#include "cxlwin.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                     /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
```

#define ffblk

#define ff_name

FIND

name

```
attribute
  #define ff_attrib
#endif
#define GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                          */
static void add_shadow
                         (void);
static void confirm_quit (void);
static void disp_sure_msg (void);
static void error_exit (int errnum);
static void initialize (void);
static void move_window (int nsrow, int scol);
static void normal_exit (void);
static void Pageup
                       (void);
static void Pagedown
                         (void);
static void press_a_key (int wrow);
static void pre_help
                       (void);
static void quit_window (void);
static void restore_cursor(void);
static void short_delay (void);
static void size_window (int nerow,int necol);
/* Tutorial procedures
                                 */
static void language (void);
static void ex_lang_1 (void);
static void grammar
                       (void);
static void backus
                      (void);
static void ex_lang_2 (void);
static void exercises (void);
static void exerl
                     (void);
static void exer2
                     (void);
static void exer3
                     (void);
static void final_cut (void);
static void P1
                    (void);
```

```
static void P2
             (void);
static void P3
             (void);
static void P4
             (void);
static void P5
             (void);
static void P6
             (void);
static void P7
             (void);
static void P8
             (void);
static void P9
             (void);
static void P10
             (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
/***********************
static int *savescm,crow,ccol;
static WINDOW w[10];
static char ssan[10];
/* error message table
static char *error_text[]= {
 NULL, /* ermum = 0, no error */
 NULL, /* errnum == 1, windowing error */
 "Syntax: CXLDEMO [-switches]\n\n"
   "\t -c = CGA snow elimination\n"
   "\t -b = BIOS screen writing\n"
   "\t -m = force monochrome text attributes",
 "Memory allocation error"
};
/* miscellaneous defines
#define SHORT_DELAY 18
#define H WINTITLE 33
```

```
/* this function will add a shadow to the active window
static void add_shadow(void)
 wshadow(LGREY|_BLACK);
/***********************
/* this function pops open a window and confirms that the user really
                                                      */
/* wants to quit the demo. If so, it terminates the demo program.
                                                      */
static void confirm_quit(void)
 struct onkey t *kblist;
 kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
 if(!wopen(9,26,13,55,0,WHITE|_BROWN,WHITE|_BROWN)) error_exit(1);
 add shadow();
 wputs("\n Quit demo, are you sure? \033A\156Y\b");
 clearkeys();
 showcur();
 if(wgetchf("YN",'Y')=='Y') normal_exit();
 wclose();
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* this function is called by the pull-down demo for a prompt
static void disp_sure_msg(void)
 wprints(0,2,WHITE|_BLUE,"Are you sure?");
```

```
/* this function handles abnormal termination. If it is passed an
                                                                       */
                                                                       */
/* error code of 1, then it is a windowing system error. Otherwise
/* the error message is looked up in the error message table.
static void error_exit(int ermum)
 if(errnum) {
    printf("\n%s\n",(errnum==1)?werrmsg():error_text[errnum]);
           exit(errnum);
/* this function initializes CXL's video, mouse, keyboard, and help systems
static void initialize(void)
  /* initialize the CXL video system and save current screen info */
  videoinit();
  readcur(&crow,&ccol);
  if((savescrn=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
  /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
  if(msinit()) {
    mssupport(MS_FULL);
    msgotoxy(12,49);
  }
  /* attach [Alt-X] to the confirm_quit() function */
  setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
  /* attach [Ctrl Pageup] to the Pageup() function */
  setonkey(0x8400,Pageup,0);
```

```
/* attach [Ctrl Pagedown] to the Pagedown() function */
 setonkey(0x7600,Pagedown,0);
 /* initialize help system, help key = [F1] */
 whelpdef("CXLDEMO.HLP",0x3b00,YELLOWI_RED,LREDI_RED,
       WHITEI_RED,REDI_LGREY,pre_help);
١
static void pre_help(void)
 add shadow();
 setonkey(0x2d00,confirm_quit,0);
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to previous window.
static void Pageup(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle();
 wactiv(handle - 1);
}
/* this function is called anytime to switch back to next window.
                                               */
static void Pagedown(void)
 static WINDOW handle;
 handle = whandle():
 wactiv(handle +1);
```

```
*/
/* this function handles normal termination. The original screen and cursor
/* coordinates are restored before exiting to DOS with ERRORLEVEL 0.
                                                      */
static void normal_exit(void)
 srestore(savescm);
 gotoxy_(crow,ccol);
 if(_mouse) mshidecur();
 showcur();
 exit(0);
/* this function displays a pause message then pauses for a keypress
static void press_a_key(int wrow)
 register int attrl;
 register int attr2;
 attr1=(YELLOW)((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 attr2=(LGREY)\((_winfo.active->wattr>>4)<<4);
 wcenters(wrow,attr1,"Press a key");
 wprints(wrow,0,LGREYI_RED,"Pgup/Pgdn");
 hidecur();
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_quit();
 wcenters(wrow,attrl,"
 wprints(wrow,0,attr2,"
                   ");
/* This routine causes short dealys during execution
/***********************
static void short_delay(void)
 delay_(SHORT_DELAY);
```

```
****************
                                                 */
/* this function is called by the pull-down menu demo anytime
/* the selection bar moves on or off the [Q]uit menu items.
static void quit_window(void)
 static WINDOW handle=0;
 if(handle) {
  wactiv(handle);
  wclose();
  handle=0;
 else (
  handle=wopen(14,41,17,70,0,YELLOWI_RED,WHITEI_RED);
  wputs(" Quit takes you back to the n demo program's main menu.");
1
/* shows the cursor again if it has been hidden
static void restore_cursor(void)
 wtextattr(WHITEI_MAGENTA);
 showcur();
/* enlarges or shrinks the windows
static void size_window(int nerow,int necol)
 wsize(nerow,necol);
 short_delay();
```

```
/* moves the active window to a given screen coordinates
                                    */
static void move_window(int nsrow,int nscol)
 if(wmove(nsrow,nscol)) error_exit(1);
 short_delay();
1
/* this routine calls language() routine whenever Pageup or Pagedown
/* keys are pressed.
void P1()
 wcloseall();
 language();
/* this routine calls ex_lang_1() routine whenever Pageup or
                                    */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P2()
{
 wcloseall();
 ex_lang_1();
/* this routine calls grammar() routine whenever Pageup or
                                    */
                                    */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P3()
 wcloseall();
 grammar();
```

```
/* this routine calls backus() routine whenever Pageup or
                                       */
                                        */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P4()
1
 wcloseall();
 backus();
                                        */
/* this routine calls ex_lang_2 routine whenever Pageup or
                                        */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P5()
 wcloseall();
 ex_lang_2();
/* this routine calls sorting routine whenever Pageup or
                                        */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                        */
/************************
void P6()
 wcloseall();
 exercises();
/* this routine calls exer1 routine whenever Pageup or
                                        */
                                        */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P7()
 wcloseall():
 exerl();
```

```
*/
/* this routine calls exer2 routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
                                 */
void P8()
wcloseall();
exer2();
/* this routine calls exer3 routine whenever Pageup or
                                 */
                                 */
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P9()
wcloseall():
exer3();
/* this routine calls final_cut() routine whenever Pageup or
/* Pagedown keys are pressed.
void P10()
 wcloseall();
final_cut();
/* main routine, calls minimal spanning tree tutorial
void main()
initialize();
language();
```

```
/*This routine calls definition, example and algorithm routines about
                                                            */
/* language syntax.
                                                             */
static void language(void)
 register int *scrn;
 if((scrn=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3);
 cclrscm(LGREY| BLUE);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex lang 1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P2,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,11,54,3,LCYAN)|BLACK,BLACK|CYAN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Syntax of Languages]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" English grammar provides a set of rules by which we can"
        " classify words in a sentence according to their function"
       " in the sentence.");
 press_a_key(4);
 wslide(0,0);
 /*********************
 if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,16,54,3,LCYAN|_BLACK,BLACK|GREEN))==0)
        error exit(1);
 wtitle("[Syntax of Languages]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" In the sentence, The dog chases the cat, 'The dog' is the subject"
        " and 'chases the cat' is the predicate. The subject, in turn,"
        "consists of the article 'the' followed by the noun 'dog'."
       "The predicate can also be decomposed into the verb 'chases'"
       " and the object 'the cat', which is an article and a noun.");
 press_a_key(9);
```

```
wslide(0,40):
 short delay();
 ex_lang_1();
 srestore(scm);
1
        ********************
/* This routine gives an example for a parse tree
                                                    */
static void ex_lang_1 (void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the language() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P1,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the grammar() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P3,0);
 if((w|3)=wopen(11,15,16,65,3,LCYAN|_BLACK,BLACK|_MAGENTA))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Syntax of Languages]", TCENTER, LGREY BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" We can represent this structure by a tree known as a"
       " parse tree. You will see an example in the following "
      " figure.");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp471.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREY|_BLUE);
 grammar();
```

```
*******************
/* This routine talks about the grammar of languages.
static void grammar(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_lang_1() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P2,0);
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the backus() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P4,0);
 /**********************
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,20,13,60,3,WHITEl_BLACK,REDl_CYAN))==0) error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Grammars]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" The grammar of a language consists of a set of rules that"
       " specify precisely what descendent nodes each nonterminal"
       " may have. Since the rules can be used to produce sentences,"
       "they are known as production rules.");
 press_a_key(6);
 wslide(0,0);
 short_delay();
 if((w[2]=wopen(5,20,18,60,3,WHITEl_BLACK,BLACK|_CYAN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Grammars]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" The grammar corresponding to the parse tree that we have"
    " shown to you is given below:");
 wputs("\n Sentence ::= Subject Predicate");
 wputs("\n Subject ::= Article Noun");
 wputs("\n Predicate ::= Verb Object");
 wputs("\n Object ::= Article Noun");
 wputs('\n Article ::= the");
```

```
wputs("\n Noun ::= dog");
wputs('\n
          Noun := cat'');
wputs("\n Verb
                ::= chases");
press a key(11);
wslide(9,0);
short delay();
if((w[3]=wopen(5,20,13,59,3,WHITEl_BLACK,REDl_CYAN))==0) error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Granunars]",TCENTER,_LGREYIBROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
wputsw(" The ::= symbol indicates that, on a parse tree, the item on"
       "the right as descendents. One symbol on the left of a ::="
       " will appear as the root of the parse tree. This symbol is"
       "refered to as the start symbol.");
press_a_key(6);
wslide(0,40);
short delay();
if((w[4]=wopen(5,20,21,60,3,WHITE|_BLACK,BLACK|CYAN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Grammars]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
wputsw(" The rules of the grammar can be used to generate all possible"
        "sentences of the language. In our example, since the only"
        "possible terminal symbols are 'the', 'dog', 'cat', and"
        " 'chases', there are only four possible parse trees. They"
        " correspond to the following sentences:");
wputs("\n
          The dog chases the cat");
wputs("\n
          The dog chases the dog");
wputs("\n The cat chases the dog");
wputs("\n The cat chases the cat\n");
wputsw(" These sentences are the entire language defined by this"
        " grammar.");
press_a_key(14);
```

```
wslide(9,39);
 short delay();
 if((w[5]=wopen(5,15,15,65,3,WHITEl_BLACK,WHITEl_BLUE))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Grammars]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" Another way to use the rules is to analyze a sentence to see"
       " if it is a syntactically correct sentence in the language."
       "This is done by using the rules to attempt to generate a"
       " parse tree whose terminal symbols are the sentence. If such"
      " a tree can be constructed, the sentence is part of the"
      "language. The analysis of the sentence in this way is called"
      " parsing.");
 press_a_key(8);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 backus();
1
/* This routine talks about Backus-Naur Form.
static void backus(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the grammar() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P3,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the ex_lang_2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P5,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,20,15,60,3,WHITEl_BLACK,REDl_CYAN))==0) error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Backus-Naur Form]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
```

```
whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
wputsw(" Computer scientists use grammars to give formal definitions"
       " to programming languages. The formal definitions specify the"
       " 'legal' statements that are part of a program written in a"
       " given language. But computer scientists need a language to"
      " define programming languages.");
press_a_key(8);
wslide(0,0);
short delay();
/**********************
if((w[2]=wopen(5,20,13,60,3,WHITEI\_BLACK,WHITEI\_MAGENTA))==0)
        error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Backus-Naur Form]", TCENTER, LGREY|BROWN);
add shadow();
whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
wputsw(" A language used to describe other languages is called a"
       " 'metalanguage'. Probably the most common metalanguage used"
       " by computer scientists to define programming languages is"
       "known as 'Backus-Naur Form', abbriviated BNF.");
press_a_key(6);
wslide(0.40);
short delay();
if((w[3]=wopen(5,10,14,65,3,WHITEl_BLACK,BLACK|_CYAN))==0)
        error_exit(1);
wtitle("[Grammars]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
add_shadow();
whelpcat(H WINTITLE);
wputsw(" For example, the BNF specification of a grammar for simple"
        " arithmatic expression may appear as:");
wputs("\n <Expression> ::= <Expression> <Operator> <Expression>");
               | (<Expression>) ");
wputs("
wputs("\n
                 | - <Expression>) ");
wputs("\n
                 10111213141516171819");
wputs("\n < Operator> ::= +|-|*|/|^{n}");
press_a_key(7);
```

```
wslide(9,0);
 short delay();
 if((w[4]=wopen(5,10,19,65,3,WHITEl\_CYAN,REDl\_BLACK))==0) error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Grammars]",TCENTER, LGREYIBROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" In this grammar, the nonterminal symbols are <Expression>"
        " and <Operator>. <Expression> is the start symbol. The terminal"
       " symbols are ");
 wputs("n 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, +, *, /, ^, (, and ). n");
 wputsw(" Note that the definition of this language is recursive"
       "because <Expression> is defined in terms of itself.");
 wputs("\n The symbols of BNF are:");
 wputs("\n ::= 'is defined as'");
 wputs("\n | 'or'");
 wputs("\n <> 'syntactic category name'");
 press_a_key(12);
 short_delay();
 wcloseall();
 ex_lang_2();
/* This routine gives an example for Backus-Naur Form
/***************************
static void ex lang 2 (void)
 /**********************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the backus() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P4,0);
 /*********************
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the final cut() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P10,0);
```

```
if((w[2]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,WHITE|\_BLACK,WHITE|\_LGREY))==0)
       error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Binary Search Trees - Example_4_1]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add_shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" Let's illustrate this grammar with an example ?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"examp472.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 final_cut();
/* This routine finishes the session with language syntax
static void final_cut(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the ex_lang_2() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P5,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exercises() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P6,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,20,12,60,3,WHITEI\_BLACK,WHITEI\_MAGENTA))==0)
        error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Backus-Naur Form]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 add shadow();
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 wputsw(" There is another method of defining a programming language."
       "which is called 'syntax diagrams'. But this method is not"
       " in our scop that's why we will not cover this topic.");
 press_a_key(5);
```

```
short delay();
 wclose();
 exercises():
/* This routine makes a small quiz about the language syntax.
void exercises(void)
 register int *screen;
 /************************
 /* attach [Pageup] to the final_cut() function */
 setonkey(0x4900,P10,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer1() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P7.0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI_GREEN,WHITEI_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Language Syntax]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw(" We have completed our presentation of this section. Are"
      " you ready for a pop quiz?");
 press_a_key(3);
 short_delay();
 wclose();
 if((screen=ssave())==NULL) error_exit(3); {
 exer1();
 /* if mouse exists, turn on full mouse support */
  if(msinit()) {
```

```
mssupport(MS_FULL);
msgotoxy(12,49);
}
srestore(screen);
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.7.1
static void exer1(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the final_cut() function
                             */
 setonkey(0x4900,P10,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer2() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P8,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Language Syntax]",TCENTER,_LGREYIBROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the first question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q471.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer2():
1
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.7.2
                                             */
static void exer2(void)
 */
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer1() function
 setonkey(0x4900,P7,0);
 /* attach [Pagedown] to the exer3() function */
 setonkey(0x5100,P9,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
     error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Language Syntax]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the second question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q472.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 exer3();
```

```
/* Dummy function to call the actual exercise 4.7.3
static void exer3(void)
 /* attach [Pageup] to the exer2() function
                            */
 setonkey(0x4900,P8,0);
 if((w[1]=wopen(5,15,10,65,3,LCYANI\_GREEN,WHITEI\_RED))==0)
      error_exit(1);
 wtitle("[Language Syntax]",TCENTER,_LGREY|BROWN);
 whelpcat(H_WINTITLE);
 add_shadow();
 wputs("\n");
 wputsw("
         Here is the third question. ");
 press_a_key(3);
 wclose();
 spawnl(P_WAIT,"q473.exe",NULL);
 cclrscm(LGREYI_BLUE);
 normal_exit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : examp471.c

AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN

DATE : Apr. 18, 1990

REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990
```

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for a parse tree.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                   /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined( ZTC )
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                      attribute
#endif
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
```

```
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                   */
static void init_graph
                 (void);
static void Pause
                (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/*********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /*********************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /**********************
 if(graph_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FIL'L,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
   setfilistyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
```

```
/* This function sets the text default values
                                     */
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0,0,0);
setlinestyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) {
 closegraph();
 videoinit();
 exit(0);
 }
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
exer();
```

```
/* This routine illustrates a parse tree.
                                                          */
void exer()
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-7-1");
 /**********************************
 pieslice(45*x,2*y,0,359,2); /* Sentence
                                 */
 pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* Subject
                                */
 pieslice(65*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* Predicate */
 moveto(25*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,2*y); lineto(65*x,5*y);
 outtextxy(40*x,3*y/2,"sentence");
 outtextxy(16*x,5*y,"subject");
 outtextxy(67*x,5*y,"predicate");
 pieslice(15*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(50*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(70*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 moveto(15*x,10*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,10*y);
 moveto(50*x,10*y); lineto(65*x,5*y); lineto(70*x,10*y):
 outtextxy(6*x,10*y,"article");
 outtextxy(37*x,10*y,"noun");
 outtextxy(52*x,10*y,"verb");
 outtextxy(72*x,10*y,"coject");
 /*******************
 pieslice(60*x,13*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(80*x,13*y,0,359,2);
 moveto(60*x,13*y); lineto(70*x,10*y); lineto(80*x,13*y);
 outtextxy(62*x,13*y,"article");
 outtextxy(82*x,13*y,"noun");
  /*******************
```

```
pieslice(15*x,16*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(35*x,16*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(50*x,16*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(60*x,16*y,0,359,2);
  pieslice(80*x,16*y,0,359,2);
  moveto(15*x,10*y); lineto(15*x,16*y);
  moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,16*y);
  moveto(50*x,10*y); lineto(50*x,16*y);
  moveto(60*x,13*y); lineto(60*x,16*y);
  moveto(80*x,13*y); lineto(80*x,16*y);
  outtextxy(13*x,33*y/2,"The");
  outtextxy(33*x,33*y/2,"dog");
  outtextxy(47*x,33*v/2,"chases");
  outtextxy(58*x,33*y/2,"the");
  outtextxy(78*x,33*y/2,"cat");
  /*********************
   outtextxy(2*x,18*y,"There are two kinds of nodes in the parse tree. One kind rep-
resents the");
    outtextxy(2*x,19*y,"words of the original English sentence. These nodes appear
as the leaves of");
   outtextxy(2*x,20*y,"the tree and are called terminals. The terminals taken in left
to right or-");
   outtextxy(2*x,21*y,"der, form the original English sentence. The other kind repre-
sents grammati-");
    outtextxy(2*x,22*y,"cal categories. These nodes are called nonterminals, or syn-
tactic categories.");
  /****************
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  closegraph();
  videoinit();
}
```

```
/* PROGRAM : examp472.c

AUTHOR : Atilla BAKAN

DATE : Apr. 18, 1990

REVISED : Apr. 18, 1990
```

DESCRIPTION: This routine draws the example graph for backus naur form.

MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo C compiler Version 2.0.

```
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
                                          /* Turbo C */
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                     /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
                                                 /* MSC/QuickC */
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(__ZTC__)
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                        /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
```

```
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                 */
static void init_graph (void);
static void Pause
              (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
               (void);
/* tutorial functions
static void exer
               (void);
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
l
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA\_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
```

```
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /**********************************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph error = graphresult();
 if (graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 /************************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
  ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
   backcolor = BLACK;
   quitcolor = WHITE;
 else [
   setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
   backcolor = BLUE;
   quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE:
```

```
*/
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
settextstyle(0.0.0);
setlincstyle(0,4,3);
settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) {
 closegraph();
 videoinit();
 exit(0);
/* main routine, calls exer routine
()niam bicv
exer();
```

```
*******************
/* This routine illustrates an example of Backus-Naur form.
/**********************************
void exer()
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXAMPLE 4-7-2");
 /***********************
 pieslice(45*x.2*y.0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(25*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(45*x,5*y,0,359,2); /* Operator
 pieslice(65*x.5*y.0,359.2); /* Expression */
 moveto(25*x.5*y); lineto(45*x,2*y); lineto(65*x,5*y);
 moveto(45*x,5*y); lineto(45*x,2*y);
 outtextxy(39*x,3*y/2,"expression");
 outtextxy(12*x,5*y,"expression");
 outtextxy(47*x,5*y,"operator");
 outtextxy(67*x,5*y,"expression");
 /*************************
 pieslice(15*x.10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(25*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 piesiice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(45*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 pieslice(65*x,10*y,0,359,2);
 moveto(15*x,10*y); lineto(25*x,5*y); lineto(35*x,10*y);
 moveto(25*x.10*y); lineto(25*x,5*y);
 moveto(45*x,10*y); lineto(45*x,5*y);
 moveto(65*x,10*y); lineto(65*x,5*y);
 outtextxy(15*x,21*y/2,"(");
 outtextxy(20*x,21*y/2,"expression");
 outtextxv(35*x,21*y/2,")");
 outtextxy(45*x,21*y/2,"-");
```

```
outtextxy(65*x,21*y/2,"1");
pieslice(17*x,13*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(25*x,13*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(33*x,13*y,0,359,2);
moveto(17*x,13*y); lineto(24*x,11*y);
moveto(25*x,13*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
moveto(33*x,13*y); lineto(26*x,11*y);
outtextxy(8*x,27*y/2,"expression");
outtextxy(21*x,27*y/2,"operator");
outtextxy(31*x,27*y/2,"expression");
pieslice(17*x,16*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(25*x,16*y,0,359,2);
pieslice(33*x.16*y.0,359.2);
moveto(17*x,14*y); lineto(17*x,16*y);
moveto(25*x,14*y); lineto(25*x,16*y);
moveto(33*x.14*y); Iineto(33*x.16*y);
outtextxy(17*x,33*y/2,"5");
outtextxy(25*x,33*y/2,"^");
outtextxy(33*x,33*y/2,"2");
outtextxy(8*x,18*y,"The parse tree above shows that the expression");
outtextxy(8*x,19*y,"
                    (5^2 - 1)
outtextxy(8*x,20*y,"is a valid expression in this language. But the expression");
                     5 + ^2 ");
outtextxy(8*x,21*y,"
outtextxy(8*x,22*y,"is not valid in this language. (Why?)");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
closegraph();
videoinit();
```

```
/* PROGRAM : q471.c
  AUTHOR
               : Atilla BAKAN
  DATE
               : Apr. 6, 1990
 REVISED
             : Apr. 6, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the first exercise about the binary
                   trees and traversals.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                   /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) &&!defined(_ZTC_)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a.c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(_ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                       name
```

#define ff_attrib

#endif

attribute

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                    */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                 (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                 (void);
/* tutorial functions
                 */
static void exer
                  (void);
static void reason1
                   (void);
static void reason2
                   (void);
static void reason3
                   (void);
/* miscellaneous global variables
/*********************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
/**********************************
int curr_mode:
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor:
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
**********************
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
/**********************
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/***********************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /*******************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /****************
 if(graph\_error < 0)
 puts(grapherroransg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80:
 y = MaxY/25;
 /********************
 if ((graphmode == CG AIII, || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
    settillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
    backcolor = BLACK;
    quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
    backcolor = BLUE;
    quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_i *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?"):
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
    outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((cn == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,59*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97'y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
  default : break;
   }
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
****************
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
 outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
{
 exer();
/* This routine that asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
                                              */
/* makes necessary explanations
                                                */
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 1");
 outtextxy(18*x,2*y,"Consider the following grammar for expressions.");
 /*********************
 outtextxy(20*x,4*y,"<Expression> ::= <Term> | <Expression> + <Term>");
 outtextxy(20*x,5*y,"<Term> ::= <Operand> | <Term> * <Operand>");
```

```
outtextxy(20*x,6*y,"<Operand> ::= A | B | C");
                                     *************
outtextxy(18*x,12*y,"Which one of the following expressions is illegal");
outtextxy(18*x,13*y,"according to the grammar above?");
outtextxy(20*x,15*y,"a) A");
outtextxy(20*x,16*y,"b) A * B * C + A ");
outtextxy(20*x,17*y,"c) C + B * A");
outtextxy(20*x,18*y,"d) (A * B) + C");
outtextxy(18*x,20*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch();
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))) 
  outtextxy(48*x,20*y," Please type a,b,c, or d");
  Ch = getch();
  if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
  if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c') || (Ch == 'd'))
   setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(50*x,19*y,88*x,21*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
}
switch (Ch)
 case 'a': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"a");
     outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"No, You are wrong! Because");
     outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"A is a legal expression. Look");
     outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"at the following parse tree.");
     outtextxy(55*x,23*y,"(The correct answer is 'd')");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     reason1();
     break;
 case 'b': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"b");
     outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"Sorry, You are wrong! Look");
     outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"at the following parse tree");
     outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"to see why.");
     outtextxy(55*x,23*y,"(The correct answer is 'd')");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     reason2();
```

```
break;
  case 'c': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"c");
      outtextxy(55*x,20*y,"Sorry, You are wrong! Look");
      outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"at the following parse tree");
      outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"to see why.");
      outtextxy(55*x,23*y,"(The correct answer is 'd')");
      Pause(30*x,24*y);
      reason3():
      break:
  case 'd': outtextxy(50*x,20*y,"d");
      outtextxy(55*x,21*y,"Yes. You are right.");
      outtextxy(55*x,22*y,"Congratulations!");
      Pause(30*x,24*y);
      break;
  default : break;
  closegraph();
}
/**********************
/* This routine gives reasoning to the first choice
static void reason1(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                      /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,13*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Term
 pieslice(45*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Operand
 pieslice(45*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* A
 moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
 lineto(45*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,13*y);
 outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"Expression");
 outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"Term");
```

```
outtextxy(46*x,11*y,"Operand");
 outtextxy(45*x,27*y/2,"A");
 outtextxy(4*x,15*y,"As you see A is a legal expression with respect to the this
grammar.");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,13*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
}
/**********************
/* This routine gives reasoning to the second choice
/**********************
static void reason2(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,13*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /*********************
 pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(35*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(45*x,8*y,0,359,2); /*
 pieslice(55*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* Term
 moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
 lineto(55*x,8*y);
 moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
 outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"Expression");
 outtextxy(23*x,8*y,"Expression");
 outtextxy(45*x,17*y/2,"+");
 outtextxy(56*x,8*y,"Term");
 /******************
 pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
  pieslice(55*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
  moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
```

```
moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
outtextxy(29*x,9*y,"Term");
outtextxy(56*x,9*y,"Operand");
pieslice(25*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* * */
pieslice(45*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(55*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* A */
moveto(25*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(45*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
outtextxy(19*x,10*y,"Term");
outtextxy(35*x,21*y/2,"*");
outtextxy(44*x,19*y/2,"Operand");
outtextxy(55*x,21*y/2,"A");
/**********************
pieslice(20*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* * */
pieslice(30*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(45*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* C */
moveto(25*x,10*y); lineto(20*x,11*y);
moveto(25*x,10*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
moveto(25*x,10*y); lineto(30*x,11*y);
moveto(45*x,10*y); lineto(45*x,11*y);
outtextxy(14*x,11*y,"Term");
outtextxy(25*x,23*y/2,"*");
outtextxy(31*x,11*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(45*x,23*y/2,"C");
pieslice(20*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(30*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* B */
moveto(20*x,12*y); lineto(20*x,11*y);
moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(30*x,11*y);
outtextxy(11*x,12*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(30*x,25*y/2,"B");
```

```
/**********************
 pieslice(20*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* A */
 moveto(20*x,12*y); lineto(20*x,13*y);
 outtextxy(20*x,27*y/2,"A");
 /*********************
 outtextxv(4*x,15*y,"As you see we can represent each of the elements in the
                 expression");
 outtextxy(4*x,16*y,"as a terminals. So A*B*C+A is a legal expression.");
 /**********************
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
                   /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,13*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
}
     ************************
/* This routine gives reasoning to the third choice
static void reason3(void)
 setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,13*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /***********************
 pieslice(45*x,7*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(35*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(45*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* +
 pieslice(55*x,8*y,0,359,2); /* Term
 moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(45*x,7*y);
 lineto(55*x,8*y);
 moveto(45*x,7*y); lineto(45*x,8*y);
 outtextxy(46*x,7*y,"Expression");
 outtextxy(23*x,8*y,"Expression");
 outtextxy(45*x,17*y/2,"+");
 outtextxy(56*x,8*y,"Term");
 pieslice(35*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
```

```
pieslice(50*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(55*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* *
pieslice(60*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
moveto(35*x,8*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(55*x,9*y);
moveto(55*x,8*y); lineto(60*x,9*y);
outtextxy(29*x,9*y,"Term");
outtextxy(44*x,9*y,"Term");
outtextxy(55*x,19*y/2,"*");
outtextxy(61*x,9*y,"Operand");
/********************
pieslice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(50*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(60*x, 10*y, 0, 359, 2); /* A
moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,9*y);
moveto(50*x,10*y); lineto(50*x,9*y);
moveto(60*x,10*y); lineto(60*x,9*y);
outtextxy(26*x,10*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(41*x,10*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(60*x,21*y/2,"A");
pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* C */
pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* B */
moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(50*x,10*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
outtextxy(35*x,23*y/2,"C");
outtextxy(50*x,23*y/2,"B");
outtextxy(4*x,15*y,"As you see we can represent each of the elements in the
                   expression");
outtextxy(4*x,16*y,"as a terminals. So C + B * A is a legal expression.");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
                       /* Clean the game field again */
bar(2*x,13*y/2,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

}

```
AUTHOR
            : Atilla BAKAN
 DATE
              : Apr. 6, 1990
 REVISED : Apr. 6, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the second exercise about the
                   language syntax.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
  #include <direct.h>
                                    /* all others */
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find t
  #define ff_name
                       name
#elif defined(__ZTC__)
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
  #define ffblk
                     FIND
  #define ff_name
                       name
  #define ff attrib
                      attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM : q472.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                  */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
               (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                (void);
/* tutorial functions
                */
static void exer
                 (void):
static void step_solution (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
/* miscellaneous global variables
/*****************
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/**********************
/* graphic initialization variables
                                                            */
/*****************
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
*/
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(FGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
 register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT,
 /********************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphniode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
 exit(1);
 }
 /*****************
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 /********************
 /********************
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
    backcolor = BLACK;
    quitcolor = WHITE;
 else {
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
    backcolor = BLUE;
    quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
}
        ***********************
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,22*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur();
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N')))
     outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
    ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
     setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'Y': closegraph();
       videoinit();
       exit(0);
       break;
  case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break;
  case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
       bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
       bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
       setcolor(forecolor);
       break:
  default : break;
  }
 hidecur();
 if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
 chgonkey(kblist); /* restore any hidden hot keys */
/* This function sets the text default values
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0,0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CE,\TER_TEXT);
```

```
/* Equivalent of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
{
 settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<");
 if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
{
 exer();
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
                                           */
/* makes necessary explanations
                                            */
static void exer(void)
 char Ch:
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor);
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 2");
 outtextxy(18*x,2*y,"Consider the following grammar for expressions.");
 outtextxy(20*x,3*y,"<Expression> ::= <Term> | <Expression> + < rerm>");
 outtextxy(20*x,4*y,"<Term> ::= <Operand> | <Term> * <Operand>");
```

```
outtextxy(20*x,5*y,"<Operand> ::= A | B | C");
outtextxy(14*x,7*y,"Construct the parse tree for the following expression.");
outtextxy(35*x,8*y,"A*B+C*A");
/**********
while (in the exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(15*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, as you need:");
outtextxy(15*x,15*y,"
                         a) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
                         b) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(15*x,16*y,"
outtextxy(15*x,17*y," c) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch ():
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c'))) {
   outtextxy(48*x,18*y," Please type a, b, or c");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c')) {
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,35*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
    }
   switch (Ch)
   case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"a");
     outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
     outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"key to see it.");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     compare_solutions();
     break;
   case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"b");
     outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see step by step");
```

```
outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"continue.");
     Pause(30*x,24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     step_solution();
     break;
   case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"c");
     confirm_exit();
     break;
   default : break:
   1
 closegraph();
}
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
/**********************
static void compare_solutions(void)
  setcolor(backcolor);
                       /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,33*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
  /*********************
  pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
  pieslice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
  pieslice(45*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* +
  pieslice(55*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Term
                                     */
  moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
  lineto(55*x,10*y);
  moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,10*y);
  outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"Expression");
  outtextxy(23*x,10*y,"Expression");
  outtextxy(45*x,21*y/2,"+");
```

```
outtextxy(56*x,10*y,"Term");
   ********************
pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* * */
pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
outtextxy(29*x,11*y,"Term");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"Term");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"*");
outtextxy(61*x,11*y,"Operand");
pieslice(30*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(35*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* *
pieslice(40*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(50*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(60*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* A */
moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(40*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(50*x,12*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(60*x,12*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
outtextxy(24*x,12*y,"Terra");
outtextxy(35*x,25*y/2,"*");
outtextxy(39*x,23*y/2,"Operand");
outtextxy(51*x,12*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(60*x,25*y/2,"A");
pieslice(30*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(40*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* B
pieslice(50*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(30*x,13*y);
moveto(40*x,12*y); lineto(40*x,13*y);
```

```
moveto(50*x,12*y); lineto(50*x,13*y);
 outtextxy(21*x,13*y,"Operand");
 outtextxy(40*x,27*y/2,"B");
 outtextxy(50*x,27*y/2,"C");
 /**********************
 pieslice(30*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* A */
 moveto(30*x,14*y); lineto(30*x,13*y);
 outtextxy(30*x,29*y/2,"A");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor);
                    /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,33*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
}
        ************************
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
/*********************
static void step_solution(void)
 setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,33*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor):
 /*****************
 pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"Expression");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 pieslice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(45*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* +
 pieslice(55*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Term
 moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
 lineto(55*x,10*y);
 moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,10*y);
 outtextxy(23*x,10*y,"Expression");
 outtextxy(45*x,21*y/2,"+");
```

```
outtextxy(56*x,10*y,"Term");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
pieslice(35*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(55*x,11*v,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(50*x,11*y,0,359.2); /* * */
pieslice(60*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
outtextxy(29*x,11*y,"Term");
outtextxy(44*x,11*y,"Term");
outtextxy(55*x,23*y/2,"*");
outtextxy(61*x,11*y,"Operand");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
/*******************
pieslice(30*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(35*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* *
pieslice(40*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(50*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(60*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* A */
moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(40*x,12*y); lineto(35*x,11*y);
moveto(50*x,12*y); lineto(50*x,11*y);
moveto(60*x,12*y); lineto(60*x,11*y);
outtextxy(24*x,12*y,"Term");
outtextxy(35*x,25*y/2,"*");
outtextxy(39*x,23*y/2,"Operand");
outtextxy(51*x,12*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(60*x,25*y/2,"A");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
/*****************
pieslice(30*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(40*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* B */
```

```
pieslice(50*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
  moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(30*x,13*y);
  moveto(40*x,12*y); lineto(40*x,13*y);
  moveto(50*x,12*y); lineto(50*x,13*y);
  outtextxy(21*x,13*y,"Operand");
  outtextxy(40*x,27*y/2,"B");
  outtextxy(50^{+}x,27^{+}y/2,"C");
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  /********************
  pieslice(30*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* A */
  moveto(30*x,14*y); lineto(30*x,13*y);
  outtextxy(30*x,29*y/2,"A");
  /********************
  Pause(30*x,24*y);
  setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field again */
  bar(2*x,33*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
  setcolor(forecolor);
/**********************
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
 outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You wanted to exit. ");
 outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"Are you sure?");
 outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Type y or n --->");
 ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
    outtextxy(53*x,22*y," Please type y or n");
    ch = getch();
    if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,21*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
    setcolor(forecolor);
  }
```

```
switch (ch) {
  case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
      break;
  case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
      break;

case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
      setcolor(forecolor);
      break;

case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
      setcolor(forecolor);
      break;

default : break;
}
```

```
: Atilla BAKAN
 AUTHOR
              : Apr. 7, 1990
 DATE
 REVISED
             : Apr. 7, 1990
 DESCRIPTION: This program contains the third exercise about the
                  language syntax.
 MACHINE/COMPILER: This program is written with IBM pc by using Turbo
                           C compiler Version 2.0.
*/
/* header files */
#include <graphics.h>
#include "cxldef.h"
#include "cxlkey.h"
#include "cxlmou.h"
#if defined(__TURBOC__)
                                          /* Turbo C */
  #include <dir.h>
#else
                                     /* all others */
  #include <direct.h>
#endif
#if defined(M_I86) && !defined(_ZTC__)
                                                /* MSC/QuickC */
  #define bioskey(a)
                       _bios_keybrd(a)
  #define findfirst(a,b,c) _dos_findfirst(a,c,b)
  #define findnext(a)
                       _dos_findnext(a)
  #define ffblk
                     find_t
  #define ff_name
                       name
                                       /* Zortech C/C++ */
#elif defined( ZTC__)
  #define ffblk
                      FIND
  #define ff_name
                        name
  #define ff_attrib
                       attribute
#endif
```

/* PROGRAM: q473.c

```
#define _GRAPH_T_DEFINED
/* function prototypes */
/* Utility functions
                       */
static void init_graph (void);
static void confirm_graph_exit (void);
static void Pause
                   (int i, int j);
static void register_drivers (void);
extern void settext
                    (void);
/* tutorial functions
                    */
static void exer
                     (void);
static void example
                       (void);
static void show_alg
                       (void);
static void step_solution
                        (void);
static void compare_solutions (void);
static void confirm_exit
                        (void);
|******************
/* miscellaneous global variables
int in_the_exercise = 1;
/* graphic initialization variables
int curr_mode;
int graphdriver;
int graphmode;
int graph_error;
int backcolor;
int forecolor;
int quitcolor;
int x, y, MaxX, MaxY;
```

```
/* This function is used for including drivers to the executable code
static void register_drivers(void)
 if(registerbgidriver(CGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(EGAVGA_driver) < 0) exit(1);
 if(registerbgidriver(ATT_driver) < 0) exit(1);
/***********************
/* This fuction initializes the necessary graphical routines
/************************
static void init_graph(void)
 int xasp, yasp;
register_drivers();
 graphdriver = DETECT;
 /*****************************
 initgraph(&graphdriver,&graphmode,"");
 graph_error = graphresult();
 /***********************
 if(graph\_error < 0){
 puts(grapherrormsg(graph_error));
exit(1);
 }
 MaxX = getmaxx();
 MaxY = getmaxy();
 x = MaxX/80;
 y = MaxY/25;
 settext();
 if ((graphmode == CGAHI) || (graphmode == MCGAMED) || (graphmode ==
```

```
ATT400MED) || (graphmode == MCGAHI) || (graphmode == ATT400HI)) {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLACK);
     backcolor = BLACK;
     quitcolor = WHITE;
  else {
     setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL,BLUE);
     backcolor = BLUE;
     quitcolor = RED;
 forecolor = WHITE;
static void confirm_graph_exit(void)
  struct _onkey_t *kblist;
  char ch;
  setcolor(backcolor);
  bar(3*x/2,23*y,179*x/2,97*y/4);
  setcolor(quitcolor);
  kblist=chgonkey(NULL); /* hide any existing hot keys */
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) mshidecur():
  outtextxy(3*x/2,24*y,"Quit! Are you sure (y/n)?");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) 
      outtextxy(32*x,24*y," Please type y or n");
      ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') \parallel (ch == 'n') \parallel (ch == 'Y') \parallel (ch == 'N'))
      setcolor(backcolor);
      bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
      setcolor(quitcolor);
   switch (ch)
    case 'y': closegraph();
```

```
videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'Y': closegraph();
        videoinit();
        exit(0);
        break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
        bar(4*x/3,23*y,30*x,97*y/4);
        bar(31*x,23*y,69*x,97*y/4);
        setcolor(forecolor);
        break:
   default : break;
   }
  hidecur();
  if(_mouse&MS_CURS) msshowcur();
  chgonkey(kblist);
                  /* restore any hidden hot keys */
  ********************
/* This function sets the text default values
/****************
static void settext(void)
 settextstyle(0,0.0);
 setlinestyle(0,4,3);
 settextjustify(HORIZ_DIR,CENTER_TEXT);
```

```
*********************
Figurial and of press_a_key function for graphics screen
void Pause(i,j)
int i, j;
1
 settext();
outtextxy(i,j,">>>PRESS A KEY TO CONTINUE...<<<");
if(waitkey()==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
/* main routine, calls exer routine
void main()
exer();
/* This routine asks the question, then depending on the user's answer
                                             */
/* makes necessary explanations
static void exer(void)
 char Ch;
 init_graph();
 setcolor(forecolor):
 bar(0,0,MaxX,MaxY);
 rectangle(x,y,MaxX-x,MaxY-y/2);
 outtextxy(38*x,y/2,"EXERCISE 3");
 outtextxy(18*x,2*y,"Consider the following grammar for expressions.");
 /*********************
 outtextxy(20*x,3*y,"<Expression> ::= <Term> | <Expression> + <Term>");
 outtextxy(20*x,4*y,"<Term> ::= <Operand> | <Term> * <Operand>");
```

```
outtextxy(20*x,5*y,"<Operand> ::= A | B | C");
/***********************
outtextxy(14*x,7*y."Construct the parse tree for the following expression.");
outtextxy(35*x,8*y,"B+B+C+A");
·***************
while (in_the_exercise == 1) {
outtextxy(14*x,14*y,"Choose one of the following, as you need:");
outtextxy(14*x,15*y," a) I'm done, I want to compare my solution with yours.");
outtextxy(14*x,16*y," b) I want to see step by step solution.");
outtextxy(14*x,17*y," c) This is enough for me, I want to exit.");
outtextxy(15*x,18*y,"Enter your choice here --->");
Ch = getch():
if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
 while (!((Ch == 'a') || (Ch == 'b') || (Ch == 'c'))) {|}
   outte txy(48*x,18*y," Please type a, b, or c");
   Ch = getch();
   if(Ch==ESC) confirm_graph_exit();
   if((Ch == 'a') \parallel (Ch == 'b') \parallel (Ch == 'c')) 
   setcolor(backcolor);
   bar(50*x,35*y/2,88*x,20*y);
   setcolor(forecolor);
   }
   switch (Ch)
  case 'a': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"a");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to compare your solu-");
    outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"tion with ours. So press any ");
    outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"key to see it.");
    Pause(30*x,24*y);
    setcolor(backcolor);
    bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
    setcolor(forecolor);
    compare_solutions();
    break:
  case 'b': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"b");
    outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You want to see step by step")
```

```
outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"solution. So press any key to ");
     outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"continue.");
     Pause(30*x.24*y);
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
     setcolor(forecolor);
     step_solution();
     break;
   case 'c': outtextxy(47*x,18*y,"c");
     conf.rm_exit();
     break;
   default : break;
 closegraph();
       **************
/* This routine gives the solution to the exercise to be compared.
s.atic void compare_solutions(void)
 setcolor(backcolor);
                       /* Clean the game field */
 bar(2*x,33*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
  pieslice(45*x,9*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 pieslice(45*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /* +
 pieslice(55*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Term
 moveto(35*x.10*y); lineto(45*x.9*y);
 lineto(55*x,10*y);
 moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,19*y/2);
 outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"Expression");
  outtextxy(22*x,10*y,"Expression");
```

```
outtextxy(45*x,10*y,"+");
outtextxy(56*x,10*y,"Term");
pieslice(25*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
pieslice(35*x,21*y/2,0,359,2); /*
                                   */
pieslice(45*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Term
                                    */
pieslice(55*x,11*y,0,359,2); /* Operand
                                     */
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,10*y);
lineto(45*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,21*y/2);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
outtextxy(12*x,11*y,"Expression");
outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(35*x,11*y,"+");
outtextxy(46*x,11*y,"Term");
/****************************
pieslice(20*x.12*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
pieslice(25*x,23*y/2,0,359,2); /* +
pieslice(30*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Term
pieslice(45*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Operand
pieslice(55*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* A
moveto(20*x,12*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
lineto(30*x,12*y):
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,23*y/2);
moveto(45*x,11*y); Iineto(45*x,12*y);
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,12*y);
outtextxy(7*x,12*y,"Expression");
outtextxy(46*x,12*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(25*x,12*y,"+");
outtextxy(31*x,12*y,"Term");
outtextxy(55*x,25*y/2,"A");
pieslice(20*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(30*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(45*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
moveto(20*x.12*y); lineto(20*x.13*y);
```

```
moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(30*x,13*y);
 moveto(45*x,12*y); lineto(45*x,13*y);
 outtextxy(31*x,13*y,"Operand");
 outtentxy(14*x,13*y,"Term");
 outtextxy(45*x,27*y/2,"C");
 pieslice(20*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
 pieslice(30*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* B */
 moveto(20*x,13*y); lineto(20*x,14*y);
 moveto(30*x,13*y); lineto(30*x,14*y);
 outtextxy(11*x,14*y,"Operand");
 outtextxy(30*x,29*y/2,"B");
 pieslice(20*x,15*y,0,359,2); /* B */
 moveto(20*x,15*y); lineto(20*x,14*y);
 outtextxy(20*x,31*y/2,"B");
 /**********************
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
 setcolor(backcolor); /* Clean the game field again */
 bar(2*x,33*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
/* This routine gives the step by step solution to the exercise
/****************************
static void step_solution(void)
                   /* Clean the game field */
 setcolor(backcolor);
 bar(2*x,33*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
 setcolor(forecolor);
 /************************
 pieslice(45*x.9*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
 outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"Expression");
 Pause(30*x,24*y);
```

```
pieslice(35*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
                                         */
pieslice(45*x,19*y/2,0,359,2); /*
pieslice(55*x,10*y,0,359,2); /* Term
                                          */
moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(45*x,9*y);
lineto(55*x,10*y);
moveto(45*x,9*y); lineto(45*x,19*y/2);
outtextxy(46*x,9*y,"Expression");
outtextxy(22*x,10*y,"Expression");
outtextxy(45*x,10*y,"+");
outtextxy(56*x,10*y,"Term");
Pause(30*x.24*y);
/***********
pieslice(25*x.11*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
pieslice(35*x,21*y/2,0,359,2); /*
                                         */
                                          */
pieslice(45*x.11*y.0.359.2); /* Term
pieslice(55*x.11*y,0,359,2); /* Operand
                                           */
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(35*x,10*y);
lineto(45*x,11*y);
moveto(35*x,10*y); lineto(35*x,21*y/2);
moveto(55*x,10*y); lineto(55*x,11*y);
outtextxy(12*x,11*y,"Expression");
outtextxy(56*x,11*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(35*x,11*y,"+");
outtextxy(46*x,11*y,"Tenn");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
pieslice(20*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Expression */
pieslice(25*x,23*y/2,0,359,2); /*
                                         */
pieslice(30*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Term
                                          */
pieslice(45*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* Operand
                                           */
pieslice(55*x,12*y,0,359,2); /* A
                                         */
moveto(20*x,12*y); lineto(25*x,11*y);
lineto(30*x,12*y);
moveto(25*x,11*y); lineto(25*x,23*y/2);
moveto(45*x,11*y); lineto(45*x,12*y);
moveto(55*x,11*y); lineto(55*x,12*y);
```

```
outtextxy(7*x,12*y,"Expression");
outtextxy(46*x,12*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(25*x,12*y,"+");
outtextxy(31*x,12*y,"Tem");
outtextxy(55*x,25*y/2,"A");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
pieslice(20*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Term */
pieslice(30*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(45*x,13*y,0,359,2); /* C */
moveto(20*x,12*y); lineto(20*x,13*y);
moveto(30*x,12*y); lineto(30*x,13*y);
moveto(45*x,12*y); lineto(45*x,13*y);
outtextxy(31*x,13*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(14*x,13*y,"Term");
outtextxy(45*x,27*y/2,"C");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
pieslice(20*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* Operand */
pieslice(30*x,14*y,0,359,2); /* B */
moveto(20*x,13*y); lineto(20*x,14*y);
moveto(30*x,13*y); lineto(30*x,14*y);
outtextxy(11*x,14*y,"Operand");
outtextxy(30*x,29*y/2,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
pieslice(20*x,15*y,0,359,2); /* B */
moveto(20*x,15*y); lineto(20*x,14*y);
outtextxy(20*x,31*y/2,"B");
Pause(30*x,24*y);
setcolor(backcolor);
                      /* Clean the game field again */
bar(2*x,33*y/4,179*x/2,49*y/2);
setcolor(forecolor);
```

```
static void confirm_exit(void)
 char ch;
  outtextxy(52*x,18*y,"You wanted to exit.");
  outtextxy(52*x,19*y,"Are you sure?");
  outtextxy(52*x,20*y,"Type y or n --->");
  ch = getch();
  while (!((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))) {
     outtextxy(53*x,22*y," Please type y or n");
     ch = getch();
     if((ch == 'y') || (ch == 'n') || (ch == 'Y') || (ch == 'N'))
     setcolor(backcolor);
     bar(50*x,21*y,179*x/2,49*y/2);
     setcolor(forecolor);
   switch (ch)
   case 'y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'Y': in_the_exercise = 0;
         break;
   case 'n': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   case 'N': setcolor(backcolor);
         bar(46*x,35*y/2,179*x/2,22*y);
         setcolor(forecolor);
         break;
   default : break;
   1
}
```

LIST OF REFERENCES

- 1. Tubb, Gary W., Current Use of Computer in the Teaching of Statistics, pp. 18 20, paper presented at the Computer Science and Statistics Annual Symposium 10th, Gaithersburg, Maryland, 14 April 1977.
- 2. Hallworth, H. J., and Brebner, Ann, Computer Assisted Instruction in Schools Achievements, Present Developments and Projections for the Future, Calgory University (Alberta), sponsored by the Alberta Department of Education, Edmonton, Planning and Research Branch, June 1980.
- 3. Hirschbuhl, John J., Blueprint for the Future of Computer-Based Instruction, University of Akron, Akron, Ohio, 1977.
- 4. Harrod, Norma and Ruggles, Marilyn, Computer Assisted Instruction: An Educational Tool, Focus on Exceptional Children, Vol. 16, No. 1, September 1983.
- 5. Office of Naval Research Tech. Memo No. 17, Current Research Development in Computer Assisted Instruction, pp. 2, by D. N. Hansen.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Buake, R. L., CAI Sourcebook, Prentice Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey 1982.

Dean C. and Whitlock Q., A Handbook of Computer Based Training, Nichols Publishing Company, New York, 1983.

Dossey, J. A., Otto, A. D., Spence, L. E., and Eynden, C.V., *Discrete Mathematics*, Scott Foresman and Company, Glenview, Illinois, 1987.

Gibbons, A., Algorithmic Graph Theory, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1984.

Kolman, B. and Busby, R. C., Discrete Mathematical Structures for Computer Science, Prentice Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1984.

Skvarcius, R. and Robinson, W. B., Discrete Mathematics with Computer Science Applications, The Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Company, Inc., Menlo Park, California, 1986.

Stevens, R. T., Graphics Programming in C, M&T Publishing, Inc., Redwood City, California, 1988.

Tutte, W. T., Graph Theory, Encyclopedia of Mathematics and Its Applications Volume 21, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Menlo Park, California, 1984.

Walther, H., Ten Applications of Graph Theory, D. Reidel Publishing Company, Hingham, MA. 1984.

INITIAL DISTRIBUTION LIST

		No. Copies
1.	Defense Technical Information Center	2
	Cameron Station	
	Alexandria, Virginia 22304-6145	
2.	Library, Code 0142	2
	Naval Postgraduate School	
	Monterey, California 93943	
3.	Department Chairman, Code CS/Mz	1
	Department of Computer Science	
	Naval Postgraduate School	
	Monterey, California 93943	
4.	Prof. Mantak Shing, Code CS/Sh	1
	Department of Computer Science	
	Naval Postgraduate School	
	Monterey, California 93943	
5.	Prof. Kim Hefner, Code MA/Hk	1
	Department of Mathematics	
	Naval Postgraduate School	
	Monterey, California 93943	
6.	Ltjg. Atilla Bakan	4
	Topcular mah. Necipokaner sok. 5/5	
	Rami Istanbul Turkey	
7.	Ltjg. Yavuz Bas	4
	Pazarbasi mah. Simsek sok. 9/17	
	Hekudar Istanbul Turkey	

8.	Deniz Harp Okulu Kutuphanesi	2
	Deniz Harp Okulu Komutanligi	
	Tuzla Istanbul Turkey	
9.	Kara Harp Okulu Kutuphanesi	2
	Kara Harp Okulu Komutanligi	
	Bakanliklar Ankara Turkey	
10	Hava Harp Okulu Kutuphanesi	2
	Hava Harp Okulu Komutanligi	
	Yesilyurt Istanbul Turkey	
11	Deniz Lisesi Kutuphanesi	2
	Deniz Lisesi Komutanligi	
	Heybeliada Istanbul Turkey	